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(54) Title: NOVEL SURFACE EXPOSED PROTEINS FROM CHLAMYDIA PNEUMONIAE

(57) Abstract

The invention relates to the identification of members of a gene family from the human respiratory pathogen Chlamydia pneumoniae, encoding surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89–101 kDa and of 56–57 kDa, preferably about 89.6–100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa. The invention relates to the novel DNA sequences, the deduced amino acid sequences of the corresponding proteins and the use of the DNA sequences and the proteins in diagnosis of infections caused by C. pneumoniae, in pathology, in epidemiology, and as vaccine components.

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NOVEL SURFACE EXPOSED PROTEINS FROM CHLAMYDIA PNEUMONIAE

The present invention relates to the identification of members of a gene family from the human respiratory pathogen Chlamydia pneumoniae, encoding surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89-101 kDa and of 56-57 kDa, preferably about 89.6-100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa. The invention relates to the novel DNA sequences, the deduced amino acid sequences of the corresponding proteins and the use of the DNA sequences and the proteins in diagnosis of infections caused by C. pneumoniae, in pathology, in epidemiology, and as vaccine components.

GENERAL BACKGROUND

C. pneumoniae is an obligate intracellular bacteria (Christiansen and Birkelund (1992); Grayston et al. (1986)). 15 It has a cell wall structure as Gram negative bacteria with an outer membrane, a periplasmic space, and a cytoplasmic membrane. It is possible to purify the outer membrane from Gram negative bacteria with the detergent sarkosyl. This fraction is named the 'outer membrane complex (OMC)'(Caldwell et al. (1981)). The COMC (Chlamydia outer membrane complex) 20 of C. pneumoniae contains four groups of proteins: A high molecular weight protein 98 kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE, a double band of the cysteine rich outer membrane protein 2 (Omp2) protein of 62/60 kDa, the major outer membrane protein 25 (MOMP) of 38 kDa, and the low-molecular weight lipo-protein Omp3 of 12 kDa. The Omp2/Omp3 and MOMP proteins are present in COMC from all Chlamydia species, and these genes have been cloned from both C. trachomatis, C. psittaci and C. pneumoniae. However, the gene encoding 98 kDa protein from C. 30 pneumoniae COMC have not been characterized or cloned.

The current state of C. pneumoniae serology and detection

C. pneumoniae is an obligate intra-cellular bacteria belonging to the genus Chlamydia which can be divided into

four species: C. trachomatis, C. pneumoniae, C. psittaci and C.pecorum. Common for the four species is their obligate intra cellular growth, and that they have a biphasic life cycle, with an extracellular infectious particle (the elementary body, EB), and an intercellular replicating form (the reticulate body, RB). In addition the Chlamydia species are characterized by a common lipopolysaccharide (LPS) epitope that is highly immunogenic in human infection. C. trachomatis is causing the human ocular infection (trachoma) and genital infections. C. psittaci is a variable group of 10 animal pathogens where the avian strains can occasionally infect humans and give rise to a severe pneumonia (ornithosis). The first C. pneumoniae isolate was obtained from an eye infection, but it was classified as a non-typable Chlamydia. Under an epidemic outbreak of pneumonia in Finland 15 it was realized that the patients had a positive reaction in the Chlamydia genus specific test, (the lygranum test), and the patients showed a titre increase to the untyped Chlamydia isolates. Similar isolates were obtained in an outbreak of upper respiratory tract infections in Seattle, and the 20 Chlamydia isolates were classified as a new species, Chlamydia pneumoniae (Grayston et al. (1989)). In addition, C. pneumoniae is suggested to be involved in the development of atherosclerotic lesions and for initiating bronchial asthma (Kuo et al. (1995)). These two conditions are thought 25 to be caused by either chronic infections, by a hypersensitivity reaction, or both.

Diagnosis of Chlamydia pneumoniae infections

Diagnosis of acute respiratory tract infection with *C*.

30 pneumoniae is difficult. Cultivation of *C. pneumoniae* from patient samples is insensitive, even when proper tissue culture cells are selected for the isolation. A *C. pneumoniae* specific polymerase chain reaction (PCR) has been developed by Campbell et al.(1992).

Even though Chlamydia pneumoniae has in several studies been detected by this PCR it is debated whether this method is suitable for detection under all clinical situations. The reason for this is, that the cells carrying Chlamydia pneumoniae in acute respiratory infections have not been determined, and that a chronic carrier state is expected but it is unknown in which organs and cells they are present. Furthermore, the PCR test is difficult to perform due to the low yield of these bacteria and due to the presence of 10 inhibitory substances in the patient samples. Therefore, it will be of great value to develop sensitive and specific sero-diagnostics for detecting-both acute and chronic infections. Sero-diagnosis of Chlamydia infections is currently based on either genus specific tests as the Lygranum test and ELISA, measuring the antibodies to LPS, or 15 the more species specific tests where antibodies to purified EBs are measured by microimmuno fluorescence (Micro-IF) (Wang et al. (1970)). However, the micro-IF method is read by microscopy, and in order to ensure correct readings the 20 result must be compared to the results with C. trachomatis used as antigen due to the cross-reacting antibodies to the common LPS epitope. Thus, there exists in the art an urgent need for development of reliable methods for species specific diagnosis of Chlamydia pneumoniae, as has been expressed in 25 Kuo et al. (1995); "..a rapid reliable laboratory test of infection for the clinical laboratory is a major need in the field". Furthermore, the possible involvement of C. pneumoniae in atherosclerosis and bronchial asthma clearly warrants the development of an effective vaccine.

30 DETAILED DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention aims at providing means for efficient diagnosis of infections with *Chlamydia pneumoniae* as well as the development of effective vaccines against infection with this microorganism. The invention thus relates to species specific diagnostic tests for infection in a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said tests being based on

the detection of antibodies against surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89-101 kDa and of 56-57 kDa, preferably of about 89.6-100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa (the range in size of the deduced amino acid sequences was from 100.3 to 89.6 except for Omp13 with the size of 56.1 kDa), or the detection of nucleic acid fragments encoding such proteins or variants or subsequences thereof. The invention further relates to the amino acid sequences of proteins according to the invention, to variants and subsequences thereof, and to nucleic acid fragments encoding 10 these proteins or variants or subsequences thereof. The present invention further relates to antibodies against proteins according to the invention. The invention also relates to the use of nucleic acid fragments and proteins according to the invention in diagnosis of Chlamydia 15 pneumoniae and vaccines against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

Prior to the disclosure of the present invention only a very limited number of genes from C. pneumoniae had been sequenced. These were primarily the genes encoding known C. trachomatis homologues: MOMP, Omp2, Omp3, Kdo-transferase, 20 the heat shock protein genes GroEl/Es and DnaK, a ribonuclease P homologue and a gene encoding a 76 kDa protein of unknown function. The reason why so few genes have been cloned to date is the very low yield of C. pneumoniae which can be obtained after purification from the host cells. After 25 such purification the DNA must be purified from the EBs, and at this step the C. pneumoniae DNA can easily be contaminated with host cell DNA. In addition to these inherent difficulties, it is exceedingly difficult to cultivate C. pneumoniae and use DNA technology to produce expression 30 libraries with very low amounts (few μg) of DNA. It has been known since 1993 (Melgosa et al., 1993) that a 98 kDa protein is present in OMC from C. pneumoniae. Even though the protein bands of 98 kDa was mentioned to be part of the OMC of C. pneumoniae by Melgosa, the gene sequences and thus the 35 deduced amino acid sequences have not been determined. Only

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bands originating from Chlamydia pneumoniae proteins in general separated by SDS-PAGE are describe therein. However, the gene encoding this protein has not been determined before the present invention. Only a very weak or no reaction with patient sera can be observed to the 98 kDa protein (Campbell et al. 1990) and prior to the work of the present inventors it has not been recognized that the 89-101 kDa proteins are surface exposed or that they in fact is immunogenic. In this report it is described that a number of human serum samples reacts with a C. pneumoniae protein that in SDS-PAGE migrate as 98 kDa. The protein was not further characterized and it is therefore not in conflict with the present application.

Halme et al. (1997) described the presence of human T-cell epitopes in *C. pneumoniae* proteins of 92-98 kDa. The proteins were eluted from SDS-PAGE of total chlamydia proteins but the identity of the proteins were not determined.

Use of antibodies to screen expression libraries is a well known method to clone fragments of genes encoding antigenic parts of proteins. However, since patient sera do not show a significant reaction with the 98 kDa protein it has not been possible to use patient serum to clone the proteins.

It was known that monoclonal antibodies generated by the
inventors reacted with conformational epitopes on the surface of *C. pneumoniae* and that they also reacted with *C. pneumoniae* OMC by immuno-electron microscopy (Christiansen et al. 1994). Furthermore, the 98 kDa protein is the only unknown protein from the *C. pneumoniae* OMC (Melgosa et al. 1993). The present inventors chose to take an unconventional step in order to clone the gene encoding the hitherto unknown 98 kDa protein: *C. pneumoniae* OMC was purified and the highly immunogenic conformational epitopes were destroyed by SDS-treatment of the antigen before immunization. Thereby an antibody (PAB 150) to less immunogenic linear epitopes was

obtained. This provided the possibility to obtain an

antiserum which could detect the protein, and it was shown that a gene family encoding the 89-101 kDa and 56 proteins according to the invention could be detected in colony blotting of recombinant $E.\ coli.$

Mice infected with *C. pneumoniae* generate antibodies to the proteins identified by the inventors and named Omp4-15, but do not recognize the SDS treated heat denatured antigens normally used for SDS-PAGE and immunoblotting. However, a strong reaction was seen if the antigen was not heat denatured. It is therefore highly likely that if a similar reaction is seen in connection with human infections the antigens of the present invention will be of invaluable use in sero-diagnostic tests and may very likely be used as a

vaccine for the prevention of infections.

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By generating antibodies against COMC from C. pneumoniae a polyclonal antibody (PAB 150) was obtained which reacted with all the proteins. This antibody was used to identify the genes encoding the 89.6-101.3 kDa and 56.1 kDa proteins in an expression library of C. pneumoniae DNA. A problem in 20 connection with the present invention was that a family comprising a number of similar genes were found in C. pneumoniae. Therefore, a large number of different clones were required to identify clusters of fragments. Only because the rabbit antibody generated by the use of SDS-denatured 25 antigens contained antibodies to a high number of different epitopes positioned on different members of the protein family did the inventors succeed in cloning and sequencing four of the genes. One gene was fully sequenced, a second was sequenced except for the distal part and shorter fragments of 30 two additional genes were obtained by this procedure. To obtain the DNA sequence of the additional genes and to search for more members of the gene family long range PCR with primers derived from the sequenced genes, and primers from the genes already published in the database were used. This 35 approach gave rise to the detection of additional eight genes belonging to this family. The genes were situated in two gene

clusters: Omp12,11,10,5,4,13 and 14 in one cluster and Omp6,7,8,9 and 15 in the second. Full sequence was obtained from Omp4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 and 13, and partial sequence of Omp12,14. Omp13 was a truncated gene of 1545 nucleotides. The rest of the full length genes were from 2526 (Omp7) to 2838 (Omp15) nucleotides. The deduced amino acid sequences revealed putative polypeptides of 89.6 to 100.3 kDa, except for Omp13 of 56.1 kDa. Alignment of the deduced amino acid sequences showed a maximum identity of 49% (Omp5/Omp9) when all the sequences were compared. Except for Omp13, the lowest homology was to Omp7 with no more than 34% identity to any of the other amino acid sequences. The scores for Omp13 was from 29-32% to all the other sequences.

In the present context SEQ ID Nos. 1 and 2 correspond to

Omp4, SEQ ID Nos 3 and 4 correspond to Omp5, SEQ ID Nos 5 and

6 correspond to Omp6, SEQ ID Nos 7 and 8 correspond to Omp7,

SEQ ID Nos 9 and 10 correspond to Omp8, SEQ ID Nos 11 and 12

correspond to Omp9, SEQ ID Nos 13 and 14 corresponds to

Omp10, SEQ ID Nos 15 and 16 corresponds to Omp11, SEQ ID Nos

17 and 18 corresponds to Omp12, SEQ ID Nos 19 and 20

corresponds to Omp13, SEQ ID Nos 21 and 22 corresponds to

Omp14, and SEQ ID Nos 23 and 24 corresponds to Omp15.

The estimated size of the Omp proteins of the of the present invention are listed in the following. Omp 4 has a size of 98.9 kDa, Omp5 has an estimated size of 97.2 kDa, Omp6 has an estimated size of 100.3 kDa, Omp7 has an estimated size of 89.7 kDa, Omp8 has an estimated size of 90.0 kDa, Omp9 has an estimated size of 96.7 kDa, Omp10 has an estimated size of 98.4 kDa, Omp11 has an estimated size of 97.6 kDa, Omp13 has an estimated size of 56.1 kDa, Omp 12 and 14 being partial.

Furthermore, SEQ ID No 25 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 3, SEQ ID No 26 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 4, SEQ ID No 27 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 5, SEQ ID No 28 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 6, SEQ ID No 29 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 7, and SEQ ID No 30 is a subsequence of SEQ ID No 8.

Part of the omp proteins were expressed as fusion proteins, and mice polyclonal monospecific antibodies against the proteins were produced. The antibodies reacted with the surface of C. pneumoniae in both immunofluorescence and immunoelectron microscopy. This shows for the first time that the 89-101 kDa and 56-57 kDa protein family in C. pneumoniae comprises surface exposed outer membrane proteins. This important finding leads to the realization that members of the 89-101 kDa and 56-57 kDa C. pneumoniae protein family are good candidates for the development of a sero diagnostic test 10 for C. pneumoniae, as well as the development of a vaccine against infections with C. pneumoniae based on using these proteins. Furthermore, the proteins may be used as epidemiological markers, and polyclonal monospecific sera against the proteins can be used to detect C. pneumoniae in 15 human tissue or detect C. pneumoniae isolates in tissue culture. Also, the genes encoding the 89-101 kDa and 56-57 kDa such as the 89.6-100.3 kDa and 56.1 protein family may be used for the development of a species specific diagnostic test based on nucleic acid detection/amplification. 20

The full length Omp4 was cloned into an expression vector system that allowed expression of the Omp4 polypeptide. This polypeptide was used as antigen for immunization of a rabbit. Since the protein was purified under denaturing condition the antibody did not react with the native surface of C. pneumoniae, but it reacted with a 98 kDa protein in immunoblotting where purified C. pneumoniae EB was used as antigen. Furthermore, the antibody reacted in paraffin embedded sections of lung tissue from experimentally infected mice.

A broad aspect of the present invention relates to a species specific diagnostic test for infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said test comprising detecting in a patient or preferable in a patient sample the presence of antibodies against proteins from the outer membrane of *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said proteins being of a

molecular weight of 89-101 kDa or 56-57 kDa, or detecting the presence of nucleic acid fragments encoding said outer membrane proteins or fragments thereof.

5 In the context of the present application, the term "patient sample" should be taken to mean an amount of serum from a patient, such as a human patient, or an amount of plasma from said patient, or an amount of mucosa from said patient, or an amount of tissue from said patient, or an amount of 10 expectorate, forced sputum or a bronchial aspirate, an amount of urine from said patient, or an amount of cerebrospinal fluid from said patient, or an amount of atherosclerotic lesion from said patient, or an amount of mucosal swaps from said patient, or an amount of cells from a tissue culture 15 originating from said patient, or an amount of material which in any way originates from said patient. The in vivo test in a human according to the present invention includes a skin test known in the art such as an intradermal test, e.g similar to a Mantaux test. In certain patients being very 20 sensitive to the test, such as is often the case with children, he test could be non-invasive, such as a superficial test on the skin, e.g. by use of a plaster

In the present context, the term 89-101 kDa protein means proteins normally present in the outer membrane of *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, which in SDS-PAGE can be observed as one or more bands with an apparent molecular weight substantially in the range of 89-101 kDa. From the deduced amino acid sequences the molecular size varies from 89.6 to 100.3 kDa.

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Within the scope of the present invention are species

30 specific sero-diagnostic tests based on the usage of the
genes belonging to the gene family disclosed in the present
application.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to species specific diagnostic tests according to the invention, wherein the outer membrane proteins have sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

When used in connection with proteins according to the present invention the term "variant" should be understood as a sequence of amino acids which shows a sequence similarity of less than 100% to one of the proteins of the invention. A variant sequence can be of the same size or it can be of a different size as the sequence it is compared to. A variant will typically show a sequence similarity of preferably at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%.

The term "sequence similarity" in connection with sequences

of proteins of the invention means the percentage of
identical and conservatively changed amino acid residues
(with respect to both position and type) in the proteins of
the invention and an aligned protein of equal of different
length. The term "sequence identity" in connection with

sequences of proteins of the invention means the percentage
of identical amino acid with respect to both position and
type in the proteins of the invention and an aligned protein
of equal of different length.

Within the scope of the present invention are subsequences of one of the proteins of the invention, meaning a consecutive stretch of amino acid residues taken from SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24. A subsequence will typically comprise at least 100 amino acids, preferably at least 80 amino acids, more preferably at least 70 amino acids, such as 50 amino acids. It might even be as small as 10-50 amino acids, such as 20-40 amino acids, e.g. about 30 amino acids. A subsequence will typically show a sequence homology of at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more

preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%.

Diagnostic tests according to the invention include immunoassays selected from the group consisting of a direct or indirect EIA such as an ELISA, an immunoblot technique such as a Western blot, a radio immuno assay, and any other non-enzyme linked antibody binding assay or procedure such as a fluorescence, agglutination or precipitation reaction, and nephelometry.

- A preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to species specific diagnostic tests according to the invention, said test comprising an ELISA, wherein antibodies against the proteins of the invention or fragments thereof are detected in samples.
- 15 A preferred embodiment of the invention, is an ELISA based on detection in samples of antibodies against proteins of the invention. The ELISA may use proteins of the invention, or variants thereof, i.e. the antigen, as coating agent. An ELISA will typically be developed according to standard 20 methods well known in the art, such as methods described in "Antibodies; a laboratory manual", Ed. David Lane Harlow, Cold Spring Habor laboratories (1988), which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Recombinant proteins will be produced using DNA sequences

obtained essentially using methods described in the examples below. Such DNA sequences, comprising the entire coding region of each gene in the gene family of the invention, will be cloned into an expression vector from which the deduced protein sequence can be purified. The purified proteins will be analyzed for reactivity in ELISA using both monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies as well as sera from experimentally infected mice and human patient sera.

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From the experimentally infected mice sera it is known that non-linear epitopes are recognized predominantly. Thus, it is contemplated that different forms of purification schemes known in the art will be used to analyze for the presence of discontinuous epitopes, and to analyze whether the human immune response is also directed against such epitopes.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to species specific diagnostic tests according to the invention, wherein the nucleic acid fragments have sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, and SEQ ID NO: 23.

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In connection with nucleic acid fragments according to the

15 present invention the term "variant" should be understood as
a sequence of nucleic acids which shows a sequence homology
of less than 100%. A variant sequence can be of the same size
or it can be of a different size as the sequence it is
compared to. A variant will typically show a sequence

20 homology of at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more
preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least
90%, 95% or 98%.

The term "sequence homology" in connection with nucleic acid fragments of the invention means the percentage of matching nucleic acids (with respect to both position and type) in the nucleic acid fragments of the invention and an aligned nucleic acid fragment of equal or different length.

In order to obtain information concerning the general distribution of each of the genes according to the present invention, PCR will be performed for each gene on all available *C. pneumoniae* isolates. This will provide information on the general variability of the genes or nucleic acid fragments of the invention. Variable regions will be sequenced. From patient samples PCR will be used to

amplify variable parts of the genes for epidemiology. Non-variable parts will be used for amplification by PCR and analyzed for possible use as a diagnostic test. It is contemplated that if variability is discovered, PCR of variable regions can be used for epidemiology. PCR of non-variable regions can be used as a species specific diagnostic test. Using genes encoding proteins known to be invariable in all known isolates prepared as targets for PCR to genes encoding proteins with unknown function.

- Particularly preferred embodiments of the present invention, relate to diagnostic tests according to the invention, wherein detection of nucleic acid fragments is obtained by using nucleic acid amplification, preferably polymerase chain reaction (PCR).
- Within the scope of the present invention is a PCR based test directed at detecting nucleic acid fragments of the invention or variants thereof. A PCR test will typically be developed according to methods well known in the art and will typically comprise a PCR test capable of detecting and differentiating
- between nucleic acid fragments of the invention. Preferred are quantitative competitive PCR tests or nested PCR tests. The PCR test according to the invention will typically be developed according to methods described in detail in EP B 540 588, EP A 586 112, EP A 643 140 OR EP A 669 401, which
- 25 are hereby incorporated by reference.

Within the scope of the present invention are variants and subsequences of one of the nucleic acid fragments of the invention, meaning a consecutive stretch of nucleic acids taken from SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID

- NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23. A variant or subsequence will preferably comprise at least 100 nucleic acids, preferably at least 80 nucleic acids, more preferably at least 70 nucleic acids, such as at least 50 nucleic acids.
- 35 It might even be as small as 10-50 nucleic acids, such as

20-40 nucleic acids, e.g. about 30 nucleic acids. A subsequence will typically show a sequence homology of at least 30%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98%. The shorter the subsequence, the higher the required homology. Accordingly, a subsequence of 100 nucleic acids or lower must show a homology of at least 80%.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to proteins of the invention derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae

10 having amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24 having a sequence similarity of at least 50%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 70%, such as at least 80%, e.g. at least 90%, 95% or 98% and a similar biological function.

By the term "similar biological function" is meant that the protein shows characteristics similar with the proteins

20 derivable from the membrane proteins of Chlamydia pneumoniae.

Such proteins comprise repeated motifs of GGAI (at least 2, preferable at least 3 repeats) and/or conserved positions of tryptophan, (w).

Comparison of the DNA sequences from genes encoding Omp4-15
shows that the overall similarity between the individual
genes ranges between 43-55%. Comparison of the amino acid
sequences of Omp4-15 shows 34-49% identity and 53-64%
similarity. The homology is generally scattered along the
entire length of the deduced amino acids. However, as seen
from figure 8 A - J there are some regions in which the
homology is more pronounced. This is seen in the repeated
sequence where the sequence GGAI is repeated 4-7 times in the
genes. It is interesting that the DNA homology is not
conserved for the sequences encoding the four amino acids
GGAI. This may indicate a functional role of this part of the

protein and indicates that the repeated structure did not occur by a duplication of the gene. In addition to the four amino acid repeats GGAI a region from amino acid 400 to 490 has a higher degree of homology than the rest of the protein, with the conserved sequence FYDPI occurring in all sequences. As further indication of similarity in function the amino acid tryptophan (W) is perfectly conserved at 4-6 localizations in the C-terminal part of the protein.

Since none of the genes and deduced amino acid sequences of 10 the invention are identical the following is within the scope of the present invention; production of monospecific antibodies, the use of said antibodies for characterizing which C. pneumoniae proteins are expressed, the use of said antibodies for characterizing at which time during 15 developmental life cycle said C. pneumoniae proteins are expressed, and the use of said antibodies for characterizing the precise cellular localization of said C. pneumoniae proteins. Also within the scope of the present invention is the use of monospecific antibodies against proteins of the 20 invention for determining which part of said proteins is surface exposed and how proteins in the C. pneumoniae COMC interact with each other.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to

25 polypeptides which comprise subsequences of the proteins of
the invention, said subsequences comprising the sequence
GGAI. Further preferred embodiments of the present invention
relate to polypeptides which comprise subsequences of the
proteins of the invention, said subsequences comprising the

30 sequence FSGE.

Polypeptides according to the invention will typically be of a length of at least 6 amino acids, preferably at least 15 amino acids, preferably at least 20 amino acids, preferably at least 25 amino acids, preferably at least 30 amino acids, preferably at least 35 amino acids, preferably at least 40 amino acids, preferably at least 45 amino acids, preferably

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at least 50 amino acids, preferably at least 55 amino acids, preferably at least 100 amino acids.

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A very important aspect of the present invention relates to nucleic acid fragments of the invention derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae, variants and subsequences thereof.

Another important aspect of the present invention relates to antibodies against the proteins according to the invention, such antibodies including polyclonal monospecific antibodies and monoclonal antibodies against proteins with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to diagnostic kits for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said kits comprising one or more proteins with amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

Another very important aspect of the present invention relates to diagnostic kits for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said kits comprising antibodies against a protein with an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

Antibodies included in a diagnostic kit according to the invention can be polyclonal or monoclonal or a mixture

hereof.

Still another very important aspect of the present invention relates to diagnostic kits for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said kits comprising one or more nucleic acid fragments with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, and SEQ ID NO: 23.

An aspect of the present invention relates to a composition for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae, said composition comprising one or more proteins with amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24.

An important role for the proteins of the invention in prevention of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *C. pneumoniae* is expected. Thus proteins of the invention,

20 including variants and subsequences will be produced, typically by using recombinant techniques, and will then be used as an antigen in immunization of mammals, such as rabbits. Subsequently, the hyper immune sera obtained by the immunization will be analyzed for protection against *C. pneumoniae* infection using a tissue culture assay. In addition it is contemplated that monoclonal antibodies will be produced, typically using standard hybridoma techniques, and analyzed for protection against infection with *C. pneumoniae*.

It is envisioned that particularly interesting and immunogenic epitopes will be found in connection with the proteins of the invention, which will comprise subsequences of said proteins. It is preferred to use polypeptides comprising such subsequences of the proteins of the invention

in immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

An important aspect of the present invention relates to the use of proteins with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24 in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

A preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to the use of proteins according to the invention in an undenatured form, in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

A very important aspect of the present invention relates to the use of proteins with sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, and SEQ ID NO: 24, for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

A preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to the use of proteins according to the invention in an undenatured form, for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

- A very important aspect of the present invention relates to the use of nucleic acid fragments with nucleotide sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO:
- 30 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, and SEQ ID NO: 23 for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

It is envisioned that one type of vaccine against *C*.

pneumoniae will be developed by using gene-gun vaccination of mice. Typically, different genetic constructs containing nucleic acid fragments, combinations of nucleic acid fragments according to the invention will be used in the gene-gun approach. The mice will then subsequently be analyzed for production of both humoral and cellular immune response and for protection against infection with *C*.

pneumoniae after challenge herewith.

In line with this, the invention also relates to the uses of the proteins of the invention as a pharmaceutical (a vaccine) as well as to the uses thereof for the preparation of a vaccine against infections with Chlamydia pneumoniae.

Preparation of vaccines which contain protein sequences as 15 active ingredients is generally well understood in the art, as exemplified by U.S. Patents 4,608,251; 4,601,903; 4,599,231; 4,599,230; 4,596,792; and 4,578,770, all incorporated herein by reference. Typically, such vaccines are prepared as injectables either as liquid solutions or suspen-20 sions; solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid prior to injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified. The active immunogenic ingredient is often mixed with excipients which are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredi-25 ent. Suitable excipients are, for example, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, ethanol, or the like, and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain minor amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, or adjuvants which enhance the effectiveness of the vaccines. 30

The vaccines are conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories and, in some cases, oral formulations. These compositions take the form of

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solutions, suspensions, tablets, pills, capsules, sustained release formulations or powders and contain 10-95% of active ingredient, preferably 25-70%, and optionally a suitable carrier.

The protein sequences may be formulated into the vaccine as 5 neutral or salt forms known in the art. The vaccines are administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as will be therapeutically effective and immunogenic. The quantity to be administered depends on the subject to be treated. Suitable dosage ranges 10 are of the order of several hundred micrograms active ingredient per vaccination with a preferred range from about 0.1 μg to 1000 μg . The immune response may be enhanced if the vaccine further comprises an adjuvant substance as known in the art. Other possibilities involve the use of 15 immunomodulating substances such as lymphokines (e.g. IFN- γ , IL-2 and IL-12) or synthetic IFN- γ inducers such as poly I:C in combination with the above-mentioned adjuvants.

It is also possible to produce a living vaccine by introducing, into a non-pathogenic microorganism, at least one
nucleic acid fragment encoding a protein fragment or protein
of the invention, and effecting expression of the protein
fragment or the protein on the surface of the microorganism
(e.g. in the form of a fusion protein including a membrane
anchoring part or in the form of a slightly modified protein
or protein fragment carrying a lipidation signal which allows
anchoring in the membrane). The skilled person will know how
to adapt relevant expression systems for this purpose.

Another part of the invention is based on the fact that

recent research have revealed that a DNA fragment cloned in a vector which is non-replicative in eukaryotic cells may be introduced into an animal (including a human being) by e.g. intramuscular injection or percutaneous administration (the so-called "gene gun" approach). The DNA is taken up by e.g.

muscle cells and the gene of interest is expressed by a

promoter which is functioning in eukaryotes, e.g. a viral promoter, and the gene product thereafter stimulates the immune system. These newly discovered methods are reviewed in Ulmer et al., 1993, which hereby is included by reference.

Thus, a nucleic acid fragment encoding a protein or protein of the invention may be used for effecting in vivo expression of antigens, i.e. the nucleic acid fragments may be used in so-called DNA vaccines. Hence, the invention also relates to a vaccine comprising a nucleic acid fragment encoding a protein fragment or a protein of the invention, the vaccine effecting in vivo expression of antigen by an mammal, such as a human, to whom the vaccine has been administered, the amount of expressed antigen being effective to confer substantially increased resistance to infections with Chlamydia pneumoniae in an mammal, such as a human.

The efficacy of such a "DNA vaccine" can possibly be enhanced by administering the gene encoding the expression product together with a DNA fragment encoding a protein which has the capability of modulating an immune response. For instance, a gene encoding lymphokine precursors or lymphokines (e.g. IFN-γ, IL-2, or IL-12) could be administered together with the gene encoding the immunogenic protein fragment or protein, either by administering two separate DNA fragments or by administering both DNA fragments included in the same vector. It is also a possibility to administer DNA fragments comprising a multitude of nucleotide sequences which each encode relevant epitopes of the protein fragments and proteins disclosed herein so as to effect a continuous sensitization of the immune system with a broad spectrum of these epitopes.

The following experimental non-limiting examples are intended to illustrate certain features and embodiments of the invention.

LEGENDS TO FIGURES

- Figure 1. The figure shows electron microscopy of negative stained purified C. pneumoniae EB (A) and purified OMC (B).
- Figure 2. The figure shows silver stained 15% SDS-PAGE of purified EB and OMC. Lane 1, purified C. pneumoniae EB; lane 2, C. pneumoniae OMC; lane 3, purified C. trachomatis EB; and lane 4 C. trachomatis OMC.
- Figure 3. The figure shows immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, transferred to nitrocellulose and 10 reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC.
 - Figure 4. The figure shows coomassie blue stained 7.5% SDS-PAGE of recombinant pEX that were detected by the rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* serum. Arrow indicated the localization of the 117 kDa b-galactosidase protein.
- 15 Figure 5. The figure shows immunoblotting of recombinant pEX colones detected by colony blotting separated by 7.5% SDS-PAGE and transferred to nitrocellulose and reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC. Lane 1, seablue molecular weight standard. Lane 2-6 pEX clones cultivated at 42°C to 20 induce the production of the b-galactosidase fusion proteins.
 - Figure 6. The figure shows sequence strategy for Omp4 and Omp5. Arrows indicates primers used for sequencing.
- Figure 7. *C pneumoniae* omp genes. The genes are arranged in two clusters. In cluster 1 Omp12, 11, 10, 5, 4, 13, and 14 are found. In cluster 2 are found Omp6, 7, 8, 9, and 15.
 - Figure 8 A J. The figure shows alignment of C. pneumoniae Omp4-15, using the program pileup in the GCG package.
 - Figure 9. The figure shows immunofluorescence of \mathcal{C} . pneumoniae infected HeLa, 72 hrs. after infection, reacted

with mouse monospecific anti-serum against pEX3-36 fusion protein. pEX3-36 is a part of the Omp5 gene.

Figure 10. The figure shows immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB, lane 1-3 heated to 100°C in SDS-sample buffer, lane 4-6 unheated. Lane 1 reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC; lane 2 and 4 pre-serum; lane 3 and 5 polyclonal rabbit anti pEX1-1 fusion protein; lane 6 MAb 26.1.

Figure 11. The figure shows immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB, lane 1-4 heated to 100oC in SDS-sample buffer, lane 5-6 unheated. Reacted with serum from C57-black mice 14 days after infection with 10⁷ CFU of *C. pneumoniae*. Lane 1 and 5 mouse 1; lane 2 and 6 mouse 2; lane 3 and 5 mouse 3; and lane 4 and 8 mouse 4.

Figure 12. The figure shows immunohistochemistry analysis of mouse lung tissue with *C. pneumoniae* inclusions present both in the bronchial epithelium and in the lung parenchyma (arrows).

EXAMPLE 1

CEERCEOLO I.

Cloning of the genes encoding the 98/95 kDa C. pneumoniae COMC proteins

Purification of C. pneumonia EBs and COMC

- C. pneumoniae was cultivated in HeLa cells. Cultivation was done according to the specifications of Miyashita and Matsumoto (1992), with the modification that centrifugation of supernatant and of the later precipitate and turbid bottom layer was carried out at 100,000 X g. The microorganism attached to the HeLa cells by 30 minutes of centrifugation at 10 1000 \times g, after which the cells were incubated in RPMI 1640 medium (Gibco BRL, Germany cat No. 51800-27), containing 5% foetal calf serum (FCS, Gibco BRL, Germany Cat No. 10106.169) gentamicin for two hours at 37°C in 5% CO2 atmosphere. The medium was changed to medium that in addition contained 1 mg 15 per ml of cycloheximide. After 48 hours of incubation a coverslip was removed from the cultures and the inclusion was tested with an antibody specific for C. pneumoniae (MAb 26.1) (Christiansen et al. 1994) and a monoclonal antibody specific for the species C. trachomatis (MAb 32.3, Loke diagnostics, 20 $\mathring{\text{A}}$ rhus Denmark) to ensure that no contamination with C. trachomatis had occurred. The HeLa cells were tested by Hoechst stain for Mycoplasma contamination as well as by culture in BEa and BEg medium (Freund et al., 1979). Also the C. pneumoniae stocks were also tested for Mycoplasma 25 contamination by cultivation in BEa and BEg medium. No contamination with C. trachomatis, Mycoplasmas or bacteria were detected in cultures or cells. 72 hours post-infection the monolayer was washed in PBS, the cells were loosened in PBS with a rubber policeman, and the Chlamydia were liberated 30 from the host cell by sonication. The C. pneumoniae EBs and RBs were purified on discontinuous density gradients
- (Miyashita et al. (1992)). The purity of the Chlamydia EBs were verified by negative staining and electronmicroscopy (Figure 1), only particles of a size of 0.3 to 0.5 mm were 35

detected in agreement with the structure of *C. pneumonia* EBs. The purified Chlamydia EBs were subjected to sarkosyl extraction as described by Caldwell et al (1981) with the modification that a brief sonication was used to suspend the COMC. The purified COMC was tested by electronmicroscopy and negative staining (Figure 1), where a folded outer membrane complex was seen.

SDS-PAGE analysis of purified EBs and COMC

The proteins from purified EBs and C. pneumoniae OMC were separated on 15% SDS-polyacrylamide gel, and the gel was silver stained (Figure 2), in lane 1 it is seen that the purified EBs contain major proteins of 100/95 kDa and a protein of 38 kDa, in the purified COMC (lane 2) these two protein groups are also dominant. In addition, proteins with a molecular weight of 62/60 kDa, 55 kDa, and 12 kDa have been enriched in the COMC preparation. When the purified C. pneumoniae EBs are compared to purified C. trachomatis EB (lane 3) it is seen that predominant protein in the C. trachomatis EB is the major outer membrane protein (MOMP), and it is also the dominant band in the COMC preparation of C. trachomatis (lane 4), and Omp2 of 60/62 kDa as well as Omp3 at 12 kDa are seen in the preparation. However, no major bands with a size of 100/95 kDa are detected as in the C. pneumoniae COMC preparation.

25 Production of rabbit polyclonal antibodies against C. pneumoniae COMC

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To ensure production of rabbit antibodies that would recognize all the C. pneumoniae proteins in immuno-blotting and colony-blotting 10 μ g of COMC antigen was dissolved in 20 μ l of SDS sample buffer and thereafter divided into 5 vials. The dissolved antigen was further diluted in one ml of PBS and one ml of Freund incomplete adjuvant (Difco laboratories, USA cat. No. 0639-60-6) and injected into the quadriceps muscle of a New Zealand white rabbit. The rabbit was given

three times intramuscular injections at an interval of one week, and after further three weeks the dissolved COMC protein, diluted in one ml PBS was injected intravenously, and the procedure was repeated two weeks later. Eleven weeks after the beginning of the immunization, the serum was obtained from the rabbit. Purified *C. pneumoniae* EBs were separated by SDS-PAGE, and the proteins were electrotransferred to nitrocellulose membrane. The membrane was blocked and immunostained with the polyclonal COMC antibody (Figure 3). The serum recognized proteins with a size of 100/95, 60 and 38 kDa in the EB preparation. This is in agreement with the sizes of the outer membrane proteins.

Cloning of the COMC proteins

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Due to the cultivation of C. pneumoniae in HeLa cells, contaminating host cell DNA could be present in the EB 15 preparations. Therefore, the purified EB preparations were treated with DNAse to remove contaminating DNA. The C. pneumoniae DNA was then purified by CsCl gradient centrifugation. The C. pneumoniae DNA was partially digested with Sau3A and the fractions containing DNA fragments with a 20 size of approx. 0.5 to 4.0 kb were cloned into the expression vector system pEX (Boehringer, Germany cat. No. 1034 766, 1034 774, 1034 782). The pEX vector system has a eta-galactosidase gene with multiple cloning sites in the 3'end of the eta-galactosidase gene. Expression of the gene is 25 regulated by the PR promoter, so the protein expression can be induced by elevating the temperature from 32 to 42° C. The colonies of recombinant bacteria were transferred to nitrocellulose membranes, and the temperature was increased to 42°C for two hours. The bacteria were lysed by placing the 30 nitrocellulose membranes on filters soaked in 5% SDS. The colonies expressing outer membrane proteins were detected with the polyclonal antibody raised against C. pneumoniae COMC. The positive clones were cultivated in suspension and induced at 42°C for two hours. The protein profile of the 35 clones were analysed by SDS-PAGE, and increases in the size

of the induced b-galactosidase were observed (Figure 4). In addition, the proteins were electrotransferred to nitrocellulose membranes, and the reaction with the polyclonal serum against COMC was confirmed (Figure 5).

5 Sequencing of positive COMC clones

To characterize the pEX clones, the inserted C. pneumoniae DNA was sequenced. The resulting DNA sequences were searched against the prokaryotic sequences in the GenEmbl database. The search identified 6 clones as part of the Omp2 gene, and 2 clones as part of the Omp3 gene, and 2 clones as part of 10 the MOMP gene, indicating that COMC proteins had been successfully cloned. Furthermore, 32 clones were obtained, containing DNA sequences not found in the GenEmbl database. These sequences could, however, be clustered in two contics of 6 and 4 clones, and three clones were identical. In 15 addition 19 clones were found with no overlap to the contics (Figure 7). To obtain more sequence data for the genes, C. . pneumoniae DNA was totally digested with BamHI restriction enzyme, and the fragments were cloned into the vector pBluescript. The ligated DNA was electrotransformed into E. 20 coli XL1-Blue and selected on plates containing Ampicillin. The recombinant bacterial colonies were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane, and colony hybridisation was performed using the inserts of pEX 1-1 clone as a probe. A clone containing a single BamHI fragment of 4.5 kb was found, 25 and the hybridisation to the probe was confirmed by Southern blotting. The insert of the clone was sequenced bi-directionally using synthetic primers for approx. each 300 bp. The sequence of the BamHI fragment made it possible to join the two contics of pEX clones. Totally, together with the pEX clones it was possible to assemble 6.5 kb DNA sequence, encoding two new COMC proteins. (Figure 6)

Additional sequences were obtained by PCR performed on purified *C. pneumoniae* DNA with primers both from the known Omp genes and from other known genes. The obtained PCR

products were sequenced, The sequence organisation is shown in Fig. 7. Additional 8 Omp genes were detected. The alignment of the deduced amino acid sequences are shown in Fig. 8 A and B.

5 Analysis of DNA sequence

The DNA sequence encoding the Omp4-15 proteins with a size of 89.6-100.3 kDa (and for Omp13: 56.1 kDa). Omp4 and Omp5 were transcribed in opposite directions. Downstream Omp4 a possible termination structure was located. The 3'end of the Omp5 gene was not cloned due to the presence of the BamHI 10 restriction enzyme site positioned within the gene. The translated DNA sequence of Omp4 and Omp5 was compared by use of the gap programme in the GCG package (Wisconsin package, version 8.1-UNIX, August 1995, sequence analysis software package). The two genes had an amino acid identity of 41% 15 (similarity 61%), and a possible cleavage site for signal peptidase 1 was present at amino acid 17 in Omp4 and amino acid 25 in Omp5. When the amino acid sequence encoded by two other pEX clones were compared to the sequence of Omp4 and Omp5 they also had amino acid homology to the genes. It is 20 seen that the two clones have homology to the same area in the Omp4 and Omp5 proteins. Consequently, the pEX clones must have originated from two additional genes. Therefore these genes were named Omp6 and Omp7. Similar analyses were performed with the other genes. In contrast to what was seen 25 for Omp4 and 5 none of the other putative omp proteins had a cleavage site for signal peptides.

EXAMPLE 2

Polyclonal monospecific antibodies against pEX fusion proteins and full length recombination + Omp4

To investigate the topology of the Omp4-7 proteins, representative pEX clones, were selected from each gene. The fusion proteins of β -galactosidase/omp were induced, and the

proteins were partially purified as inclusion bodies. Balb/c mice were immunized three times intramuscular with the antigens at an interval of one week, and after six weeks the serum was obtained from the mice. HeLa cells were infected with the C. pneumoniae. 72 hours after the infection the mono-layers were fixed with 3.7% formaldehyde. This treatment makes the outer membrane of the Chlamydia impermeable for antibodies due to the extensive cross-linking of the outer membrane proteins by the formaldehyde. The HeLa cells were 10 permeabilized with 0.2% Triton X100, the monolayers were washed in PBS, then incubated with 20% (v/v) FCS to inactivate free radicals of the formaldehyde. The mice sera were diluted 1:100 PBS with 20% (v/v) FCS and incubated with the monolayers for half an hour. The monolayers were washed in PBS and secondary FITCH conjugated rabbit anti mouse serum 15 was added for half an hour, and the monolayers were washed and mounted. Several of the antibodies reacted strongly with the EBs in the inclusions (Figure 9). In spite of the formaldehyde fixation it could not be excluded that the surface of the EB was changed by the treatments, so that the 20 antibodies could get access to the Omp4-7. Therefore, the reaction was confirmed by immuno-electron microscopy with the antibody raised against clone pEX3-36. Purified EB of C. pneumoniae were absorbed to carbon coated nickel grids. After 25 the absorption the grids were washed with PBS and blocked in 0.5% Ovalbumin dissolved in PBS. The antibodies were diluted 1:100 in the same buffer and incubated for 30 minutes. The grids were washed in PBS. Rabbit anti mouse Ig conjugated with 10nm colloidal gold diluted in PBS containing 1% gelatin was added to the grids for half an hour. The grids were washed in 3 x PBS with 1% gelatin and 3 times in PBS, the grids were contrastained with 0.7% phospho tungstic acid. The grids were analysed in a Jeol 1010 electron microscope at 40 kV. It was seen that the gold particles were covering the surface of the purified EB. Because the C. pneumoniae EBs 35 were not exposed to any detergent or fixation under either the purification or the reaction with antibodies, these

results show that the cloned proteins have surface exposed epitopes.

Polyclonal monospecific antibodies against Omp4

The Omp4 gene was amplified by PCR with primers that contained LIC-sites, and the PCR product was cloned into the pET-30 LIC vector (Novagen). The histidine tagged fusion protein was expressed by induction of the synthesis by IPTG and purified over a nickel column. The purified Omp4 protein was used for immunization of a rabbit (six times, 8 μ g each time).

Use of rabbit polyclonal antibodies to recombinant Omp4 for detection of *Chlamydia pneumoniae* in paraffin embedded sections

The lungs of C. pneumoniae infected mice were obtained three days after intranasal infection. The tissue samples were 15 fixed in 4% formaldehyde, paraffin embedded, sectioned and deparaffinized prior to staining. The sections were incubated with the rabbit serum diluted 1:200 in TBS (150 mM NaCl, 20mM Tris pH 7.5) for 30 min at room temperature. After wash two times in TBS the sections were incubated with the 20 secondary antibody (biotinylated goat anti-rabbit antibodies) diluted 1:300 in TBS, followed by two times wash in TBS. The sections were stained with streptavidin-biotin complex (streptABComplex/AP, Dako) for 30 min washed and developed under microscopic inspection with chromagen + new fuchsin 25 (Vector laboratories). The sections were counter stained with Hematoxylin and analyzed ny microscopy.

Immuno blotting analysis with hyperimmune monospecific rabbit anti-serum

The insert of pEX1-1 clone was amplified by PCR using primers containing LIC sites. The PCR product could therefore be inserted in the pET-32 LIC vector (Novagen, UK cat No. 69076-

1). Thereby the insert sequence of the pEX1-1 clone was expressed in the new vector as a fusion protein, the part of the fusion protein encoded by the pET-32 LIC vector had 6 histidine residues in a row. The expression of the fusion protein was induced in this vector, and the fusion protein could be purified under denaturing condition on a Ni2+ column due to the high affinity of the histidine residues to divalent cations. The purified protein was used for immunization of a New Zealand white rabbit. After 6 times intramuscular and 2 times intravenous immunization the serum 10 was obtained from the rabbit. Purified C. pneumoniae EB was dissolved in SDS-sample buffer. Half of the sample was heated to 100°C in the sample buffer, whereas the other half of the sample was not heated. The samples were separated by SDS-PAGE, and the proteins were transferred to 15 nitrocellulose, the serum was reacted with the strips. With the samples heated to 100°C the serum recognized a high molecular weight band of approximately 98 kDa. This is in agreement with the predicted size of Omp5, of which the 20 pEX1-1 clone is a part, however, when the antibody was reacted to the strip with unheated EB, the pattern was different. Now a band was seen with a size of 75 kDa, in addition weaker bands were observed above the band (Figure 10). These data demonstrate that Omp5 needs boiling in SDS-sample buffer to be fully denatured and migrate with a 25 size as predicted from the gene product. When the samples were not boiled, the protein was not fully denatured and less SDS binds to the protein and it has a more globular structure that will migrate faster in the acrylamide gel. The band pattern looked identical to what was obtained with a 30 monoclonal antibody (MAb 26.1) (lane 6), we earlier have described (Christiansen et al., 1994), reacting with the surface of C. pneumoniae EB, but the antibody do not react with the fully SDS denatured C. pneumoniae EB in 35 immunoblotting.

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Experimental infection of C57 black mice

Due to the realization of the altered migration of the Omp4-7 proteins without boiling, we chose to analyse antibodies against C. pneumoniae EBs after an experimental infection of mice. To obtain antibodies from an infection caused by C. pneumoniae, C57 black mice were inoculated intranasally with 10^7 CFI of C. pneumoniae under a light ether anaesthesia. After 14 days of infection the serum samples were obtained and the lungs were analysed for pathological changes. In two of the mice a severe pneumonia was observed in the lung 10 sections, and in the third mouse only minor changes were observed. The serum from the mice was diluted 1:100 and reacted with purified EBs dissolved in sample buffer with and without boiling. In the preparations that had been heated to 100°C the sera from two of the mice reacted strongly with 15 bands of 60/62 kDa and weaker bands of 55 kDa, but no reaction was observed with proteins of the size of Omp4-7 (Figure 11). However, when the sera were reacted with the preparation that had not been heated they all had a strong reaction with a broad band of an approximate size of 75 kDa. 20 This is in agreement with the size of the Omp4-7 proteins in the unheated preparation. Therefore, it could be concluded that the epitopes of the Omp4-7 proteins recognized by the antibodies after a C. pneumoniae infection were discontinuous epitopes because the full denaturation of the antigen 25 completely destroyed the epitopes. The 75 kDa protein observed in unheated samples is not Omp2 (Shown in immunoblotting with an Omp2 specific antibody)

EXAMPLE 3

Comparison of Omp4-7 of *C. pneumoniae* with putative outer membrane proteins (POMP) of *C. psittaci*

Longbottom et al. (1996) have published partial sequence from 98 to 90 kDa proteins from *C. psittaci*. They have entered the full sequence of 5 genes in this family in the EMBL database.

They have named the genes "putative outer membrane proteins" (POMP) since their precise location was not determined. The family is composed of two genes that are completely identical, and two genes with high homology to these genes.

- They calculated a molecular size of 90 and 91 kDa. The 5th encode a protein of 98 kDa. The sequence of the Omp4-7 proteins of *C. pneumoniae* were compared to the sequences of the *C. Psittaci* POMP proteins with the programme pileup in the GCG package. The amino acid homologies were in the range
- of 51-63%. It is seen that the *C. pneumoniae* Omp4-5 proteins are most related to the 98 kDa POMP protein of *C. psittaci*.

 Interestingly, the 98 kDa *C. psittaci* POMP protein is more related to the *C. pneumoniae* genes than to the other *C. psittaci* genes. The repeated sequences of GGAI were conserved
- in the 98 kDa POMP protein, but only three GGAI repeats were present in the 90 and 91 kDa *C. psittaci* POMP proteins. For *C.psittaci* it has been shown that antibodies to these proteins seem to be protective for the infection.

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 - 13. Wang, S.P., and J.T. Grayston, Am. J. Ophtalmol. 70, 367-374 (1970).
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SEQUENCE LISTING

(1)	GENERAL	INFORMATIC	N
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(i) APPLI	CANT
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- (A) NAME: Svend Birkelund
- (B) STREET: Dept. of Medical Microbiology and Immunology, University of Arhus
- (C) CITY: Arhus C
- (D) STATE OR PROVINCE:
- (E) COUNTRY: Denmark
- (F) POSTAL CODE: 8000
- (ii) TITLE OF THE INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae anti
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 30
- (iv) COMPUTER-READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: FastSEQ for Windows Version 2.0
- (v) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
 - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 3200 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
 - (B) LOCATION: 205...2987
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION:
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

CAATGTCGAA GAGAGCACTA ACCAGGAAAA TTGCGATTTC ATAAACCCAC TTTATTATTA 60
AATTCTTACT TGCGTCATAT AAAATAGAAA ACTCAGAGAG TCAAGATAAA AATTCTTGAC 120
AGCTGTTTTG TCATCTTTAA CTTGATTTAC TTATTTTGTT TCTATATTGA TGCGAATAGT 180
TCTCTAAAAAA ACAAAAGCAT TACC ATG AAG ACT TCG ATT CCT TGG GTT TTA 231
Met Lys Thr Ser Ile Pro Trp Val Leu

5

GTT TCC TCC GTG TTA GCT TTC TCA TGT CAC CTA CAG TCA CTA GCT AAC
Val Ser Ser Val Leu Ala Phe Ser Cys His Leu Gln Ser Leu Ala Asn
10 20 25

GAG Glu	GAA Glu	CTT Leu	TTA Leu	TCA Ser 30	CCT Pro	GAT Asp	GAT Asp	AGC Ser	TTT Phe 35	AAT Asn	GGA Gly	AAT Asn	ATC Ile	GAT Asp 40	TCA Ser		327
GGA Gly	ACG Thr	TTT Phe	ACT Thr 45	CCA Pro	AAA Lys	ACT Thr	TCA Ser	GCC Ala 50	ACA Thr	ACA Thr	TAT Tyr	TCT Ser	CTA Leu 55	ACA Thr	GGA Gly		375
GAT Asp	GTC Val	TTC Phe 60	TTT Phe	TAC Tyr	GAG Glu	CCT Pro	GGA Gly 65	AAA Lys	GGC Gly	ACT Thr	CCC Pro	TTA Leu 70	TCT Ser	GAC Asp	AGT Ser		423
TGT Cys	TTT Phe 75	AAG Lys	CAA Gln	ACC Thr	ACG Thr	GAC Asp 80	AAT Asn	CTT Leu	ACC Thr	TTC Phe	TTG Leu 85	GGG Gly	AAC Asn	GGT Gly	CAT His		471
AGC Ser 90	TTA Leu	ACG Thr	TTT Phe	GGC Gly	TTT Phe 95	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	GCT Ala	GGC Gly	ACT Thr 100	CAT His	GCA Ala	GGT Gly	GCT Ala	GCT Ala 105		519
GCA Ala	TCT Ser	ACA Thr	ACA Thr	GCA Ala 110	AAT Asn	AAG Lys	AAT Asn	CTT Leu	ACC Thr 115	TTC Phe	TCA Ser	GGG Gly	TTT Phe	TCC Ser 120	TTA Leu	/	567
CTG Leu	AGT Ser	TTT Phe	GAT Asp 125	TCC Ser	TCT Ser	CCT Pro	AGC Ser	ACA Thr 130	ACG Thr	GTT Val	ACT Thr	ACA Thr	GGT Gly 135	CAG Gln	GGA Gly	,	615
ACG Thr	CTT Leu	TCC Ser 140	TCA Ser	GCA Ala	GGA Gly	GGC Gly	GTA Val 145	AAT Asn	TTA Leu	GAA Glu	AAT Asn	ATT Ile 150	CGT Arg	AAA Lys	CTT Leu		663
GTA Val	GTT Val 155	GCT Ala	GGG Gly	AAT Asn	TTT Phe	TCT Ser 160	ACT Thr	GCA Ala	GAT Asp	GGT Gly	GGA Gly 165	GCT Ala	ATC Ile	AAA Lys	GGA Gly		711
GCG Ala 170	TCT Ser	TTC Phe	CTT Leu	TTA Leu	ACT Thr 175	GGC Gly	ACT Thr	TCT Ser	GGA Gly	GAT Asp 180	GCT Ala	CTT Leu	TTT Phe	AGT Ser	AAC Asn 185		759
AAC Asn	TCT Ser	TCA Ser	TCA Ser	ACA Thr 190	AAG Lys	GGA Gly	GGA Gly	GCA Ala	ATT Ile 195	GCT Ala	ACT Thr	ACA Thr	GCA Ala	GGC Gly 200	GCT Ala		807
CGC Arg	ATA Ile	GCA Ala	AAT Asn 205	AAC Asn	ACA Thr	GGT Gly	TAT Tyr	GTT Val 210	AGA Arg	TTC Phe	CTA Leu	TCT Ser	AAC Asn 215	ATA Ile	GCG Ala		855
TCT Ser	ACG Thr	TCA Ser 220	GGA Gly	GGC Gly	GCT Ala	ATC Ile	GAT Asp 225	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	GGC Gly	ACG Thr	TCG Ser 230	ATA Ile	CTA Leu	TCG Ser		903
AAC Asn	AAC Asn 235	AAA Lys	TTT Phe	CTA Leu	TAT Tyr	TTT Phe 240	GAA Glu	GGG Gly	AAT Asn	GCA Ala	GCG Ala 245	AAA Lys	ACT Thr	ACT Thr	GGC Gly		951
GGT	GCG	ATC	TGC	AAC	ACC	AAG	GCG	AGT	GGA	TCT	CCT	GAA	CTG	ATA	ATC		999

Gly 250	Ala	Ile	Cys	Asn	Thr 255	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Ser 260	Pro	Glu	Leu	Ile	Ile 265	
TCT Ser	AAC Asn	AAT Asn	AAG Lys	ACT Thr 270	CTG Leu	ATC Ile	TTT Phe	GCT Ala	TCA Ser 275	AAC Asn	GTA Val	GCA Ala	GAA Glu	ACA Thr 280	AGC Ser	1047
GGT Gly	GGC Gly	GCC Ala	ATC Ile 285	CAT His	GCT Ala	AAA Lys	AAG Lys	CTA Leu 290	GCC Ala	CTT Leu	TCC Ser	TCT Ser	GGA Gly 295	GGC Gly	TTT Phe	1095
														GGG Gly		1143
GCT Ala	Ile	Ser	Ile	Asp	Ala	TCA Ser 320	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser	CTT Leu 325	Ser	GCA Ala	GAG Glu	ACA Thr	1191
GGA Gly 330	AAC Asn	ATT Ile	ACC Thr	TTT Phe	GTA Val 335	AGA Arg	AAT Asn	ACC Thr	CTT Leu	ACA Thr 340	ACA Thr	ACC Thr	GGA Gly	AGT Ser	ACC Thr 345	1239
GAT Asp	ACT Thr	CCT Pro	AAA Lys	CGT Arg 350	AAT Asn	GCG Ala	ATC Ile	AAC Asn	ATA Ile 355	GGA Gly	AGT Ser	AAC Asn	GGG Gly	AAA Lys 360	TTC Phe	1287
ACG Thr	GAA Glu	TTA Leu	CGG Arg 365	GCT Ala	GCT Ala	AAA Lys	AAT Asn	CAT His 370	ACA Thr	ATT Ile	TTC Phe	TTC Phe	TAT Tyr 375	GAT Asp	CCC Pro	1335
ATC Ile	ACT Thr	TCA Ser 380	GAA Glu	GGA Gly	ACC Thr	TCA Ser	TCA Ser 385	GAC Asp	GTA Val	TTG Leu	AAG Lys	ATA Ile 390	AAT Asn	AAC Asn	GGC Gly	1383
TCT Ser	GCG Ala 395	GGA Gly	GCT Ala	CTC Leu	AAT Asn	CCA Pro 400	TAT Tyr	CAA Gln	GGA Gly	ACG Thr	ATT Ile 405	CTA Leu	TTT Phe	TCT Ser	GGA Gly	1431
GAA Glu 410	ACC Thr	CTA Leu	ACA Thr	GCA Ala	GAT Asp 415	GAA Glu	CTT Leu	AAA Lys	GTT Val	GCT Ala 420	GAC Asp	AAT Asn	TTA Leu	AAA Lys	TCT Ser 425	1479
TCA Ser	TTC Phe	ACG Thr	CAG Gln	CCA Pro 430	GTC Val	TCC Ser	CTA Leu	TCC Ser	GGA Gly 435	GGA Gly	AAG Lys	TTA Leu	TTG Leu	CTA Leu 440	CAA Gln	1527
AAG Lys	GGA Gly	GTC Val	ACT Thr 445	TTA Leu	GAG Glu	AGC Ser	ACG Thr	AGC Ser 450	TTC Phe	TCT Ser	CAA Gln	GAG Glu	GCC Ala 455	GGT Gly	TCT Ser	1575
CTC Leu	CTC Leu	GGC Gly 460	ATG Met	GAT Asp	TCA Ser	GGA Gly	ACG Thr 465	ACA Thr	TTA Leu	TCA Ser	ACT Thr	ACA Thr 470	GCT Ala	GGG Gly	AGT Ser	1623
ATT Ile	ACA Thr	ATC Ile	ACG Thr	AAC Asn	CTA Leu	GGA Gly	ATC Ile	AAT Asn	GTT Val	GAC Asp	TCC Ser	TTA Leu	GGT Gly	CTT Leu	AAG Lys	1671

38

	475					480					485					
CAG Gln 490	Pro	GTC Val	AGC Ser	CTA Leu	ACA Thr 495	GCA Ala	AAA Lys	GGT Gly	GCT Ala	TCA Ser 500	Asn	AAA Lys	GTG Val	ATC Ile	GTA Val 505	1719
TCT Ser	GGG Gly	AAG Lys	CTC Leu	AAC Asn 510	CTG Leu	ATT	GAT Asp	ATT Ile	GAA Glu 515	GGG Gly	AAC Asn	ATT Ile	TAT Tyr	GAA Glu 520	AGT Ser	1767
CAT His	ATG Met	TTC Phe	AGC Ser 525	CAT	GAC Asp	CAG Gln	CTC Leu	TTC Phe 530	TCT Ser	CTA Leu	TTA Leu	AAA Lys	ATC Ile 535	ACG Thr	GTT Val	1815
GAT Asp	GCT Ala	GAT Asp 540	GTT Val	GAT Asp	ACT Thr	AAC Asn	GTT Val 545	GAC Asp	ATC Ile	AGC Ser	AGC Ser	CTT Leu 550	ATC Ile	CCT Pro	GTT Val	1863
CCT Pro	GCT Ala 555	GAG Glu	GAT Asp	CCT Pro	AAT Asn	TCA Ser 560	GAA Glu	TAC	GGA Gly	TTC Phe	CAA Gln 565	GGA Gly	CAA Gln	TGG Trp	AAT Asn	1911
GTT Val 570	AAT Asn	TGG Trp	ACT Thr	ACG Thr	GAT Asp 575	ACA Thr	GCT Ala	ACA Thr	AAT Asn	ACA Thr 580	AAA Lys	GAG Glu	GCC Ala	ACG Thr	GCA Ala 585	1959
ACT Thr	TGG	ACC Thr	AAA Lys	ACA Thr 590	GGA Gly	TTT Phe	GTT Val	CCC Pro	AGC Ser 595	CCC Pro	GAA Glu	AGA Arg	AAA Lys	TCT Ser 600	GCG Ala	2007
TTA Leu	GTA Val	TGC Cys	AAT Asn 605	ACC Thr	CTA Leu	TGG Trp	GGA Gly	GTC Val 610	TTT Phe	ACT Thr	GAC Asp	ATT Ile	CGC Arg 615	TCT Ser	CTG Leu	2055
CAA Gln	CAG Gln	CTT Leu 620	GTA Val	GAG Glu	ATC Ile	GGC Gly	GCA Ala 625	ACT Thr	GGT Gly	ATG Met	GAA Glu	CAC His 630	AAA Lys	CAA Gln	GGT Gly	2103
TTC Phe	TGG Trp 635	GTT Val	TCC Ser	TCC Ser	ATG Met	ACG Thr 640	AAC Asn	TTC Phe	CTG Leu	CAT His	AAG Lys 645	ACT Thr	GGA Gly	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	2151
AAT Asn 650	CGC Arg	AAA Lys	GGC Gly	TTC Phe	CGT Arg 655	CAT His	ACC Thr	TCT Ser	GGA Gly	GGC Gly 660	TAC Tyr	GTC Val	ATC Ile	GGT Gly	GGA Gly 665	2199
AGT Ser	GCT Ala	CAC His	ACT Thr	CCT Pro 670	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	GAC Asp	CTA Leu	TTT Phe 675	ACC Thr	TTT Phe	GCG Ala	TTC Phe	TGC Cys 680	His	2247
CTC Leu	TTT Phe	GCT Ala	AGA Arg 685	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	GAT Asp	TGT Cys	TTT Phe 690	ATC Ile	GCT Ala	CAC His	AAC Asn	AAC Asn 695	TCT Ser	AGA Arg	2295
ACC Thr	TAC Tyr	GGT Gly 700	GGA Gly	ACT Thr	TTA Leu	TTC Phe	TTC Phe 705	AAG Lys	CAC His	TCT Ser	CAT His	ACC Thr 710	CTA Leu	CAA Gln	CCC Pro	2343

				AGA Arg												2391
				AGG Arg												2439
				GAC Asp 750												2487
				TCT Ser												2535
				TTT												2583
				ATG Met												2631
				TCT Ser												2679
				ATT Ile 830												2727
				ACC Thr												2775
				CCC Pro												2823
				CGC Arg												2871
				AAC Asn												2919
				GAA Glu 910												2967
				CTC Leu			CTAG	ATTG	CT A	AAAC'	rccc	r AG	rtct'	rcta	GGGAG	3022
TTT'	rctc.	ATA (CTTT"	TAGG	GA AZ	TAT	rtgc:	r ati	AGGG	AATG	CTT"	rcct:	rgc :	AAAC	rgtaaa	3082

AAATAACATT TGTCCCTCTT CAAAAAAGAT TTCTTTTAAT AATTTCTAGT TATAATTTA 3142 TTTTTAAAAAC AGTTAAATAA TTAATAGACA ATAATCTATT CTTATTGACT TCTTTTTT 3200

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

1				5					10					15	Phe
			20					25	Glu				2 0	Pro	
		23					40					15	Pro	Lys	
	20					55					60	Phe		Glu	
6.5					70					75	Lys			Thr	0.0
				85					90					Phe 95	Ile
			100					105					110	Asn	
		TTO					120					125		Ser	
	130					135					140			Gly	
7.47					150					155				Phe	2 6 0
				T 6 2					170					Thr	Gly
			T00					185					100	Lys	
		193					200					205		Thr	
	210					215					220			Ala	
227					230					235				Tyr	0.40
				245					250					Thr 255	
			200					265					270	Leu	
		213					280					205	His	Ala	
	230					295					3 0 0			Asn	
vai	Ser	Ser	Ala	Thr	Pro	Lys	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Ile	Asp	Ala	Ser

305					310					315					320
Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser	Leu 325	Ser	Ala	Glu	Thr	Gly 330	Asn	Ile	Thr	Phe	Val 335	Arg
Asn	Thr	Leu	Thr 340	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Thr 345	Asp	Thr	Pro	Lys	Arg 350	Asn	Ala
Ile	Asn	Ile 355	Gly	Ser	Asn	Gly	Lys 360	Phe	Thr	Glu	Leu	Arg 365	Ala	Ala	Lys
	370					375			Ile		380		_		
385					390				Ser	395					400
				405					Glu 410					415	
			420					425	Ser				430		
		435					440		Lys			445			
	450					455			-beu		460				_
465					470				Ile	475					480
				485					Gln 490					495	
			500					505	Ser				510		
		515					520		His			525			
	530					535			Asp		540				
545					550				Pro	555					560
				565					Val 570					575	
			580					585	Thr				590	_	
		595					600		Leu			605			-
	610					615			Gln		620				
625					630				Phe	635					640
				645					Asn 650					655	
			660					665	Ser				670		
		675					680		Leu			685			
	690					695			Thr		700				
705					710				Gln	715					720
				725					Glu 730					735	
			740					745	Phe				750		
мес	GIU	755	His	Tyr	Thr	Ser	Leu 760	Pro	Glu	Ser	Glu	Gly 765	Ser	Trp	Ser

Asn	Glu 770	Cys	Ile	Ala	Gly	Gly 775	Ile	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu 780	Pro	Phe	Val	Leu
Ser 785	Asn	Pro	His	Pro	Leu 790	Phe		Thr	Phe	Ile 795	Pro	Gln	Met	Lys	Val 800
	Met			805					810					815	Asp
	Arg		820					825					830	Pro	
Gly	Ala	Lys 835	Phe	Val	Gln		Asp 840	Ile	Gly	Asp	Ser	Tyr 845	Thr	Tyr	Asp
Leu	Ser 850	Gly	Phe	Phe	Val	Ser 855	Asp	Val	Tyr	Arg	Asn 860	Asn	Pro	Gln	Ser
865	Ala				870					875					880
	Leu			885					890					895	Val
	Asn		900					905					910		
Gly	Ser	Ser 915	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Val 920	Asp	Val	Gly	Thr	Lys 925	Leu	Arg	Phe

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2815 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

ATGAAATCGC	AATTTTCCTG	GTTAGTGCTC	TCTTCGACAT	TGGCATGTTT	TACTAGTTGT	60
TCCACTGTTT	TTGCTGCAAC	TGCTGAAAAT	ATAGGCCCCT	CTGATAGCTT	TGACGGAAGT	120
ACTAACACAG	GCACCTATAC	TCCTAAAAAT	ACGACTACTG	GAATAGACTA	TACTCTGACA	180
GGAGATATAA	CTCTGCAAAA	CCTTGGGGAT	TCGGCAGCTT	TAACGAAGGG	TTGTTTTTCT	240
GACACTACGG	AATCTTTAAG	CTTTGCCGGT	AAGGGGTACT	CACTTTCTTT	TTTAAATATT	300
AAGTCTAGTG	CTGAAGGCGC	AGCACTTTCT	GTTACAACTG	ATAAAAATCT	GTCGCTAACA	360
GGATTTTCGA	GTCTTACTTT	CTTAGCGGCC	CCATCATCGG	TAATCACAAC	CCCCTCAGGA	420
AAAGGTGCAG	TTAAATGTGG	AGGGGATCTT	ACATTTGATA	ACAATGGAAC	TATTTTATTT	480
AAACAAGATT	ACTGTGAGGA	AAATGGCGGA	GCCATTTCTA	CCAAGAATCT	TTCTTTGAAA	540
AACAGCACGG	GATCGATTTC	TTTTGAAGGG	AATAAATCGA	GCGCAACAGG	GAAAAAAGGT	600
GGGGCTATTT	GTGCTACTGG	TACTGTAGAT	ATTACAAATA	ATACGGCTCC	TACCCTCTTC	660
TCGAACAATA	TTGCTGAAGC	TGCAGGTGGA	GCTATAAATA	GCACAGGAAA	CTGTACAATT	720
ACAGGGAATA	CGTCTCTTGT	ATTTTCTGAA	AATAGTGTGA	CAGCGACCGC	AGGAAATGGA	780
GGAGCTCTTT	CTGGAGATGC	CGATGTTACC	ATATCTGGGA	ATCAGAGTGT	AACTTTCTCA	840
GGAAACCAAG	CTGTAGCTAA	TGGCGGAGCC	ATTTATGCTA	AGAAGCTTAC	ACTGGCTTCC	900
GGGGGGGGG	GGGGTATCTC	CTTTTCTAAC	AATATAGTCC	AAGGTACCAC	TGCAGGTAAT	960
GGTGGAGCCA	TTTCTATACT	GGCAGCTGGA	GAGTGTAGTC	TTTCAGCAGA	AGCAGGGGAC	1020
ATTACCTTCA	ATGGGAATGC	CATTGTTGCA	ACTACACCAC	AAACTACAAA	AAGAAATTCT	1080
ATTGACATAG	GATCTACTGC	AAAGATCACG	AATTTACGTG	CAATATCTGG	GCATAGCATC	1140
TTTTTCTACG	ATCCGATTAC	TGCTAATACG	GCTGCGGATT	CTACAGATAC	TTTAAATCTC	1200
AATAAGGCTG	ATGCAGGTAA	TAGTACAGAT	TATAGTGGGT	CGATTGTTTT	TTCTGGTGAA	1260

AAGCTCTCTG	AAGATGAAGC	AAAAGTTGCA	GACAACCTCA	CTTCTACGCT	GAAGCAGCCT	1320
GTAACTCTAA	CTGCAGGAAA	TTTAGTACTT	AAACGTGGTG	TCACTCTCGA	TACGAAAGGC	1380
TTTACTCAGA	CCGCGGGTTC	CTCTGTTATT	ATGGATGCGG	GCACAACGTT	AAAAGCAAGT	1440
ACAGAGGAGG	TCACTTTAAC	AGGTCTTTCC	ATTCCTGTAG	ACTCTTTAGG	CGAGGGTAAG	1500
AAAGTTGTAA	TTGCTGCTTC	TGCAGCAAGT	AAAAATGTAG	CCCTTAGTGG	TCCGATTCTT	1560
CTTTTGGATA	ACCAAGGGAA	TGCTTATGAA	AATCACGACT	TAGGAAAAAC	TCAAGACTTT	1620
TCATTTGTGC	AGCTCTCTGC	TCTGGGTACT	GCAACAACTA	CAGATGTTCC	AGCGGTTCCT	1680
ACAGTAGCAA	CTCCTACGCA	CTATGGGTAT	CAAGGTACTT	GGGGAATGAC	TTGGGTTGAT	1740
GATACCGCAA	GCACTCCAAA	GACTAAGACA	GCGACATTAG	CTTGGACCAA	TACAGGCTAC	1800
CTTCCGAATC	CTGAGCGTCA	AGGACCTTTA	GTTCCTAATA	GCCTTTGGGG	ATCTTTTTCA	1860
GACATCCAAG	CGATTCAAGG	TGTCATAGAG	AGAAGTGCTT	TGACTCTTTG	TTCAGATCGA	1920
GGCTTCTGGG	CTGCGGGAGT	CGCCAATTTC	TTAGATAAAG	ATAAGAAAGG	GGAAAAACGC	1980
AAATACCGTC	ATAAATCTGG	TGGATATGCT	ATCGGAGGTG	CAGCGCAAAC	TTGTTCTGAA	2040
AACTTAATTA	GCTTTGCCTT	TTGCCAACTC	TTTGGTAGCG	ATAAAGATTT	CTTAGTCGCT	2100
AAAAATCATA	CTGATACCTA	TGCAGGAGCC	TTCTATATCC	AACACATTAC	AGAATGTAGT	2160
GGGTTCATAG	GTTGTCTCTT	AGATAAACTT	CCTGGCTCTT	GGAGTCATAA	ACCCCTCGTT	2220
TTAGAAGGGC	AGCTCGCTTA	TAGCCACGTC	AGTAATGATC	TGAAGACAAA	GTATACTGCG	2280
TATCCTGAGG	TGAAAGGTTC	TTGGGGGAAT	AATGCTTTTA	ACATGATGTT	GGGAGCTTCT	2340
TCTCATTCTT	ATCCTGAATA	CCTGCATTGT	TTTGATACCT	ATGCTCCATA	CATCAAACTG	2400
AATCTGACCT	ATATACGTCA	GGACAGCTTC	TCGGAGAAAG	GTACAGAAGG	AAGATCTTTT	2460
GATGACAGCA	ACCTCTTCAA	TTTATCTTTG	CCTATAGGGG	TGAAGTTTGA	GAAGTTCTCT	2520
GATTGTAATG	ACTTTTCTTA	TGATCTGACT	TTATCCTATG	TTCCTGATCT	TATCCGCAAT	2580
GATCCCAAAT	GCACTACAGC	ACTTGTAATC	AGCGGAGCCT	CTTGGGAAAC	TTATGCCAAT	2640
AACTTAGCAC	GACAGGCCTT	GCAAGTGCGT	GCAGGCAGTC	ACTACGCCTT	CTCTCCTATG	2700
TTTGAAGTGC	TCGGCCAGTT	TGTCTTTGAA	GTTCGTGGAT	CCTCACGGAT	TTATAATGTA	2760
GATCTTGGGG	GTAAGTTCCA	ATTCTAGGAG	CGTCTCTCAT	GTCTCAGAAA	TTCTG	2815

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Met 1	Lys	Ser	Gln	Phe 5	Ser	Trp	Leu	Val	Leu 10	Ser	Ser	Thr	Leu	Ala 15	Cys
Phe	Thr	Ser	Cys 20	Ser	Thr	Val	Phe	Ala 25	Ala	Thr	Ala	Glu	Asn 30		Gly
Pro	Ser	Asp 35	Ser	Phe	Asp	Gly	Ser 40	Thr	Asn	Thr	Gly	Thr 45	Tyr	Thr	Pro
Lys	Asn 50	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ile 55	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Thr 60	Gly	Asp	Ile	Thr
Leu 65	Gln	Asn	Leu	Gly	Asp 70	Ser	Ala	Ala	Leu	Thr 75	Lys	Gly	Cys	Phe	Ser 80
Asp	Thr	Thr	Glu	Ser 85	Leu	Ser	Phe	Ala	Gly 90	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Leu 95	Ser
Phe	Leu	Asn	Ile 100	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ala	Glu 105	Gly	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ser 110	Val	Thr
Thr	Asp	Lys 115	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr 120	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ser	Leu 125	Thr	Phe	Leu
Ala	Ala 130	Pro	Ser	Ser	Val	Ile 135	Thr	Thr	Pro	Ser	Gly 140	Lys	Gly	Ala	Val

•	145					150					155			Ile		160
					165					170				Thr	175	Asn
				180					185					Gly 190		_
			195					200					205	Thr		
		210					215					220		Asn		
	A1a 225	Glu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly 230	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ser	Thr 235	Gly	Asn	Cys	Thr	Ile 240
	Thr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ser 245	Leu	Val	Phe	Ser	Glu 250	Asn	Ser	Val	Thr	Ala 255	Thr
				260					265	Asp	Ala			Thr 270	Ile	Ser
			275					280					285	Ala		
		290					295					300		Gly		
	305					310					315			Ala		320
					325					330				Leu	335	
				340					345					Ala 350		
			355					360					365	Thr		
		370					375					380		Phe		
	385					390					395			Leu		400
					405					410				Ser	415	
				420					425					Ala 430		
			435					440					445	Gly		
		450					455					460		Thr		
	465					470					475			Lys		480
					485					490	Ile			Asp	495	Leu
				500					505					Ser 510	Lys	
			212					520					525	Gly		
		230					535					540		Phe		
	Leu 545	Ser	Ala	Leu	Gly	Thr 550	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Asp 555	Val	Pro	Ala	Val	
	Thr	Val	Ala	Thr	Pro 565		His	Tyr	Gly	Tyr 570	Gln	Gly	Thr	Trp		560 Met
	Thr	Trp	Val	Asp 580		Thr	Ala	Ser	Thr 585	Pro	Lys	Thr	Lys	Thr 590	575 Ala	Thr
	Leu	Ala	Trp	Thr	Asn	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Asn	Pro	Glu	Arg	Gln	Gly

WO 98/58953 PCT/DK98/00266

605	
Asp Ile	Gln Ala
Cys Ser	Asp Arg 640
Lys Asp	Lys Lys 655
Tyr Ala 670	Ile Gly
Phe Ala 685	Phe Cys
Lys Asn	His Thr
Thr Glu	Cys Ser 720
Ser Trp	Ser His 735
His Val 750	Ser Asn
Lys Gly 765	Ser Trp
Ser His	Ser Tyr
Tyr Ile	Lys Leu 800
Lys Gly	Thr Glu 815
Ser Leu 830	Pro Ile
Phe Ser 845	Tyr Asp
Asp Pro	Lys Cys
Thr Tyr	Ala Asn 880
Ser His	Tyr Ala 895
Phe Glu 910	Val Arg
Lys Phe 925	Gln Phe
	Lys Gly 765 Ser His Tyr Ile Lys Gly Ser Leu 830 Phe Ser 845 Asp Pro Thr Tyr Ser His Phe Glu 910 Lys Phe

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 3052 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

ATGCGATTTT	CGCTCTGCGG	ATTTCCTCTA	GTTTTTTCTT	TAACATTGCT	CTCAGTCTTC	60
GACACTTCTT	TGAGTGCTAC	TACGATTTCT	TTAACCCCAG	AAGATAGTTT	TCATGGAGAT	120
AGTCAGAATG	CAGAACGTTC	TTATAATGTT	CAAGCTGGGG	ATGTCTATAG	CCTTACTGGT	180

GATGTCTCAA	TATCTAACGI	CGATAACTCT	GCATTAAAT	AAGCCTGCTT	CAATGTGACC	240
TOMOGNAGIO	I GALGITUGU	. AGGAAATCAT	ר עייירטטטטרעט	C Valuation of a constant	ms	300
GGAACIACAA	, AGGAAGGGG	: TGTACTTTGT	TGCCAAGATC	י רייירי א א כירי א א כי	CCCACCCCC	360
1010001101	CCACGCTCTC	: TTTTTATTCAC	AGCCCCGGAG	תרא תרוויות תיווי ל	3 C3 CCC3 mcm	420
CICIALICAA	AAAATGCACI	TATGCTCTT	AACAATTATO	TACTCCCTTT	TONDONNE	480
CHAMGIANGA	CIAAAGGCGG	AGCTATTAGT	'GGGGGCGAATC	ביירא ביידי אידי אידי ביידי ב	30003 3 cms c	540
GWIICCGICI	CITICIATCA	GAATGCAGCC	: ACTTTTGGAC	CTCCTATCCA	TO COMO A COM	
ADAJALJJJJ	IIGCAGTAAA	TCAGGCAGAG	`` ATAAGA ଫଫଫር	• CDCDDDDDDD	magazza az z	
GGIICIGGAG	GGGCTTTGTA	CICCGATGGT	' ርგጥልጥጥርልጥል	ጥጥርአጥርአርአአ	TO COMP & more	
CIMITICGAG	AAAATGAGGC	ATTGACTACT	' GCTATAGGTA	ACCCACCCCC	mcmcmcmec-	
CIICCCMCII	CAGGAAGTAG	TACTCCAGTT	, ככשסשייים א		CD 3 CD 3 3 3 5 5 5	
TINGICITIG	AAAGAAACCA	TTCCATAATG	GGTGGCGGAG		M3 003 3 3 5 5	
MOCALCICII	CAGGAGGICC	TACTCTATT	' ATCAATAATA	. תמתרמת תכר	$\Lambda \Lambda \Lambda TTTCCC C \Lambda \Lambda$	0.00
MITIAGGIG	GAGCIATIGC	CATTGATACT	' GGAGGGGAGA	ጥሮልርጥጥጥአጥር	ACCACACAAA	1020
GGMACMATIA	CATTCCAAGG	- AAACCGGACG	AGCጥጥል CCCc	שאת א שתיתיים	CAMCCA more	1020
TIACAAAATG	CTAAATTCCT	GAAATTACAG	GCGAGAAATG	C A TO COTOMA M	7 C 7 7 C	
CHICCIMIIA	CIICIGAAGC	AGATGGGTCT	ACCCA Δጥጥር δ	ሽ ሞሽ ሞር እ ሽ ር ርር	ACAMOCHE	1140 1200
WILWWAGAGI	ACACAGGGAC	CATACTCTTT	ΤΟΤΟΘΑΘΑΑΑ	A C A C T C T T A C C	333003300	1260
AGGGATITIA	AAICIACAAT	CCCTCAGAAC	-GTCDDCCTCT	CTCCACCAMA	COURT COMP.	1320
DDDDDADAAA	CCGAAGTCAC	AGTTTCAAAA	TTCACGCAGT	CTCCACCATC	CC3 mmma cmm	1380
TINGALIING	GAACCAAACT	GATAGCCTCT	AAGGAAGACA	でではないないのです。	N C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	1440
AIMGAIAIAG	ATAGCTTAAG	CTCATCCTCA	ACAGCAGCTG	ת ת מידים מידים	777070000	1500
WINWACAGA	TATCCGTGAC	GGACTCTATA	GAACTTATCT	CCCCTACTCC	CA BEIGGERA	1560
GWWGWICICW	GAATGAGAAA	TTCACAGACG	TTCCCTCTCC	The Continuous as	aaamaa	1620
GGGGTAGIG	IGACIGIAAC	TGCTGGAGAT	TTCCTDCCC	ጥለ አርጥርርርርላ	THE RECOMMEN	1680
CANGGCAATI	GGAAATTAGC	TTGGACAGGA	ACTGGAAACA	ሽ ሽርጥጥር ር አ ረ አ	3 mmamamaa	1740
CITTLEMENTING	ATTATAGCC	IAGACCIGAA	AAAGAAGGAA	א שיייי א כייייים א	ma a ma mome	1800
TAGGGGWWIG	CIGIAAAIGI	CAGATCCTTA	ATGCAGGTTC	AACACACCCA	maan aa	1860
TINCAGACAG	AT COMOCCT.	GIGGATCGAT	GGAATTCCCA	V CONTINUES TO A TOTAL	TOTAL TOTAL CO.	1920
LCCGMMGMCM	ATATAAGGTA	CCGTCATAAC	AGCGGTGGAT	እጥሮሞሞርመአመሪ	mama a a	1980
ONON! CACAC	CIMAGCACIA	TACTTCGATG	GCATTTTCCC	አ አ ርጥርጥጥጥአ ለ	M3 C3 C3 C3 - C	2040
GACIAIGCGG	IIICCAACAA	CGAATACAGA	בו אידיידיים מידיבות ב	CATCOTAMOR	OM3 MOS	2100
ACAACC LCCC	TAGGGAATAT	TTTCCCGTTAT	GCTTCCCCTTA	A COOTE A MORE	3 3 3 CC=====	2160
MITCICICAM	GAAGGITTCT	TCAAAATCCT	בייריים עבות עיריים	سستستست لاي ش	CDCDCCCC	2220
COLCALOCCA	CCMAIGATAT	GAAAACAGAC	ፐ ልሮርርር እል ልጥጥ	TCCCTTTTCCTT	CD D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	2280
HOMMONDOL	ATIGITUGGC	TATAGAGTGC	GGAGGGAGCA	TCCCTCTA	0003000000	2340
JADAADOOM	TITICCAAGG	TGCCATCCCA	TTTATGAAAC	שיי עידיית עידי עידי	THE A CHARLES OF	2400
CAGGGAGATI	LCAAAGAGAC	GACTGCAGAT	GGCCGTAGAT	ጥጥን ርሞን አመርር	03 000mma a oc	2460
TCONTITCIG	IACCICIAGG	CATACGCTTT	GAGAAGCTCC		~~~~~	2520
IMIGMCILIM	GITICICCIA	TATTCCTGAT	ΔT	VCC VACCOMO	3 mama =	2580
	ADMODORIT	CICCIGGCTT	GUTCCCGCCAC	こり こり ここのか かっ	3 3 C3 C3 C3 CC	2640
TITOINGGGM	GIGGAACGGG	TCGGTATCAC	ተምተል ል ርር ል ርጥ	א יויי א יוייי א יוייא א יוייא א	amma mamaa-	2700
OMINIOMINO	MAIGCCGCCC	CCATGCTAGG	ΑΑΤΤΑΤΔΑΤΔ	ጥ እ እ ለ ጥርጥር ር	7 7 C C 2 7 7 C C C C C C C C C C C C C	2760
COLLITINGM	MGGIIICCAT	TGCCTGTGTG	GTTCCGGATC	ע עודה עודה עו עודה ע	Amaamaaa am	2820
"" OCUT CUIM	GGCWIIGGT.	TICTCGAACT	TGTGTGGAGA	ለጥ እ <i>ሶ</i> ር አ ር አ ሙ	MMM 2 M 2 M C C 2	2880
THECOCHAIN	CICGIATCAC	CTCAGCCCCT	AGAGACATTC	TOTOLOGICA	COORD A COORD	2940
CITATICITUG	TATITIATCG	AGAATCCTTT	$\Delta CGTTCTTCC$		Magazz aaz aa	3000
TCTCTAACGA .	MICATAGGGA	TTCCAGGGTT	CTGTTCCTTG	AGTCCTTTGG	CA	3052

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 922 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

						•									
Met 1	Arg	Phe	Ser	Leu 5	Cys	Gly	Phe	Pro	Leu 10	Val	Phe	Ser	Leu	Thr 15	Leu
Leu	Ser	Val	Phe 20	Asp	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ser 25	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ile	Ser 30		Thr
Pro	Glu	Asp 35	Ser	Phe	His	Gly	Asp 40		Gln	Asn	Ala	Glu 45	Arg	Ser	Tyr
Asn	Val 50	Gln	Ala	Gly	Asp	Val 55	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly 60		Val	Ser	Ile
Ser 65	Asn	Val	Asp	Asn	Ser 70	Ala	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ala 75	Cys	Phe	Asn	Val	Thr 80
Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Thr 85	Phe	Ala	Gly		His 90	His	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Phe 95	Asn
Asn	Ile	Ser	Ser 100	Gly	Thr	Thr	Lys	Glu 105	Gly	Ala	Val	Leu	Cys	Cys	Gln
Asp	Pro	Gln 115	Ala	Thr	Ala	Arg	Phe 120	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser	Thr 125	Leu	Ser	Phe
	130					135					140		Tyr		
145					150					155			Glu		160
				165					170				Val	175	
			180					185					Ala 190		
		195					200					205	Val		
	210					215				_	220	_	Ser	_	_
225					230					235			Ala		240
				245					250			_	Lys	255	_
			260					265					Val 270		
		275					280					285	Asn		
	290					295					300		Ile		
305					310					315			Asn		320
				325					330				Ile	335	
			340					345					Thr 350		
		355					360					365	Phe		
	370					375					380		Pro		
385					390					395			Asp		400
				405					410				Lys	415	
Ala	Asn	Asp	Pro	Arg	Asp	Phe	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ile	Pro	Gln	Asn	Val	Asn

			420					425					430		
Leu	Ser	Ala 435	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Val	Ile 440	Lys		Gly	Ala	Glu 445	Val	Thr	Val
Ser	Lys 450	Phe	Thr	Gln	Ser	Pro 455		Ser	His	Leu	Val 460	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gly
Thr 465	Lys	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ser 470	Lys	Glu	Asp	Ile	Ala 475		Thr	Gly	Leu	Ala 480
			Asp	485					490					495	Lys
			Ala 500					505					510	Glu	
		515	Thr				520					525			
	530		Pro			535					540		_		
545			Ala		550					555					560
			Trp	565					570					575	
			Trp 580					585					590		
		595	Val				600					605			
	610		Gln			615					620				
625			Trp		630					635					640
			Asn	645					650					655	
		•	Asn 660					665					670		
		675	Phe				680					685			
	690		Tyr			695					700				
705			Phe		710					715					720
			Arg	725					730					735	
			Tyr 740					745					750		
		755	Met				760					765			
	770		Gly			775					780				
785			Ala		790					795					800
			Phe	805					810					815	
			Thr 820					825					830		
		835	Ser				840					845			
	850		Phe			855					860	Ala			
Ser 865	Gly	Asp	Ser	Trp	Leu 870	Val	Pro	Ala	Ala	His 875	Val	Ser	Arg	His	Ala 880

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2526 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

ATGAAGATTC CA	CTCCGCTT	TTTATTGATA	TCATTAGTAC	CTACGCTTTC	TATGTCGAAT	60
TTATTAGGAG CT	GCTACTAC	CGAAGAGCTA	TCGGCTAGCA	ATAGCTTCGA	TGGAACTACA	120
TCAACAACAA GC						180
AAAGATTCTG TA						240
TTTAAAAATG AC						300
TTTAGCAATA TC						360
AAGACAGTCA CG						420
GTGACTAATG GA	TTGGGAGC	TATCAATGTT	AAAGGGAATT	TAAGCCTATT	GGATAATGAT	480
AAGGTATTGA TT						540
TCCTTGAAGA TC						600
GGCGGAGCGA TT						660
GGGAATACAG CG						720
ACCCTATCCA TT						780
ACAGGAACCG TC						840
CGTGCTGCGC AA						900
TCTGTTGCTG AT						960
GGAACCATAG TC						1020
CGCACTTCTA AA						1080
GATGTCGTTT TA					GATTATGGAT	1140
TTAGGGACGT CG					GGAAATTAAT	1200
ATAGACTCTC TC						1260
ATTCGTATAG AT						1320
TTTTTGAATG AG						1380
GTGATTTCTG CA						1440
AAGTGGACAA TC					GGCAAAGCAA	1500
AGTTTTAATC CC				-	TTGGGGTTCT	1560
TTTATAGATG TT					TGCTCCTTAC	1620
GAAAAGAGAT TT					TCGTGAAAAT	1680
CAAAGGAAAT TC						1740
GGTGGTGATA CC						1800
ATGAATACCA AT						1860
CTATACTCTG TG				TCCGCGAGAT	CCTGTTGCCT	1920
TATGTTTCCA AG				TTAGCTACGG		1980
CATCGCATGA AG					GGATCATACT	2040
TCTTGGGGAG GA					TGAAAATACC	2100
AGCGGCAGAG GA					TGTTTACTCG	2160
CGCCAAGATA GC						2220
TATAACCTTG CG.	ATTCCTCT	TGGAATCAAG	TTAGAGAAAC	GGTTTGCAGA	GCAATATTAT	2280

CATGTTGTAG	CGATGTATTC	TCCAGATGTT	TGTCGTAGTA	ACCCCAAATG	TACGACTACC	2340
CTACTTTCCA	ACCAAGGGAG	TTGGAAGACC	AAAGGTTCGA	ACTTAGCAAG	ACAGGCTGGT	2400
ATTGTTCAGG	CCTCAGGTTT	TCGATCTTTG	GGAGCTGCAG	CAGAGCTTTT	CGGGAACTTT	2460
GGCTTTGAAT	GGCGGGGATC	TTCTCGTAGC	TATAATGTAG	ATGCGGGTAG	CAAAATCAAA	2520
TTTTAG					C. II I I I C. II I	2526

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 841 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

1				5	Arg				10					15	
			20		Leu			25					30	Ser	
		35			Gly		40					45			
Thr	50				Asp	55					60				
Val 65					Pro 70					75					80
				85	Ala				90					95	
			100		Ser			105					110		
		115			Ala		120					125			
	130				Leu	135					140				
145					Val 150					155					160
				165	Asp				170					175	Ile
			180		Leu			185					190	Ser	
		195			Ser		200					205	Thr		
	210				Gly	215					220				
225					Lys 230					235					240
•				245	Gly				250					255	Asn
			260		Gly			265					270	Leu	
		275			Thr		280					285			
	290				Ile	295					300	Ser			
Ala	Leu	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ser	Pro	Asp	Thr	Gly	Asp	Asn	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Thr

305					310					315					320
Gly	Thr	Ile	Val	Phe 325	Ser	Gly	Glu	Lys	Leu 330	Thr	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ala 335	Lys
			340				Lys	345					350		_
Asn	Gly	Thr 355	Val	Val	Leu	Lys	Gly 360	Asp	Val	Val	Leu	Ser 365	Ala	Asn	Gly
Phe	Ser 370	Gln	Asp	Ala	Asn	Ser 375	Lys	Leu	Ile	Met	Asp 380	Leu	Gly	Thr	Ser
385					390		Ile			395					400
				405			Lys		410					415	
			420				Asp	425					430		
		435					Gly 440					445			
	450					455	Ala				460				
465					470		Val			475	_	-	_		480
	•			485			Thr		490					495	
			500				Pro	505					510		
		515					Ser 520			_		525			
	530					535	Glu	_			540		_	_	
545					550		Val Ser			555			_		560
				565			Thr		570					575	
			580				Phe	585			-		590		
		595					600 Gln					605			
	610					615	Gly				620		_		
625					630		Cys			635					640
				645			Lys		650					655	_
			660				Thr	665					670		
		675					680 Ala					685			
	690					695	Phe				700				
705					710		Leu			715				_	720
				725			Ala		730					735	
			740				Tyr	745					750		
-, -	9	755		Jiu		+ y +	760	****	AGT	AGT	MIG	765	TYL	3CT.	PIO

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2787 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

ATGAAGTCTT	CTTTCCCCAA	GTTTGTATTT	TCTACATTTG	CTATTTTCCC	TTTGTCTATG	60
ATTGCTACCG				ATGGGAATAA		120
	GTGAGAGTCA		GGAACTACCT	ACCTATTTAA	CCCAAATCTC	180
ACTCTAGAAA	ATATTCCTGG	AACAGGCACA	GCAATCACAA	AAAGCTGTTT	TAACAACACT	240
AAGGGCGATT	TGACTTTCAC	AGGTAACGGG	AACTCTCTAT		GGTGGATGCA	300
GGGACTGTAG	CAGGGGCTGC			ATAAATCTAC	CACGTTTATA	360
GGGTTTTCTT	CGCTATCTTT			CGATAACTAC	CGGCAAAGGA	420
GCCGTTAGCT	GCTCTACGGG	TAGCTTGAAG		ATGTCAGTTT	GCTCTTCAGC	480
AAAAACTTTT	CAACGGATAA	TGGCGGTGCT		AAACTCTTTC	ATTAACAGGG	540
ACTACAATGT	CAGCTCTGTT	TTCTGAAAAT		AGAAAGGCGG		600
ACTTCCGATG	CCCTTACCAT	TACTGGAAAC	CAAGGGGAAG		TGACAATACT	660
TCTTCGGATT	CTGGAGCTGC		GAAGCCTCGG		TAATAATGCT	720
AAAGTTTCCT	TTATTGACAA		GGAGCGAGCT		GGGGGATATG	780
TCAGGAGGTG	CTATCTGTGC	TTATAAAACT			CCTCACTGGA	840
AATCAGATGT	TACTCTTCAG	CAACAATACA	TCGACAACAG	CGGGAGGAGC	TATCTATGTG	900
AAAAAGCTCG	AACTGGCTTC	CGGAGGACTT	ACCCTATTCA	GTAGAAATAG	TGTCAATGGA	960
GGTACAGCTC	CTAAAGGTGG	AGCCATAGCT	ATCGAAGATA	GTGGGGAATT	GAGTTTATCC	1020
	GTGACATTGT	CTTTTTAGGG	AATACAGTCA	CTTCTACTAC	TCCTGGGACG	1080
	GTATCGACTT	AGGAACGAGT	GCAAAGATGA	CAGCTTTGCG	TTCTGCTGCT	1140
GGTAGAGCCA	TCTACTTCTA	TGATCCCATA	ACTACAGGAT	CTTCCACAAC		1200
GTCTTAAAAG	TTAATGAGAC	TCCGGCAGAT	TCTGCACTAC	AATATACAGG	GAACATCATC	1260
		AGAGACAGAG	GCCGCAGATT	CTAAAAATCT	TACTTCGAAG	1320
CTACTACAGC			ACTCTATCTT	TAAAACATGG		1380
CAGACTCAGG			TCTCGTCTCG	AAATGGACGT	ልርርል አ <i>ር</i> ሞአርሞ	1440
CTAGAACCTG	CTGATACTAG	CACCATAAAC	AATTTGGTCA	TTAACATCAG	TTCTATAGAC	1500
GGTGCAAAGA	AGGCAAAAAT	AGAAACCAAA	GCTACGTCAA	AAAATCTGAC	TTTATCTGGA	1560
ACCATCACTT	TATTGGACCC	GACGGGCACG	TTTTATGAAA		AAGAAATCCT	1620
CAGTCCTACG	ACATCTTAGA	GCTCAAAGCT		TAACAAGCAC	CGCAGTGACT	1680
	TAATGGGTGA	GAAATTCCAT	TACGGCTATC	AGGGAACTTG		1740
	CAGGGGCTTC	TACGACTGCA	ACCTTCAACT	GGACTAAAAC	TGGCTATATT	1800
_	AGCGTATCGG	CTCTTTAGTC			ATTTATAGAT	1860
	TCCATTATCT	TATGGAGACT	GCAAACGAAG	GGTTGCAGGG	AGACCGTGCT	1920
TTTTGGTGTG	CTGGATTATC	TAACTTCTTC	CATAAGGATA	GTACAAAAAC	ACGACGCGGG	1980
TTTCGCCATT	TGAGTGGCGG	TTATGTCATA	GGAGGAAACC	TACATACTTG	TTCAGATAAG	2040
						2010

ATTCTTAGTG CTGCATTTTG	TCAGCTCTTT	GGAAGAGATA	GAGACTACTT	TGTAGCTAAG	2100
AATCAAGGTA CAGTCTACGG	AGGAACTCTC	TATTACCAGC	ACAACGAAAC	CTATATCTCT	2160
CTTCCTTGCA AACTACGGCC	TTGTTCGTTG	TCTTATGTTC	CTACAGAGAT	TCCTGTTCTC	2220
TTTTCAGGAA ACCTTAGCTA	CACCCATACG	GATAACGATC	TGAAAACCAA	GTATACAACA	2280
TATCCTACTG TTAAAGGAAG	CTGGGGGAAT	GATAGTTTCG	CTTTAGAATT	CGGTGGAAGA	2340
GCTCCGATTT GCTTAGATGA	AAGTGCTCTA	TTTGAGCAGT	ACATGCCCTT	CATGAAATTG	2400
CAGTTTGTCT ATGCACATCA					2460
GGAAGTAGCC GTCTTGTGAA					2520
GACTGCCAAG ATGCAACGTA		CTTGGTTATA	CTGTGGATCT	TGTTCGTAGT	2580
AACCCCGACT GTACGACAAC	ACTGCGAATT	AGCGGTGATT	CTTGGAAAAC	CTTCGGTACG	2640
AATTTGGCAA GACAAGCTTT	AGTCCTTCGT	GCAGGGAACC	ATTTTTGCTT	TAACTCAAAT	2700
TTTGAAGCCT TTAGCCAATT	1101110111	TTGCGTGGGT	CATCTCGCAA	TTACAATGTA	2760
GACTTAGGAG CAAAATACCA	ATTCTAA				2787

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 928-amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Met 1	Lys	Ser	Ser	Phe 5	Pro	Lys	Phe	Val	Phe 10	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ala	Ile 15	Phe
Pro	Leu	Ser	Met 20	Ile	Ala	Thr	Glu	Thr 25	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Ser 30	Ala	Ser
Phe	Asp	Gly 35	Asn	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asn 40	Phe	Ser	Val	Arg	Glu 45	Ser	Gln	Glu
	50					55				Asn	60				
65					70					Ser 75					80
				85					90	Asn				95	
			100					105		Ala			110		
		115					120			Ser		125			
	130					135				Lys	140				
145					150					Val 155					160
				165					170	Ile				175	
Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly 180	Thr	Thr	Met	Ser	Ala 185	Leu	Phe	Ser	Glu	Asn 190	Thr	Ser
Ser	Lys	Lys 195	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Gln 200	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ala	Leu 205	Thr	Ile	Thr
Gly	Asn 210	Gln	Gly	Glu	Val	Ser 215	Phe	Ser	Asp	Asn	Thr 220	Ser	Ser	Asp	Ser
Gly 225	Ala	Ala	Ile	Phe	Thr 230	Glu	Ala	Ser	Val	Thr 235	Ile	Ser	Asn	Asn	Ala 240
Lys	Val	Ser	Phe	Ile	Asp	Asn	Lys	Val	Thr	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr

				245											
Thr	· Clu	· 7 an	Mot	245				- 1	250					255	
	Gly		260					265					270		
	Thr	275					280					285			
	Thr 290					295					300				
305					310					315					320
Gly	Thr	Ala	Pro	Lys 325	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ala 330	Ile	Glu	Asp	Ser	Gly 335	Glu
Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser 340	Ala	Asp	Ser	Gly	Asp 345		Val	Phe	Leu	Gly 350	Asn	Thr
Val	Thr	Ser 355	Thr	Thr	Pro	Gly	Thr 360	Asn	Arg	Ser	Ser	Ile 365	Asp	Leu	Gly
	Ser 370					375					380	Gly			
385	Phe				390					395	Thr				400
	Leu			405					410					415	Thr
	Asn		420					425					430	Ala	
	Ser	435					440					445			
	Gly 450			•		455					460				
465	Thr				470					475					480
	Glu			485					490					495	
	Ser		500					505					510		
	Lys	515					520					525			
	Thr 530					535					540				
545	Leu				550					555					560
	Asp			565					570					575	
	Gly		580					585					590		
	Trp	595					600					605			
	Val 610					615					620				
625	Tyr				630					635					640
	Trp			645					650					655	
	Arg		660					665					670		
	Leu	6/5					680					685			
⊸ eu	Phe 690	стÀ	AL G	ASD	arg	Asp 695	Tyr	Phe	Val	Ala	Lys 700	Asn	Gln	Gly	Thr

```
Val Tyr Gly Gly Thr Leu Tyr Tyr Gln His Asn Glu Thr Tyr Ile Ser
                   710
                                      715
Leu Pro Cys Lys Leu Arg Pro Cys Ser Leu Ser Tyr Val Pro Thr Glu
              725
                                 730
Ile Pro Val Leu Phe Ser Gly Asn Leu Ser Tyr Thr His Thr Asp Asn
                             745
Asp Leu Lys Thr Lys Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Pro Thr Val Lys Gly Ser Trp
                       760
                                             765
Gly Asn Asp Ser Phe Ala Leu Glu Phe Gly Gly Arg Ala Pro Ile Cys
                      775
Leu Asp Glu Ser Ala Leu Phe Glu Gln Tyr Met Pro Phe Met Lys Leu
                  790
                                      795
Gln Phe Val Tyr Ala His Gln Glu Gly Phe Lys Glu Gln Gly Thr Glu
               805
                                  810
Ala Arg Glu Phe Gly Ser Ser Arg Leu Val Asn Leu Ala Leu Pro Ile
                             825 ··
Gly Ile Arg Phe Asp Lys Glu Ser Asp Cys Gln Asp Ala Thr Tyr Asn
           840
Leu Thr Leu Gly Tyr Thr Val Asp Leu Val Arg Ser Asn Pro Asp Cys
                      855
Thr Thr Leu Arg Ile Ser Gly Asp Ser Trp Lys Thr Phe Gly Thr
                  870
                                     875
Asn Leu Ala Arg Gln Ala Leu Val Leu Arg Ala Gly Asn His Phe Cys
              885
                                 890
Phe Asn Ser Asn Phe Glu Ala Phe Ser Gln Phe Ser Phe Glu Leu Arq
          900
                             905
Gly Ser Ser Arg Asn Tyr Asn Val Asp Leu Gly Ala Lys Tyr Gln Phe
                         920
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2757 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

ATGAGATCGT CTTTTTCCTT	GTTATTAATA	TCTTCATCTC	TAGCCTTTCC	TCTCTTAATG	60
AGTGTTTCTG CAGATGCTG	CGATCTCACA	TTAGGGAGTC	GTGACAGTTA	TAATGGTGAT	120
ACAAGCACCA CAGAATTTAG	TCCTAAAGCG	GCAACTTCTG	ATGCTAGTGG	CACGACCTAT	180
ATTCTCGATG GGGATGTCTC	GATAAGCCAA	GCAGGGAAAC	AAACGAGCTT	AACCACAAGT	240
TGTTTTTCTA ACACTGCAGO	AAATCTTACC	TTCTTAGGGA	ACGGATTTTC	TCTTCATTTT	300
GACAATATTA TTTCGTCTAC	TGTTGCAGGT	GTTGTTGTTA	GCAATACAGC	AGCTTCTGGG	360
ATTACGAAAT TCTCAGGATT	TTCAACTCTT	CGGATGCTTG	CAGCTCCTAG	GACCACAGGT	420
AAAGGAGCCA TTAAAATTA	CGATGGTCTG	GTGTTTGAGA	GTATAGGGAA	TCTTGACCAA	480
AATGAAAATG CCTCTAGTG	AAATGGGGGA	GCCATCAATA	CGAAGACTTT	GTCTTTGACT	540
GGGAGTACGC GGTTTGTAG	GTTCCTTGGC	AATAGCTCGT	CGCAACAAGG	GGGAGCGATC	600
TATGCTTCTG GTGACTCTGT	GATTTCTGAG	AATGCAGGAA	TCTTGAGCTT	CGGAAACAAC	660
AGTGCGACAA CATCAGGAG	CGCGATCTCT	GCTGAAGGGA	ACCTTGTGAT	CTCCAATAAC	720
CAAAATATCT TTTTCGATGO	CTGCAAAGCA	ACTACAAATG	GCGGAGCTAT	TGATTGTAAC	780
AAAGCAGGGG CGAACCCAGA	CCCTATCTTG	ACTCTTTCAG	GAAATGAGAG	CCTGCATTTT	840
CTGAATAACA CAGCAGGAA	TAGTGGAGGT	GCGATTTATA	CCAAAAAATT	GGTGTTATCC	900
TCAGGACGAG GAGGAGTGTT	ATTTTCTAAC	AACAAAGCTG	CGAATGCTAC	TCCTAAAGGA	960

GGGGCAATTG	CGATTCTAGA	TTCTGGAGAG	ATTAGCATTT	CTGCAGATCT	CGGCAATATC	1020
ATTTTCGAGG	GCAATACTAC	GAGCACTACA	GGAAGTCCTG	CGAGTGTGAC		1080
ATAGATCTTG	CATCGAATGC	AAAATTTTTA	AATCTCCGAG	CGACTCGGGG	AAATAAAGTT	1140
ATTTTCTATG	ATCCTATCAC	GAGCTCAGGA	GCTACTGATA	AGCTCTCTTT	GAATAAAGCT	1200
GACGCAGGAT	CTGGAAATAC		TACATCGTTT	TCTCTGGAGA	GAAACTCTCA	1260
GAAGAGGAAC	TTAAGAAACC	TGACAATCTG	AAGTCTACAT	TTACACAGGC	TGTAGAGCTT	1320
GCTGCAGGTG	CCTTAGTATT	GAAAGATGGA	GTGACTGTAG	TTGCAAATAC	TATAACGCAG	1380
GTCGAGGGAT	CGAAAGTCGT	TATGGATGGA	GGGACTACTT	TTGAGGCAAG	CGCTGAGGGG	1440
GTCACTCTCA	ATGGCCTAGC	CATTAATATA	GATTCCTTAG	ATGGGACAAA		1500
ATTAAGGCGA	CGGCAGCAAG		GCCTTATCAG		GCTTGTAGAT	1560
GCTCAGGGGA	ACTATTATGA	GCATCATAAT		AGCAGGTCTT	TCCTTTAATA	1620
GAGCTTTCTG	CACAAGGAAC	GATGACTACT		CCGATACCCC	AATTCTAAAT	1680
ACTACGAATC	ACTATGGGTA	TCAAGGAACT	GGAATAATTG	TTTGGGTCGA		1740
GCAAAAACAA	AAAATGCTAC	CTTAACTTGG	ACTAAAACAG		GAATCCAGAA	1800
CGTCAGGGAC	CTTTGGTTCC	TAATAGCCTG	TGGGGTTCTT	TTGTCGATGT	CCGCTCCATT	1860
	TGGACCGGAG	CACAAGTTCG	TTATCTTCGT	CAACAAATTT	GTGGGTATCA	1920
GGAATCGCGG	ACTTTTTGCA	TGAAGATCAG	AAAGGAAACC	AACGTAGTTA	TCGTCATTCT	1980
		AGGAGGATTC	TTCACGGCTT		CTTTAATTTT	2040
GCTTTTTGTC	AGCTTTTTGG	CTACGACAAG	GACCATCTTG	TGGCTAAGAA	CCATACCCAT	2100
GTATATGCAG	GGGCAATGAG	TTACCGACAC	CTCGGAGAGT	CTAAGACCCT	CGCTAAGATT	2160
	ATTCTGACTC	CCTACCTTTT	GTCTTCAATG	CTCGGTTTGC	TTATGGCCAT	2220
ACCGACAATA	ACATGACCAC	AAAGTACACT	GGCTATTCTC	CTGTTAAGGG		2280
AATGATGCCT	TCGGTATAGA	ATGTGGAGGA	GCTATCCCGG		AGGACGTCGG	2340
TCTTGGGTGG	ATACCCACAC	GCCATTTCTA	AACCTAGAGA	TGATCTATGC	ACATCAGAAT	2400
GACTTTAAGG	AAAACGGCAC	AGAAGGCCGT	TCTTTCCAAA	GTGAAGACCT	CTTCAATCTA	2460
GCGGTTCCTG	TAGGGATAAA	ATTTGAGAAA	TTCTCCGATA	AGTCTACGTA	TGATCTCTCC	2520
ATAGCTTACG	TTCCCGATGT	GATTCGTAAT	GATCCAGGCT	GCACGACAAC	TCTTATGGTT	2580
TCTGGGGATT	CTTGGTCGAC	ATGTGGTACA	AGCTTGTCTA	GACAAGCTCT	TCTTGTACGT	2640
			TTTGAAGTTT	TCAGTCAGTT	TGAAGTCGAG	2700
TTGCGAGGTT	CTTCTCGTAG	CTATGCTATC	GATCTTGGAG	GAAGATTCGG	ATTTTAA	2757

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 918 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Met 1	Arg	Ser	Ser	Phe 5	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ile 10	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala 15	Phe
			20			Ser		25					30	Leu	_
		35				Gly	40					45			
	50					Ala 55					60				_
65					70	Ala				75					80
				85		Gly			90					95	Phe
Ser	Leu	His	Phe 100	Asp	Asn	Ile	Ile	Ser 105	Ser	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly 110	Val	Val

Val	Ser	Asn 115	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly 120	Ile	Thr	Lys	Phe	Ser 125	Gly	Phe	Ser
Thr	Leu 130	Arg	Met	Leu	Ala	Ala 135	Pro	Arg	Thr	Thr	Gly 140	Lys	Gly	Ala	Ile
Lys 145	Ile	Thr	Asp	Gly	Leu 150	Val	Phe	Glu	Ser	Ile 155	Gly	Asn	Leu	Asp	Gln 160
Asn	Glu	Asn	Ala	Ser 165	Ser	Glu	Asn	Gly	Gly 170	Ala	Ile	Asn	Thr	Lys 175	
Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr 180	Gly	Ser	Thr	Arg	Phe 185	Val	Ala	Phe	Leu	Gly 190	Asn	Ser
Ser	Ser	Gln 195	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile 200	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp 205	Ser	Val	Ile
Ser	Glu 210	Asn	Ala	Gly	Ile	Leu 215	Ser	Phe	Gly	Asn	Asn 220	Ser	Ala	Thr	Thr
225	Gly				230					235					240
	Asn			245	-		-	* -	2.5.0					2.5.5	
	Asp		260					265		-			270		
	Gly	275					280					285			
	Gly 290	•				295					300				
305	Val				310					315				_	320
	Ala			325					330					335	
	Gly		340					345					350	_	
	Ala	355					360					365			
	Leu 370					375					380				
385	Ile				390					395				-	400
	Ala Lys			405					410					415	
			420					425					430		Lys
	Gly	435					440					445			
	450					455					460				Gly
465					470					475					480 Thr
				485					490					495	Leu
	Gly		500					505					510		
		515					520					525			Ala
	530					535					540				Asn
545					550					555					560
Thr	Thr	Asn	His	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Thr	Gly	Ile	Ile	Val	Trp	Val

				56	5				570	`					
Ası	o Ası	o Ala	a Thi			The	Tare	- A) / C	. m.				575	Lys
			201	,				585	5				FOC	١	
			_				600	ì				605			Asn
	0 = 1	,				ρΤΞ)				620	Glr	Ser		Met
Asp 625	Arg	g Sei	Thi	: Ser	Ser 630	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asn	Leu	Trp	Val	Ser
Gly	r Ile	Ala	a Asp	Phe 645	Leu		Glu	Asp	Gln	635 Lys	Gly	Asn	Gln	Arg	640 Ser
Tyr	Arg	, His	Ser 660	Ser	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Ala	650 Leu	Gly	Gly	Gly	Phe	655 Phe	Thr
			000					665					C 70 0		
		•			Phe		080					C 0 E			
	0,0					כעס					700				Gly
					1 10					715					Ile 720
				123	Asp				730						Phe
Ala	Tyr	Gly	His 740	Thr	Asp	Asn	Asn	Met 745	Thr	Thr	Lys	Tyr		735 Gly	Tyr
Ser	Pro	Val 755	Lys	Gly	Ser	Trp	Gly 760	Asn	Asp	Ala	Phe		750 Ile	Glu	Cys
Gly	Gly 770	Ala	Ile	Pro	Val	Val 775	Ala	Ser	Gly	Arg	Arg	765 Ser	Trp	Val	Asp
					Leu	//>					700				
					730					795					
				000	Gly				87 N					~	
			020		Val			825					0 2 0	Phe	
		~			Asp		0411					045	Asp		
Arg	Asn 850	Asp	Pro	Gly	Cys	Thr 855	Thr	Thr	Leu	Met	Val	Ser	Gly	Asp	Ser
Trp 865	Ser	Thr	Cys	Gly	Thr 870	Ser	Leu	Ser	Arg	Gln	860 Ala	Leu	Leu	Val	Arg
Ala	Gly	Asn	His	His 885	Ala	Phe	Ala	Ser	Asn	875 Phe	Glu	Val	Phe	Ser	880 Gln
			Glu	000	Arg			Ser	g an						
		Arg 915						905					910	-	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2787 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

0650000101

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

ATGAAATCCT	CTCTTCATTG	GTTTGTAATC	TCGTCATCTT	TAGCACTTCC	CTTGTCACTA	60
AATTTCTCTG	CGTTTGCTGC	TGTTGTTGAA	ATCAATCTAG	GACCTACCAA	TAGCTTCTCT	120
GGACCAGGAA	CCTACACTCC	TCCAGCCCAA	ACAACAAATG	CAGATGGAAC	TATCTATAAT	180
CTAACAGGGG	ATGTCTCAAT	CACCAATGCA	GGATCTCCGA	CAGCTCTAAC	CGCTTCCTGC	240
		TCTTTCTTTC				300
		CTGTACCTTT				360
		GTCACTAATA				420
					CTTTGGCCAA	480
		AGGCGCCCTC				540
		AAACAAAGCA				600
		TACGTTAAAC				660
		CACGGAAGCT				
AGCTTTATAA	ACAATAGTGT	GACCGCAACC	TCACCTACAC	CCCCACCCAR	CAAAGCAAII	720
		AGTCTTAACT				780
		TGGTGGGGCG				840
		AAACAACTCT				900
CCAATTCCCA	TTCCTCACTC	MAACAACICI MCCAMCOOMO	ACTION	CTGCAGCTCC	CTTAGGAGGA	960
		TGGATCTTTG				1020
		CAAAGGAGCT				1080
ATTAACATCG	BEGLEGGER	TGCTAAGATT	GTACAGCTGC	GAGCCTCTCA	AGGCAATACT	1140
ATCIACITCI	ATGATCCTAT	AACAACTAAC	CATACTGCAG	CTCTCTCAGA	TGCTCTAAAC	1200
		AGGGAATCCT				1260
		AGCTGCAGAA				1320
CCTCTAACTC	TTGCGGGAGG	GCAACTCTCT	CTTAAATCAG	GAGTCACTCT	AGTTGCTAAG	1380
		CTCTACCCTC				1440
		TAATCTTGTT				1500
		ACAAGCAAGT				1560
		TGTCTACGAA				1620
TCTTGTCTCA	CTCTTACTGC	TGACGACCCC	GCGAATATTC	ACATCACAGA	CTTAGCTGCT	1680
		TATCCATTGG				1740
		ATCCAAAGCA				1800
		TGGAACCTTA				1860
		GCTTGTAGCC				1920
		CTCGAACTTC				1980
		AGGTTATGTT				2040
		CTGCCAATTA				2100
		TGCAGCTTCT				2160
		CCTTCCTGGA				2220
GCTCAGATCA	GCTATATCTA	TAGTAAAAAT	ACTATGAAAA	CCTATTACAC	CCAAGCACCA	2280
AAGGGAGAGA	GCTCGTGGTA	TAATGACGGT	TGCGCTCTGG	AACTTGCGAG	CTCCCTACCA	2340
CACACTGCTT	TAAGCCATGA	GGGTCTCTTC	CACGCGTATT	TTCCTTTCAT	CAAAGTAGAA	2400
GCTTCGTACA	TACACCAAGA	TAGCTTCAAA	GAACGTAATA	CTACCTTGGT	ACGATCTTTC	2460
GATAGCGGTG	ATTTAATTAA	CGTCTCTGTG	CCTATTGGAA	TTACCTTCGA	GAGATTCTCG	2520
AGAAACGAGC	GTGCGTCTTA	CGAAGCTACT	GTCATCTACG	TTGCCGATGT	CTATCGTAAG	2580
AATCCTGACT	GCACGACAGC	TCTCCTAATC	AACAATACCT	CGTGGAAAAC	TACAGGAACG	2640
AATCTCTCAA	GACAAGCTGG	TATCGGAAGA	GCAGGGATCT	TTTATGCCTT	CTCTCCAAAT	2700
CTTGAGGTCA	CAAGTAACCT	ATCTATGGAA	ATTCGTGGAT	CTTCACGCAG	CTACAATGCA	2760
GATCTTGGAG	GTAAGTTCCA	GTTCTAA	·			2787

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 928 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

Met 1	Lys	Ser	Ser	Leu 5	His	Trp	Phe	Val	Ile 10	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu		Leu
Pro	Leu	Ser	Leu 20	_	Phe	Ser	Ala	Phe 25		Ala	Val	Val		15 Ile	Asn
Leu	Gly	Pro		Asn	Ser	Phe			Pro	Gly	Thr		30 Thr	Pro	Pro
Ala	Gln	Thr	Thr	Asn	Δla	Δερ	40 Glaz	Thr	Tla	T's 220	7 ~~	45	m\	03	
	50					55					60				-
Val	Ser	Ile	Thr	Asn	Ala	Gly	Ser	Pro	Thr	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ser	Cys
65					70					75					80
				85					90					95	Gln
		Leu	100					105					110		
Thr	Ala	Ala 115	Asn	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser 120	Phe	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser 125	Tyr	Leu	Ser
Leu	Ile 130	Gln	Thr	Thr	Asn	Ala 135		Thr	Gly	Thr		Ala	Ile	Lys	Ser
Thr		Ala	Cys	Ser	Ile		Ser	Asn	Tvr	Ser	140 Cvs	Tvr	Phe	Glv	Gln
145					150					155					160
		Ser		165					170					175	
Leu	Ser	Leu	Asn	Pro	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Ala	Lys	Asn	Lys	Ala	Thr	Gln
Lare	Glaz	Gly	180	Tou	T	C	mı	185	~ 7				190		
 y5	GLY	Gly 195	AIG	цец	TÀT	ser	200	GIY	GIY	ile	Thr		Asn	Asn	Thr
Leu	Asn	Ser	Ala	Ser	Phe	Ser	Glu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Ala	205 Asn	Asn	Glv	Glv
	210					215					220				
Ala 225	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Ala 230	Ser	Ser	Phe	Ile	Ser 235	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ile 240
Ser	Phe	Ile	Asn	Asn 245	Ser	Val	Thr	Ala	Thr 250	Ser	Ala	Thr	Gly		Ala
Ile	Tyr	Cys	Ser 260	Ser	Thr	Ser	Ala	Pro 265	Lys	Pro	Val	Leu		255 Leu	Ser
Asp	Asn	Gly		Leu	Asn	Phe	Ile		Asn	Thr	Ala	Tle	270 Thr	Ser	Glv
		275					280					285			
GIY	A1a 290	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Asn	Leu	Val	Leu	Ser		Gly	Gly	Pro	Thr
Leu		Lys	Asn	Asn	Ser	295 Ala	Tla	λεν	Th~	71.	300	D	.	~ ·	~ 3
305		4 -			310			vab	TIIL	315	Ald	PIO	Leu	GIY	320
Ala	Ile	Ala	Ile	Ala	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ala	Leu	Gly
				325					330					335	
GIA	ASD	Ile	340	Pne	Glu	Gly	Asn	Thr	Val	Val	Lys	Gly		Ser	Ser
Ser	Gln	Thr		Thr	Arg	Asn	Ser	345 Ile	Asn	Ile	Glv	Δen	350 Thr	Δen	Δ1=
		355					360					365			
	3/0	Val				375					380	Ile			
Asp	Pro	Ile	Thr	Thr	Asn	His	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ser	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asn
202					390					395					400
пеп	ASI	Gly	Pro	Asp 405	ьeu	Ala	Gly	Asn		Ala	Tyr	Gln	Gly		Ile
Val	Phe	Ser	Gly		Lvs	Leu	Ser	Glu	410 Ala	Glu	Δ1 =	- ומ	G1	415	λ σ
			420					425					430		
Asn	Leu	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ile	Gln	Gln	Pro	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Gln

		435					440					445			
	450					455					460			Ser	
Ser 465	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Leu 470	Leu	Met	Asp	Ala	Gly 475	Thr	Thr	Leu	Glu	Thr 480
Ala	Asp	Gly	Ile	Thr 485	Ile	Asn	Asn	Leu	Val 490	Leu	Asn	Val	Asp	Ser 495	Leu
Lys	Glu	Thr	Lys 500	Lys	Ala	Thr	Leu	Lys 505	Ala	Thr	Gln	Ala	Ser 510	Gln	Thr
Val	Thr	Leu 515	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser 520	Leu	Val	Asp	Pro	Ser 525	Gly	Asn	Val
Tyr	Glu 530	Asp	Val	Ser	Trp	Asn 535	Asn	Pro	Gln	Val	Phe 540	Ser	Cys	Leu	Thr
Leu 545	Thr	Ala	Asp	Asp	Pro 550	Ala	Asn	Ile	His	Ile 555	Thr	Asp	Leu	Ala	Ala 560
Asp	Pro	Leu	Glu	Lys 565	Asn	Pro	Ile	His	Trp 570	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Asn 575	Trp
			580					585					590	Ala	
		595					600					605		Arg	
	610					615					620			Arg	
625					630					635				Thr	640
				645					650					Ser 655	
	·		660					665					670	Val	_
		675					680					685		Phe	_
	690					695					700			Arg	
705					710					715				Leu	720
				725					730					Gln 735	
			740					745					750	Thr	
		755					760					765		Tyr	
	770					775					780			Ala	
785					790					795				Val	800
				805					810					Thr 815	
			820					825					830	Pro	
		835					840					845		Tyr	
	850					855					860			Asp	
865					870					875				Gly	880
nau	Leu	361	ALG	885	wid	GTÅ	TTE	GIĀ	890	Ala	GIĀ	TTE	Pne	Tyr 895	Ala

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2793 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

	ATGAAAATAC	CCTTGCACAA	ACTCCTGATC	TCTTCGACTC	TTGTCACTCC	CATTCTATTG	60
	AGCATTGCAA	CTTACGGAGC	AGATGCTTCT	TTATCCCCTA	CAGATAGCTT	TGATGGAGCG	120
	GGCGGCTCTA	CATTTACTCC	AAAATCTACA	GCAGATGCCA	ATGGAACGAA	CTATGTCTTA	180
	TCAGGAAATG	TCTATATAAA	CGATGCTGGG	AAAGGCACAG	CATTAACAGG	CTGCTGCTTT	240
	ACAGAAACTA	CGGGTGATCT	GACATTTACT	GGAAAGGGAT	ACTCATTTTC	ATTCAACACG	300
	GTAGATGCGG	GTTCGAATGC	AGGAGCTGCG	GCAAGCACAA	CTGCTGATAA	AGCCCTAACA	360
	TTCACAGGAT	TTTCTAACCT	TTCCTTCATT	GCAGCTCCTG	GAACTACAGT	TGCTTCAGGA	420
	AAAAGTACTT	TAAGTTCTGC	AGGAGCCTTA	AATCTTACCG	ATAATGGAAC	GATTCTCTTT	480
	AGCCAAAACG	TCTCCAATGA	AGCTAATAAC	AATGGCGGAG	CGATCACCAC	ΔΔΔΔΔΟΤΟΤΤ	540
	TCTATTTCTG	GGAATACCTC	TTCTATAACC	TTCACTAGTA	ATAGCGCAAA	AAAATTAGGT	600
	GGAGCGATCT	ATAGCTCTGC	GGCTGCAAGT	ATTTCAGGAA	ACACCGGCCA	GTTAGTCTTT	660
	ATGAATAATA	AAGGAGAAAC	TGGGGGCGGG	GCTCTGGGCT	TTGAAGCCAG	$CTCCTCC\DeltaTT$	720
	ACTCAAAATA	GCTCCCTTTT	CTTCTCTGGA	AACACTGCAA	CAGATGCTGC	AGGCAAGGGC	780
	GGGGCCATTT	ATTGTGAAAA	AACAGGAGAG	ACTCCTACTC	TTACTATCTC	TGGAAATAAA	840
	AGTCTGACCT	TCGCCGAGAA	CTCTTCAGTA	ACTCAAGGCG	GAGCAATCTG	TGCCCATGGT	900
	CTAGATCTTT	CCGCTGCTGG	CCCTACCCTA	TTTTCAAATA	ATAGATGCGG	GAACACAGCT	960
	GCAGGCAAGG	GCGGCGCTAT	TGCAATTGCC	GACTCTGGAT	CTTTAAGTCT	СТСТССАААТ	1020
	CAAGGAGACA	TCACGTTCCT	TGGCAACACT	CTAACCTCAA	CCTCCGCGCC	AACATCGACA	1080
	CGGAATGCTA	TCTACCTGGG	ATCGTCAGCA	AAAATTACGA	ACTTAAGGGC	AGCCCAAGGC	1140
	CAATCTATCT	ATTTCTATGA	TCCGATTGCA	TCTAACACCA	CAGGAGCTTC	AGACGTTCTG	1200
	ACCATCAACC	AACCGGATAG	CAACTCGCCT	TTAGATTATT	CAGGAACGAT	ԱՐՎԻՆ ԱՎԻՆԻ	1260
	GGGGAAAAGC	TCTCTGCAGA	TGAAGCGAAA	GCTGCTGATA	ACTTCACATC	TATATTAAAG	1320
	CAACCATTGG	CTCTAGCCTC	TGGAACCTTA	GCACTCAAAG	GAAATGTCGA	GTTAGATGTC	1380
	AATGGTTTCA	CACAGACTGA	AGGCTCTACA	CTCCTCATGC	AACCAGGAAC	AAAGCTCAAA	1440
	GCAGATACTG	AAGCTATCAG	TCTTACCAAA	CTTGTCGTTG	ATCTTTCTGC	CTTAGAGGGA	1500
	AATAAGAGTG	TGTCCATTGA	AACAGCAGGA	GCCAACAAAA	CTATAACTCT	A A CCTCTCCT	1560
	CTTGTTTTCC	AAGATAGTAG	CGGCAATTTT	TATGAAAGCC	ATACGATAAA	CCAACCCTTC	1620
	ACGCAGCCTT	TGGTGGTATT	CACTGCTGCT	ACTGCTGCTA	GCGATATTTA	TATCGATGCG	1680
	CITCICACTT	CTCCAGTACA	AACTCCAGAA	CCTCATTACG	GGTATCAGGG	ACATTGGGAA	1740
	GCCACTTGGG	CAGACACATC	AACTGCAAAA	TCAGGAACTA	TGACTTGGGT	AACTACGGGC	1800
	TACAACCCTA	ATCCTGAGCG	TAGAGCTTCC	GTAGTTCCCG	ATTCATTATG	CCC かかいしかかかか	1860
	ACTGACATTC	GCACTCTACA	GCAGATCATG	ACATCTCAAG	CGAATAGTAT	CTATCAGCAA	1920
	CGAGGACTCT	GGGCATCAGG	AACTGCGAAT	TTCTTCCATA	AGGATAAATC	AGGAACTAAC	1980
	CAAGCATTCC	GACATAAAAG	CTACGGCTAT	ATTGTTGGAG	GAAGTGCTGA	ACATTTTTTT	2040
	GAAAATATCT	TCAGTGTAGC	TTTCTGCCAG	CTCTTCGGTA	AAGATAAAGA	CCTCTTTTATA	2100
	GTTGAAAATA	CCTCTCATAA	CTATTTAGCG	TCGCTATACC	TGCAACATCG	AGCATTCCTA	2160
	GGAGGACTTC	CCATGCCCTC	ATTTGGAAGT	ATCACCGACA	TGCTGAAAGA	TA TTC CTC TC	2220
•	ATTTTGAATG	CCCAGCTAAG	CTACAGCTAC	ACTAAAAATG	ATATGGATAC	TCCCTATACT	2220
	TCCTATCCTG	AAGCTCAAGG	TTCTTGGACC	AATAATTCTG	GGGCTCTAGA	GCTCGGAGGA	2340
	TCTCTGGCTC	TATATCTCCC	TAAAGAAGCA	CCGTTCTTCC	AGGGATATTT	CCTCGGAGGA	2400
						CCCCTTCTTM	2400

AAGTTCCAGG	CAGTCTACAG	CCGCCAACAA	AACTTTAAAG	AGAGTGGCGC	TGAAGCCCGT	2460
GCTTTTGATG	ATGGAGACCT	AGTGAACTGC	TCTATCCCTG	TCGGCATTCG	GTTAGAAAAA	2520
ATCTCCGAAG	ATGAAAAAAA	TAATTTCGAG	ATTTCTCTAG	CCAACATTGG	TGATGTGTAT	2580
CGTAAAAATC	CCCGTTCGCG	TACTTCTCTA	ATGGTCAGTG	GAGCCTCTTG	GACTTCGCTA	2640
TGTAAAAACC	TCGCACGACA	AGCCTTCTTA	GCAAGTGCTG	GAAGCCATCT	GACTCTCTCC	2700
CCTCATGTAG	AACTCTCTGG	GGAAGCTGCT	TATGAGCTTC	GTGGCTCAGC	ACACATCTAC	2760
AATGTAGATT	GTGGGCTAAG	ATACTCATTC	TAG			2793

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 930 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

1	Lys			5					10					15	
Pro	Ile	Leu	Leu 20	Ser	Ile	Ala	Thr	Tyr 25	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ser 30	Leu	Ser
Pro	Thr	35					40					45			-
Ser	50				Asn	55					60		•		
65	Ile				70					75		-	_	-	80
	Glu			85					90				_	95	
	Phe		100					105					110		
	Thr	115					120					125			
	Ile 130					135					140				
Ser 145	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu 150	Asn	Leu	Thr	Asp	Asn 155	Gly	Thr	Ile	Leu	Phe 160
	Gln			165					170		_	-		175	
	Lys		180					185					190		
	Asn	195					200					205			
	Ser 210					215					220				
225	Glu				230					235					240
	Gln			245					250					255	
Ala	Gly	Lys	Gly 260	Gly	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Cys 265	Glu	Lys	Thr	Gly	Glu 270	Thr	Pro
Thr	Leu	Thr 275	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn	Lys 280	Ser	Leu	Thr	Phe	Ala 285	Glu	Asn	Ser
Ser	Val	Thr	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ile	Cys	Ala	His	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ser

	290					295					300				
305					310					315	Cys	Gly			Ala 320
				325					330					335	Ser
			340		Gly			345					350	Leu	Thr
		355			Thr		360					365			
	3/0				Asn	375					380				
385					Ala 390					395					400
				405					410					415	Thr
			420		Glu			425					430	Ala	
		435			Ile		440					445			
	450				Gly	455					460				
405					Thr 470					475					400
				405	Ile				490					495	Ser
			500		Lys			505					510	Ala	
		212			Thr		520					525	Ser		
	230				His	535					540				
243					Ala 550					555					560
				565	Val				570					575	
			580		Thr			585					590		
		232			Thr		600					605			
	910				Asp	615					620				
625					Met 630					635					640
				645	Ser				650					655	Lys
			660		Ala			665					670	Ile	
		0/5			Asp		680		•			685			
	090					695					700				
705					Ala 710					715					720
				725	Pro				730					735	Lys
Asp	ſle	Pro	Leu 740	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ala	Gln 745	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Tyr 750	Thr	Lys

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Asn Asp Met Asp Thr Arg Tyr Thr Ser Tyr Pro Glu Ala Gln Gly Ser
                          760
Trp Thr Asn Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Glu Leu Gly Gly Ser Leu Ala Leu
                      775
Tyr Leu Pro Lys Glu Ala Pro Phe Phe Gln Gly Tyr Phe Pro Phe Leu
                  790
                                     795
Lys Phe Gln Ala Val Tyr Ser Arg Gln Gln Asn Phe Lys Glu Ser Gly
              805
                                 810
Ala Glu Ala Arg Ala Phe Asp Asp Gly Asp Leu Val Asn Cys Ser Ile
                             825
          820
Pro Val Gly Ile Arg Leu Glu Lys Ile Ser Glu Asp Glu Lys Asn Asn
                          840
                                            845
Phe Glu Ile Ser Leu Ala Asn Ile Gly Asp Val Tyr Arg Lys Asn Pro
                     855
                                         860
Arg Ser Arg Thr Ser Leu Met Val Ser Gly Ala Ser Trp Thr Ser Leu
    870
                         .. 875
Cys Lys Asn Leu Ala Arg Gln Ala Phe Leu Ala Ser Ala Gly Ser His
      -8.8.5
                    --8.90
Leu Thr Leu Ser Pro His Val Glu Leu Ser Gly Glu Ala Ala Tyr Glu
                              905
Leu Arg Gly Ser Ala His Ile Tyr Asn Val Asp Cys Gly Leu Arg Tyr
                         920
Ser Phe
   930
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 840 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

GAAGACAATA	TAAGGTACCG	TCATAACAGC	GGGGGTTATG	CACTAGGGAT	CACAGCAACA	60
ACTCCTGCCG	AGGATCAGCT	TACTTTTGCC	TTCTGCCAGC	TCTTTGCTAG	AGATCGCAAT	120
CATATTACAG	GTAAGAACCA	CGGAGATACT	TACGGTGCCT	CTTTGTATTT	CCACCATACA	180
GAAGGGCTCT	TCGACATCGC	CAATTTCCTC	TGGGGAAAAG	CAACCCGAGC	TCCCTGGGTG	240
CTCTCTGAGA	TCTCCCAGAT	CATTCCTTTA	TCGTTCGATG	CTAAATTCAG	TTATCTCCAT	300
ACAGACAACC	ACATGAAGAC	ATATTATACC	GATAACTCTA	TCATCAAGGG	TTCTTGGAGA	360
AACGATGCCT	TCTGTGCAGA	TCTTGGAGCT	AGCCTGCCTT	TTGTTATTTC	CGTTCCGTAT	420
CTTCTGAAAG	AAGTCGAACC	TTTTGTCAAA	GTACAGTATA	TCTATGCGCA	TCAGCAAGAC	480
TTCTACGAGC	GTCATGCTGA	AGGACGCGCT	TTCAATAAAA	GCGAGCTTAT	CAACGTAGAG	540
ATTCCTATAG	GCGTCACCTT	CGAAAGAGAC	TCAAAATCAG	AAAAGGGAAC	TTACGATCTT	600
ACTCTTATGT	ATATACTCGA	TGCTTACCGA	CGCAATCCTA	AATGTCAAAC	TTCCCTAATA	660
GCTAGCGATG	CTAACTGGAT	GGCCTATGGT	ACCAACCTCG	CACGACAAGG	TTTTTCTGTT	720
CGTGCTGCGA	ACCATTTCCA	AGTGAACCCC	CACATGGAAA	TCTTCGGTCA	ATTCGCTTTT	780
GAAGTACGAA	GTTCTTCACG	AAATTATAAT	ACAAACCTAG	GCTCTAAGTT	TTGTTTCTAG	840

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 279 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:
- Glu Asp Asn Ile Arg Tyr Arg His Asn Ser Gly Gly Tyr Ala Leu Gly 10 Ile Thr Ala Thr Thr Pro Ala Glu Asp Gln Leu Thr Phe Ala Phe Cys 25 Gln Leu Phe Ala Arg Asp Arg Asn His Ile Thr Gly Lys Asn His Gly Asp Thr Tyr Gly Ala Ser Leu Tyr Phe His His Thr Glu Gly Leu Phe Asp Ile Ala Asn Phe Leu Trp Gly Lys Ala Thr Arg Ala Pro Trp Val 75 Leu Ser Glu Ile Ser Gln Ile Ile Pro Leu Ser Phe Asp Ala Lys Phe Ser Tyr Leu His Thr Asp Asn His Met Lys Thr Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Asn 105 Ser Ile Ile Lys Gly Ser Trp Arg Asn Asp Ala Phe Cys Ala Asp Leu 120 125 Gly Ala Ser Leu Pro Phe Val Ile Ser Val Pro Tyr Leu Leu Lys Glu 135 Val Glu Pro Phe Val Lys Val Gln Tyr Ile Tyr Ala His Gln Gln Asp 150 155 Phe Tyr Glu Arg His Ala Glu Gly Arg Ala Phe Asn Lys Ser Glu Leu 170 Ile Asn Val Glu Ile Pro Ile Gly Val Thr Phe Glu Arg Asp Ser Lys 185 Ser Glu Lys Gly Thr Tyr Asp Leu Thr Leu Met Tyr Ile Leu Asp Ala 200 Tyr Arg Arg Asn Pro Lys Cys Gln Thr Ser Leu Ile Ala Ser Asp Ala 215 Asn Trp Met Ala Tyr Gly Thr Asn Leu Ala Arg Gln Gly Phe Ser Val 230 235 Arg Ala Ala Asn His Phe Gln Val Asn Pro His Met Glu Ile Phe Gly 245 250 Gln Phe Ala Phe Glu Val Arg Ser Ser Ser Arg Asn Tyr Asn Thr Asn 260 265 Leu Gly Ser Lys Phe Cys Phe 275
 - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1545 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

ATGACCATAC TTCGAAATTT TCTTACCTGC TCGGCTTTAT TCCTCGCTCT CCCTGCAGCA

WO 98/58953 PCT/DK98/00266

GCACAAGTTG	TATATCTTCA	TGAAAGTGAT	GGTTATAACG	GTGCTATCAA	TAATAAAAGC	120
TTAGAACCTA	AAATTACCTG	TTATCCAGAA	GGAACTTCTT	ACATCTTTCT	AGATGACGTG	180
AGGATTTCCA	ACGTTAAGCA	TGATCAAGAA	GATGCTGGGG	TTTTTATAAA	TCGATCTGGG	240
AATCTTTTTT	TCATGGGCAA	CCGTTGCAAC	TTCACTTTTC	ACAACCTTAT	GACCGAGGGT	300
TTTGGCGCTG	CCATTTCGAA	CCGCGTTGGA	GACACCACTC	TCACTCTCTC	TAATTTTTCT	360
TACTTAACGT	TCACCTCAGC	ACCTCTACTA	CCTCAAGGAC	AAGGAGCGAT	TTATAGTCTT	420
GGTTCCGTGA	TGATCGAAAA	TAGTGAGGAA	GTGACTTTCT	GTGGGAACTA	CTCTTCGTGG	480
AGTGGAGCTG	CGATTTATAC	TCCCTACCTT	TTAGGTTCTA	AGGCGAGTCG	TCCTTCAGTA	540
AATCTCAGCG	GGAACCGCTA	CCTGGTGTTT	AGAGACTATG	TGAGCCAAGG	TTATGGCGGC	600
GCCGTATCTA	CCCACAATCT	CACACTCACG	ACTCGAGGAC	CTTCGTGTTT	TGAAAATAAT	660
CATGCTTATC	ATGACGTGAA	TAGTAATGGA	GGAGCCATTG	CCATTGCTCC	TGGAGGATCG	720
ATCTCTATAT	CCGTGAAAAG	CGGAGATCTC	ATCTTCAAAG	GAAATACAGC	ATCACAAGAC	780
GGAAATACAA	TACACAACTC	CATCCATCTG	CAATCTGGAG	CACAGTTTAA	GAACCTACGT	840
GCTGTTTCAG	AATCCGGAGT	TTATTTCTAT	GATCCTATAA	GCCATAGCGA	GTCGCATAAA	900
ATTACAGATC	TTGTAATCAA	TGCTCCTGAA	GGAAAGGAAA	CTTATGAAGG	AACAATTAGC	960
TTCTCAGGAC	TATGCCTGGA	TGATCATGAA	GTTTGTGCGG	AAAATCTTAC	TTCCACAATC	1020
CTACAAGATG	TCACATTAGC	AGGAGGAACT	CTCTCTCTAT	CGGATGGGGT	TACCTTGCAA	1080
CTGCATTCTT	TTAAGCAGGA	AGCAAGCTCT	ACGCTTACTA	TGTCTCCAGG	AACCACTCTG	1140
CTCTGCTCAG	GAGATGCTCG	GGTTCAGAAT	CTGCACATCC	TGATTGAAGA	TACCGACAAC	1200
TTTGTTCCTG	TAAGGATTCG	CGCCGAGGAC	AAGGATGCTC	TTGTCTCATT	AGAAAAACTT	1260
AAAGTTGCCT	TTGAGGCTTA	TTGGTCCGTC	TATGACTTTC	CTCAATTTAA	GGAAGCCTTŢ	1320
ACGATTCCTC	TTCTTGAACT	TCTAGGGCCT	TCTTTTGACA	GTCTTCTCCT	AGGGGAGACC	1380
ACTTTGGAGA	GAACCCAAGT	CACAACAGAG	AATGACGCCG	TTCGAGGTTT	CTGGTCCCTA	1440
AGCTGGGAAG	AGTACCCCCC	TTCTCTGGAT	AAAGACAGAA	GGATCACACC	AACTAAGAAA	1500
ACTGTTTTCC	TCACTTGGAA	TCCTGAGATC	ACTTCTACGC	CATAA		1545

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 514 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:
- Met Thr Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Leu Thr Cys Ser Ala Leu Phe Leu Ala Leu Pro Ala Ala Ala Gln Val Val Tyr Leu His Glu Ser Asp Gly Tyr 25 Asn Gly Ala Ile Asn Asn Lys Ser Leu Glu Pro Lys Ile Thr Cys Tyr 40 Pro Glu Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ile Phe Leu Asp Asp Val Arg Ile Ser Asn Val Lys His Asp Gln Glu Asp Ala Gly Val Phe Ile Asn Arg Ser Gly Asn Leu Phe Phe Met Gly Asn Arg Cys Asn Phe Thr Phe His Asn Leu 90 Met Thr Glu Gly Phe Gly Ala Ala Ile Ser Asn Arg Val Gly Asp Thr 105 Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Asn Phe Ser Tyr Leu Thr Phe Thr Ser Ala Pro 120 125 Leu Leu Pro Gin Gly Gln Gly Ala Ile Tyr Ser Leu Gly Ser Val Met 135 Ile Glu Asn Ser Glu Glu Val Thr Phe Cys Gly Asn Tyr Ser Ser Trp

145					150					155					160
Ser	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ser	Lvs	Ala	Ser
				165					170					175	
Arg	Pro	Ser	Val	Asn	Leu	Ser	Gly	Asn	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Val	Phe	Arg	Asp
			180					185					190		
lyr	Val	ser	Gin	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Ala	Val	Ser	Thr		Asn	Leu	Thr
Leu	Thr	195		C1	D	0	200					205			
пец	210	7111	Arg	GIY	PIO	215	Cys	Phe	Glu	Asn		His	Ala	Tyr	His
Asp		Asn	Ser	Asn	Glv		Δla	Tie	Δla	T 3 0	220	D===	~1. -	Gly	0
225					230	017	····		AIG	235	ATA	PIO	Gry	GIA	240
Ile	Ser	Ile	Ser	Val	Lys	Ser	Gly	asp	Leu	Ile	Phe	Lvs	Glv	Asn	Thr
				245					250					255	
Ala	Ser	Gln	Asp	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ile	His	Asn	Ser	Ile	His	Leu	Gln	Ser
			260					265					270		
GIY	Ala	Gin	Phe	Lys	Asn	Leu		Ala	Val	Ser	Glu	Ser	Gly	Val	Tyr
Dhe	Тъгъ	275	Dro	71 a	C	T7.2 -	280	~-3	_			285			
FIIC	290	Asp	PIO	116	ser	H1S	Ser	Glu	Ser	His		Ile	Thr	Asp	Leu
Val		Asn	Ala	Pro	Glu		Lvc	Glu	Th∽	Т1 г2-	300	C1	mb	Ile	0
305					310	O = 7	<i></i>	GIU	T 11T	315	GIU	GIÀ	Inr	TTE	320
Phe	Ser	Gly	Leu	Cys	Leu	Asp	Asp	His	Glu	Val	Cvs	Ala	Glu	Asn	320 T.en
				325					330					335	
Thr	Ser	Thr	Ile	Leu	Gln	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr	Leu	Ser
			340					345			1		350		
Leu	ser	355	GIY	Val	Thr	Leu	Gln	Leu	His	Ser	Phe		Gln	Glu	Ala
Ser	Ser		T.e.11	Thr	Mot	Sar	360	C1	m)	m)	-	365	_	_	
	370			1111	Mec	375	PLO	GIA	inr	Inr	180	Leu	Cys	Ser	Gly
Asp	Ala	Arg	Val	Gln	Asn		His	Ile	Leu	Tle	Glu	Acn	Thr	Asp	7 ~~
385					390					395					400
Phe	Val	Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Arg	Ala	Glu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Val	Ser
				405					410					415	
Leu	GLu	Lys	Leu	Lys	Val	Ala	Phe	Glu	Ala	Tyr	Trp	Ser	Val	Tyr	Asp
Dhe	Dro	Cln	420 Dho	T	61		_,	425					430		
rne	FIO	435	PHE	Lys	GIU	AIA	440	Thr	Ile	Pro	Leu		Glu	Leu	Leu
Glv	Pro		Phe	Asp	Ser	T.e.11		Lau	C1	<u>ما</u>	Mlb sa	445	. .	Glu	_ 0
-	450					455	nea	Leu	Gry	GIU	460	Inr	Leu	GIU	Arg
Thr	Gln	Val	Thr	Thr	Glu		Asp	Ala	Val	Ara	Glv	Phe	Trn	Ser	Len
465					470					475					480
Ser	Trp	Glu	Glu	Tyr	Pro	Pro	Ser	Leu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Arg	Arg	Ile	Thr
				485					490	*				495	
PIO	inr	гÀг	Lys	Thr	Val	Phe	Leu	Thr	Trp	Asn	Pro	Glu	Ile	Thr	Ser
Thr	Pro		500					505					510		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 787 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

ATGAAAACGT	CTATTCGTAA	GTTCTTAATT	TCTACCACAC	TGGCGCCATG	TTTTGCTTCA	60
ACAGCGTTTA	CTGTAGAAGT	TATCATGCCT	TCCGAGAACT	TTGATGGATC	GAGTGGGAAG	120
ATTTTTCCTT	ACACAACACT	TTCTGATCCT	AGAGGGACAC	TCTGTATTTT	TTCAGGGGAT	180
CTCTACATTG	CGAATCTTGA	TAATGCCATA	TCCAGAACCT	CTTCCAGTTG	CTTTAGCAAT	240
AGGGCGGGAG	CACTACAAAT	CTTAGGAAAA	GGTGGGGTTT	TCTCCTTCTT	AAATATCCGT	300
TCTTCAGCTG	ACGGAGCCGC	GATTAGTAGT	GTAATCACCC	AAAATCCTGA	ACTATGTCCC	360
TTGAGTTTTT	CAGGATTTAG	TCAGATGATC	TTCGATAACT	GTGAATCTTT	GACTTCAGAT	420
ACCTCAGCGA	GTAATGTCAT	ACCTCACGCA	TCGGCGATTT	ACGCTACAAC	GCCCATGCTC	480
TTTACAAACA	ATGACTCCAT	ACTATTCCAA	TACAACCGTT	CTGCAGGATT	TGGAGCTGCC	540
ATTCGAGGCA	CAAGCATCAC	AATAGAAAAT	ACGAAAAAGA	GCCTTCTCTT	TAATGGTAAT	600
GGATCCATCT	CTAATGGAGG	GGCCCTCACG	GGATCTGCAG	CGATCAACCT	CATCAACAAT	660
AGCGCTCCTG	TGATTTTCTC	AACGAATGCT	ACAGGGATCT	ATGGTGGGGC	TATTTACCTT	720
ACCGGAGGAT	CTATGCTCAC	CTCTGGGAAC	CTCTCAGGAG	TCTTGTTCGT	TTATAATAGC	780
TCGCGCT						787

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 262 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

Met 1	Lys	Thr	Ser	Ile 5	Arg	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile 10	Ser	Thr	Thr	Leu	Ala 15	Pro
Cys	Phe	Ala	Ser 20	Thr	Ala	Phe	Thr	Val 25	Glu	Val	Ile	Met	Pro 30	Ser	Glu
Asn	Phe	Asp 35	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 40	Ile	Phe	Pro	Tyr	Thr 45	Thr	Leu	Ser
Asp	Pro 50	Arg	Gly	Thr	Leu	Cys 55	Ile	Phe	Ser	Gly	Asp 60	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Ala
Asn 65	Leu	Asp	Asn	Ala	Ile 70	Ser	Arg	Thr	Ser	Ser 75	Ser	Cys	Phe	Ser	Asn 80
Arg	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu 85	Gln	Ile	Leu	Gly	Lys 90	Gly	Gly	Val	Phe	Ser 95	Phe
Leu	Asn	Ile	Arg 100	Ser	Ser	Ala	Asp	Gly 105	Ala	Ala	Ile	Ser	Ser	Val	Ile
Thr	Gln	Asn 115	Pro	Glu	Leu	Cys	Pro 120	Leu	Ser	Phe	Ser	Gly 125	Phe	Ser	Gln
Met	Ile 130	Phe	Asp	Asn	Cys	Glu 135	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asp 140	Thr	Ser	Ala	Ser
Asn 145	Val	Ile	Pro	His	Ala 150	Ser	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Ala 155	Thr	Thr	Pro	Met	Leu 160
Phe	Thr	Asn	Asn	Asp 165	Ser	Ile	Leu	Phe	Gln 170	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Ser	Ala 175	Gly
Phe	Gly	Ala	Ala 180	Ile	Arg	Gly	Thr	Ser 185	Ile	Thr	Ile	Glu	Asn 190	Thr	Lys
Lys	Ser	Leu 195	Leu	Phe	Asn	Gly	Asn 200	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ser	Asn 205	Gly	Gly	Ala
Leu	Thr 210	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ile 215	Asn	Leu	Ile	Asn	Asn 220		Ala	Pro	Val

```
      11e
      Phe
      Ser
      Thr
      Ala
      Thr
      Gly
      Ile
      Tyr
      Gly
      Gly
      Ala
      Ile
      Tyr
      Leu

      225
      Image: Control of the contr
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2838 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

ATGAAGACTT	CAGTTTCTAT	GTTGTTGGCC	CTGCTTTGCT	CGGGGGCTAG	CTCTATTGTA	60
CTCCATGCCG	CAACCACTCC	ACTAAATCCT	GAAGATGGGT	TTATTGGGGA	GGGCAATACA	120
AATACTTTTT					TCTCACAGGA	180
GAGGTTCTGT		GGGGAAAGGT	GGTTCAATTA	CAGGAACTTG	CTTTGTAGAA	240
	ATCTTACATT	TTTAGGTAAT	GGAAATACCC	TAAAGTTCCT	GTCGGTAGAT	300
	ATATCGCGGT	TGCTCATGTA	CAAGGAAGTA	AGAATTTAAG	CTTCACAGAT	360
TTCCTTTCTC		AGAATCTCCA	AAATCCGCTG	TTAGTACAGG	AAAAGGTAGC	420
	CAGGTGCAGT	CCAACTGCAA	GATATAAACA	CTCTAGTTCT	TACAAGCAAT	480
GCCTCTGTCG	AAGATGGTGG	CGTGATTAAA	GGAAACTCCT	GCTTGATTCA	GGGAATCAAA	540
AATAGTGCGA	TTTTTGGACA	AAATACATCT	TCGAAAAAAG	GAGGGGCGAT	CTCCACGACT	600
CAAGGACTCA	CCATAGAGAA	TAACTTAGGG	ACGCTAAAGT	TCAATGAAAA	CAAAGCAGTG	660
ACCTCAGGAG	GCGCCTTAGA	TTTAGGAGCC	GCGTCTACAT	TCACTGCGAA	CCATGAGTTG	720
ATATTTTCAC	AAAATAAGAC	TTCTGGGAAT	GCTGCAAATG	GCGGAGCCAT	AAATTGCTCA	780
GGCGACCTAA	CATTTACTGA	TAACACTTCT	TTGTTACTTC	AAGAAAATAG	CACAATGCAG	840
GATGGTGGAG	CTTTGTGTAG	CACAGGAACC	ATAAGCATTA	CCGGTAGTGA	TTCTATCAAT	900
GTGATAGGAA	ATACTTCAGG	ACAAAAAGGA	GGAGCGATTT	CTGCAGCTTC	TCTCAAGATT	960
TTGGGAGGGC	AGGGAGGCGC	TCTCTTTTCT	AATAACGTAG	TGACTCATGC	СУССССТСТУ	1020
GGAGGTGCCA	TTTTTATCAA	CACAGGAGGA	TCCTTGCAGC	TCTTCACTCA	AGGAGGGGAT	1080
ATCGTATTCG	AGGGGAATCA	GGTCACTACA	ACAGCTCCAA	ATGCTACCAC	ТААСАСАААТ	1140
GTAATTCACC	TCGAGAGCAC	CGCGAAGTGG	ACGGGACTTG	CTGCAAGTCA	AGGTAACGCT	1200
ATCTATTTCT	ATGATCCCAT	TACCACCAAC	GATACGGGAG	CAAGCGATAA	CTTACGTATC	1260
AATGAGGTCA	GTGCAAATCA	AAAGCTCTCG	GGATCTATAG	TATTTTCTGG	AGAGAGATTG	1320
TCGACAGCAG	AAGCTATAGC	TGAAAATCTT	ACTTCGAGGA	TCAACCAGCC	ጥርጥር ለጥጥጥ አ ነ	1380
GTAGAGGGGA	GCTTAGAACT	TAAACAGGGA	GTGACCTTGA	TCACACAAGG	ATTCTCGCAG	1440
GAGCCAGAAT	CCACGCTTCT	TTTGGATTTG	GGGACCTCAT	TACAAGCTTC	ТАСАСААСАТ	1500
ATCGTCATCA	CAAATTCATC	TATAAATGCC	GATACCATTT	ACGGAAAGAA	TCCAATCAAT	1560
ATTGTAGCTT	CAGCAGCGAA	TAAGAACATT	ACCCTAACAG	GAACCTTAGC	ΑζΨΤζΨΔΔΔΨ	1620
GCAGATGGAG	CTTTGTATGA	GAACCATACC	TTGCAAGACT	CTCAAGATTA	TAGCTTTGTA	1680
AAGTTATCTC	CAGGAGCGGG	AGGGACTATA	ATTACTCAAG	ATGCTTCTCA	GAAGCTTCTT	1740
GAAGTAGCTC	CTTCTAGACC	ACATTATGGC	TATCAAGGAC	ATTGGAATGT	GCAAGTCATC	1800
CCAGGAACGG	GAACTCAACC	GAGCCAGGCA	AATTTAGAAT	GGGTGCGGAC	AGGATACCTT	1860
CCGAATCCCG	AACGGCAAGG	ATTTTTAGTT	CCCAATAGCC	TGTGGGGTTC	TTTTGTTGAT	1920
CAGCGTGCTA	TCCAAGAAAT	CATGGTAAAT	AGTAGCCAAA	TCTTATGTCA	GGAACGGGGA	1980
GTCTGGGGAG	CTGGAATTGC	TAATTTCCTA	CATAGAGATA	AAATTAATGA	GCACGGCTAT	2040
CGCCATAGCG	GTGTCGGTTA	TCTTGTGGGA	GTTGGCACTC	ATGCTTTTTC	TGATGCTACG	2100
ATAAATGCGG	CTTTTTGCCA	GCTCTTCAGT	AGAGATAAAG	ACTACGTAGT	ATCCAAAAAT	2160
CATGGAACTA	GCTACTCAGG	GGTCGTATTT	CTTGAGGATA	CCCTAGAGTT	TAGAAGTCCA	2220
CAGGGATTCT	ATACTGATAG	CTCCTCAGAA	GCTTGCTGTA	ACCAAGTCGT	CACTATAGAT	2220
						2200

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ATGCAGTTGT	CTTACAGCCA	TAGAAATAAT	GATATGAAAA	CCAAATACAC	GACATATCCA	2340
GAAGCTCAGG	GATCTTGGGC	AAATGATGTT	TTTGGTCTTG	AGTTTGGAGC	GACTACATAC	2400
TACTACCCTA	ACAGTACTTT	TTTATTTGAT	TACTACTCTC	CGTTTCTCAG	GCTGCAGTGC	2460
ACCTATGCTC	ACCAGGAAGA	CTTCAAAGAG	ACAGGAGGTG	AGGTTCGTCA	CTTTACTAGC	2520
GGAGATCTTT	TCAATTTAGC	AGTTCCTATT	GGCGTGAAGT.	TTGAGAGATT	TTCAGACTGT	2580
AAAAGGGGAT	CTTATGAACT	TACCCTTGCT	TATGTTCCTG	ATGTGATTCG	CAAAGATCCC	2640
AAGAGCACGG	CAACATTGGC	TAGTGGAGCT	ACGTGGAGCA	CCCACGGAAA	CAATCTCTCC	2700
AGACAAGGAT	TACAACTGCG	TTTAGGGAAC	CACTGTCTCA	TAAATCCTGG	AATTGAGGTG	2760
TTCAGTCACG	GAGCTATTGA	ATTGCGGGGA	TCCTCTCGTA	ATTATAACAT	CAATCTCGGG	2820
GGTAAATACC	GATTTTAA					2838

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 946 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

Met 1	Lys	Thr	Ser	Val 5	Ser	Met	Leu	Leu	Ala 10	Leu	Leu	Cys	Ser	Gly 15	Ala
			20					Thr 25					30		-
		35					40	Asn				45	-		
	50					55		Ser			60				
65					70			Ile		75		_			80
Thr	Ala	Gly	Asp	Leu 85	Thr	Phe	Leu	Gly	Asn 90	Gly	Asn	Thr	Leu	Lys 95	Phe
			100					Ile 105					110		-
		115					120	Phe				125			
	130					135		Gly			140				
145					150			Asn		155					160
Ala	Ser	Val	Glu	Asp 165	Gly	Gly	Val	Ile	Lys 170	Gly	Asn	Ser	Cys	Leu 175	Ile
Gln	Gly	Ile	Lys 180	Asn	Ser	Ala	Ile	Phe 185	Gly	Gln	Asn	Thr	Ser 190	Ser	Lys
Lys	Gly	Gly 195	Ala	Ile	Ser	Thr	Thr 200	Gln	Gly	Leu	Thr	Ile 205	Glu	Asn	Asn
Leu	Gly 210	Thr	Leu	Lys	Phe	Asn 215	Glu	Asn	Lys	Ala	Val 220	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly
Ala 225	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gly	Ala 230	Ala	Ser	Thr	Phe	Thr 235	Ala	Asn	His	Glu	Leu 240
Ile	Phe	Ser	Gln	Asn 245	Lys	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asn 250	Ala	Ala	Asn	Gly	Gly 255	Ala
Ile	Asn	Cys	Ser 260	Gly	Asp	Leu	Thr	Phe 265	Thr	Asp	Asn	Thr	Ser 270	Leu	Leu

		275)				280)				285	Cys		
	290					295	5				300	i	. Ile		
Thr	Ser	Gly	Glr.	Lys	Gly 310	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ile
		Glv	Gln	Glv			I.e.	Dhe	Sar	315	7.00	17-3	Val	m -	320
				325					330	i				335	
			340					345					Gly 350	Ser	Lev
		355					360					365	Asn	Gln	
	370					375					380	Val	Ile		
Glu 385	Ser	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Thr	Gly	Leu	Ala			Gln	Gly	Asn	
	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Asp			Thr	Thr	Asn	395 Asp	Thr	Glv	Ala	Sar	400
				405					410					415	
Asn	Leu	Arg	11e 420	Asn	Glu	Val	Ser	Ala 425		Gln	Lys	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser
Ile	Val	Phe			Glu	Arg	Leu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Glu	Ala	430 Ile	Ala	Glu
		435					440					445			
ASII	450	inr	ser	Arg	lle	Asn 455	Gln	Pro	Val	Thr	Leu 460	Val	Glu	Gly	Ser
Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Gln	Gly	Val	Thr	Leu	Ile	Thr	Gln	Gly	Phe	Ser	Gln
465 Glu	Pro	Glu	Ser	Thr	470	T 011	T	7	.	475		_			480
				485					490				Leu	495	
			500					505					Ala 510		
		212					520					525	Ala		
	530					535					540		Asp		
Leu 545	Tyr	Glu	Asn	His	Thr 550	Leu	Gln	Asp	Ser	Gln 555	Asp	Tyr	Ser	Phe	Val 560
Lys	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly 565	Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ile 570	Ile	Thr	Gln	Asp		Ser
Gln	Lys	Leu	Leu 580		Val	Ala	Pro	Ser	Arg	Pro	His	Tyr	Gly	575 Tyr	Gln
Gly	His	Trp		Val	Gln	Val	Ile	585 Pro	Glv	Thr	Glv	Thr	590 Gln	Pro	Sor
		232					600					605			
Gln	Ala 610	Asn	Leu	Glu	Trp	Val	Arg	Thr	Gly	Tyr		Pro	Asn	Pro	Glu
Arg		Gly	Phe	Leu	Val	615 Pro	Asn	Ser	T. 211	Trn	620	60-	Phe	17- 1	3
625					630					635					640
Gln	Arg	Ala	Ile	Gln 645	Glu	Ile	Met	Val	Asn 650	Ser	Ser	Gln	Ile	Leu 655	Cys
Gln	Glu	Arg	Gly 660	Val	Trp	Gly	Ala	Gly 665	Ile	Ala	Asn	Phe	Leu 670	His	Arg
		0/2					680	Arg				685	Gly		
Val	Gly 690	Val	Gly	Thr	His	Ala 695	Phe	Ser	Asp	Ala	Thr 700	Ile	Asn	Ala	Ala
Phe 705		Gln	Leu	Phe	Ser 710		Asp	Lys	Asp		Val	Val	Ser	Lys	
	Gly	Thr	Ser	Tyr		Gly	Val	Val	Phe	715 Leu	Glu	Asp	Thr	T.A11	720

				725					730					735	
Phe	Arg	Ser	Pro 740	Gln	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Thr 745	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ser	Glu 750	Ala	Cys
Cys	Asn	Gln 755	Val	Val	Thr	Ile	Asp 760	Met	Gln	Leu	Ser	Tyr 765	Ser	His	Arg
Asn	Asn 770	Asp	Met	Lys	Thr	Lys 775	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Pro 780	Glu	Ala	Gln	Gly
Ser 785	Trp	Ala	Asn	Asp	Val 790	Phe	Gly	Leu	Glu	Phe 795	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Tyr 800
Tyr	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Ser 805	Thr	Phe	Leu	Phe	Asp 810	Tyr	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Phe 815	Leu
			820					825					830	Thr	_
		835					840					845		Ala	
	850					855					860			Gly	
Tyr 865	Glu	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala 870	Tyr	Val	Pro	Asp	Val 875	Ile	Arg	Lys	Asp	Pro 880
				885					890					His 895	_
Asn	Asn	Leu	Ser 900	Arg	Gln	Gly	Leu	Gln 905	Leu	Arg	Leu	Gly	Asn 910	His	Cys
Leu	Ile	Asn 915	Pro	Gly	Ile	Glu	Val 920	Phe	Ser	His	Gly	Ala 925	Ile	Glu	Leu
Arg Phe 945	Gly 930	Ser	Ser	Arg	Asn	Tyr 935	Asn	Ile	Asn	Leu	Gly 940	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Arg

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 3000 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
- (B) LOCATION: 259...3000
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

ATCAGGTGAT	AAAAGTTCC	T CGTTA	GCTAG	TGA	ACTGI	AGG	TGA	CATG	AGA	AAGCT	CAACAC	60
GGAGGAAACT	AAAACCCAA	G GAATC	GAAGT	CTI	CATO	GTA	ATG	TTTT	rgt	TTTTT	AGAGA	120
ACTATTCGCA												
GTCAAGAATT												240
TAATAATAAA	GTGGGTTT	ATG AAA	TCG	CAA	TTT	TCC	TGG	TTA	GTG	CTC	TCT	291
		Met Lys	Ser	Gln	Phe	Ser	Trp	Leu	Val	Leu	Ser	
		1			5					10		

TCG Ser	ACA Thr	TTG Leu	GCA Ala 15	TGT Cys	TTT	ACT Thr	AGT Ser	TGT Cys 20	TCC Ser	ACT Thr	GTT Val	TTT Phe	GCT Ala 25	GCA Ala	ACT Thr	339
GCT Ala	GAA Glu	AAT Asn 30	ATA	GGC Gly	CCC	TCT	GAT Asp 35	AGC Ser	TTT Phe	GAC Asp	GGA Gly	AGT Ser 40	ACT Thr	AAC Asn	ACA Thr	387
GGC Gly	ACC Thr 45	TAT Tyr	ACT Thr	CCT Pro	AAA Lys	AAT Asn 50	ACG Thr	ACT Thr	ACT Thr	GGA Gly	ATA Ile 55	GAC Asp	TAT Tyr	ACT Thr	CTG Leu	435
ACA Thr 60	GGA Gly	GAT Asp	ATA Ile	ACT Thr	CTG Leu 65	CAA Gln	AAC Asn	CTT	GGG Gly	GAT Asp 70	TCG Ser	GCA Ala	GCT Ala	TTA Leu	ACG Thr 75	483
AAG Lys	GGT Gly	TGT Cys	TTT Phe	TCT Ser 80	GAC Asp	ACT	ACG Thr	GAA Glu	TCT Ser 85	TTA Leu	AGC Ser	TTT Phe	GCC Ala	GGT Gly 90	AAG Lys	531
GGG Gly	TAC Tyr	TCA Ser	CTT Leu 95	TCT Ser	TTT Phe	TTA Leu	AAT Asn	ATT Ile 100	AAG Lys	TCT Ser	AGT Ser	GCT Ala	GAA Glu 105	GGC Gly	GCA Ala	579
GCA Ala	CTT Leu	TCT Ser 110	GTT Val	ACA Thr	ACT Thr	GAT Asp	AAA Lys 115	AAT Asn	CTG Leu	TCG Ser	CTA Leu	ACA Thr 120	GGA Gly	TTT Phe	TCG Ser	627
AGT Ser	CTT Leu 125	ACT Thr	TTC Phe	TTA Leu	GCG Ala	GCC Ala 130	CCA Pro	TCA Ser	TCG Ser	GTA Val	ATC Ile 135	ACA Thr	ACC Thr	CCC Pro	TCA Ser	675
GGA Gly 140	AAA Lys	GGT Gly	GCA Ala	GTT Val	AAA Lys 145	TGT Cys	GGA Gly	GGG Gly	GAT Asp	CTT Leu 150	ACA Thr	TTT Phe	GAT Asp	AAC Asn	AAT Asn 155	723
GGA Gly	ACT Thr	ATT Ile	TTA Leu	TTT Phe 160	AAA Lys	CAA Gln	GAT Asp	TAC Tyr	TGT Cys 165	GAG Glu	GAA Glu	AAT Asn	GGC Gly	GGA Gly 170	GCC Ala	771
ATT Ile	TCT Ser	ACC Thr	AAG Lys 175	AAT Asn	CTT Leu	TCT Ser	TTG Leu	AAA Lys 180	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	ACG Thr	GGA Gly	TCG Ser 185	ATT Ile	TCT Ser	819
TTT Phe	GAA Glu	GGG Gly 190	AAT Asn	AAA Lys	TCG Ser	AGC Ser	GCA Ala 195	ACA Thr	GGG Gly	AAA Lys	AAA Lys	GGT Gly 200	GGG Gly	GCT Ala	ATT Ile	867
TGT Cys	GCT Ala 205	ACT Thr	GGT Gly	ACT Thr	GTA Val	GAT Asp 210	ATT Ile	ACA Thr	AAT Asn	AAT Asn	ACG Thr 215	GCT Ala	CCT Pro	ACC Thr	CTC Leu	915
TTC Phe 220	TCG Ser	AAC Asn	AAT Asn	ATT Ile	GCT Ala 225	GAA Glu	GCT Ala	GCA Ala	GGT Gly	GGA Gly 230	GCT Ala	ATA Ile	AAT Asn	AGC Ser	ACA Thr 235	963
GGA	AAC	TGT	ACA	ATT	ACA	GGG	TAA	ACG	TCT	CTT	GTA	TTT	TCT	GAA	TAA	1011

Gly	Asn	Cys	Thr	Ile 240	Thr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ser 245	Leu	Val	Phe	Ser	Glu 250	Asn	
								GGA Gly 260								1059
								AGT Ser								1107
								TAT Tyr								1155
								TTT								1203
								ATT Ile								1251
								GAC Asp 340								1299
								ACA Thr								1347
								TTA Leu								1395
								GCT Ala								1443
								GAT Asp								1491
AGT Ser	GGG Gly	TCG Ser	ATT Ile 415	GTT Val	TTT Phe	TCT Ser	GGT Gly	GAA Glu 420	AAG Lys	CTC Leu	TCT Ser	GAA Glu	GAT Asp 425	GAA Glu	GCA Ala	1539
AAA Lys	GTT Val	GCA Ala 430	GAC Asp	AAC Asn	CTC Leu	ACT Thr	TCT Ser 435	ACG Thr	CTG Leu	AAG Lys	CAG Gln	CCT Pro 440	GTA Val	ACT Thr	CTA Leu	1587
								CGT Arg								1635
GGC Gly	TTT Phe	ACT Thr	CAG Gln	ACC Thr	GCG Ala	GGT Gly	TCC Ser	TCT Ser	GTT Val	ATT Ile	ATG Met	GAT Asp	GCG Ala	GGC Gly	ACA Thr	1683

76

460					465					470					475	
ACG Thr	TTA Leu	AAA Lys	GCA Ala	AGT Ser 480	ACA Thr	GAG Glú	GAG Glu	GTC Val	ACT Thr 485	TTA Leu	ACA Thr	GGT Gly	CTT Leu	TCC Ser 490	ATT Ile	1731
CCT Pro	GTA Val	GAC Asp	TCT Ser 495	TTA Leu	GGC Gly	GAG Glu	GGT Gly	AAG Lys 500	AAA Lys	GTT Val	GTA Val	ATT Ile	GCT Ala 505	GCT Ala	TCT Ser	1 7 79
GCA Ala	GCA Ala	AGT Ser 510	AAA Lys	AAT Asn	GTA Val	GCC Ala	CTT Leu 515	AGT	GGT Gly	CCG Pro	ATT Ile	CTT Leu 520	CTT Leu	TTG Leu	GAT Asp	1827
AAC Asn	CAA Gln 525	GGG Gly	AAT Asn	GCT Ala	TAT Tyr	GAA Glu 530	AAT Asn	CAC His	GAC Asp	TTA Leu	GGA Gly 535	AAA Lys	ACT Thr	CAA Gln	GAC Asp	1875
TTT Phe 540	TCA Ser	TTT Phe	GTG Val	CAG Gln	CTC Leu 545	TCT Ser	GCT Ala	CTG Leu	GGT Gly	ACT Thr 550	GCA Ala	ACA Thr	ACT Thr	ACA Thr	GAT Asp 555	1923
GTT Val	CCA Pro	GCG Ala	GTT Val	CCT Pro 560	ACA Thr	GTA Val	GCA Ala	ACT Thr	CCT Pro 565	ACG Thr	CAC His	TAT Tyr	GGG Gly	TAT Tyr 570	CAA Gln	1971
GGT Gly	ACT Thr	TGG Trp	GGA Gly 575	ATG Met	ACT Thr	TGG Trp	GTT Val	GAT Asp 580	GAT Asp	ACC Thr	GCA Ala	AGC Ser	ACT Thr 585	CCA Pro	AAG Lys	2019
ACT Thr	AAG Lys	ACA Thr 590	GCG Ala	ACA Thr	TTA Leu	GCT Ala	TGG Trp 595	ACC Thr	AAT Asn	ACA Thr	GGC Gly	TAC Tyr 600	CTT Leu	CCG Pro	AAT Asn	2067
CCT Pro	GAG Glu 605	CGT Arg	CAA Gln	GGA Gly	CCT Pro	TTA Leu 610	GTT Val	CCT Pro	AAT Asn	AGC Ser	CTT Leu 615	TGG Trp	GGA Gly	TCT Ser	TTT Phe	2115
TCA Ser 620	GAC Asp	ATC Ile	CAA Gln	GCG Ala	ATT Ile 625	CAA Gln	GGT Gly	GTC Val	ATA Ile	GAG Glu 630	AGA Arg	AGT Ser	GCT Ala	TTG Leu	ACT Thr 635	2163
CTT Leu	TGT Cys	TCA Ser	GAT Asp	CGA Arg 640	GGC Gly	TTC Phe	TGG Trp	GCT Ala	GCG Ala 645	GGA Gly	GTC Val	GCC Ala	AAT Asn	TTC Phe 650	TTA Leu	2211
GAT Asp	AAA Lys	GAT Asp	AAG Lys 655	AAA Lys	GGG Gly	GAA Glu	AAA Lys	CGC Arg 660	AAA Lys	TAC Tyr	CGT Arg	CAT His	AAA Lys 665	TCT Ser	GGT Gly	2259
GGA Gly	TAT Tyr	GCT Ala 670	ATC Ile	GGA Gly	GGT Gly	GCA Ala	GCG Ala 675	CAA Gln	ACT Thr	TGT Cys	TCT Ser	GAA Glu 680	AAC Asn	TTA Leu	ATT Ile	2307
AGC Ser	TTT Phe 685	GCC Ala	TTT Phe	TGC Cys	CAA Gln	CTC Leu 690	TTT Phe	GGT Gly	AGC Ser	GAT Asp	AAA Lys 695	GAT Asp	TTC Phe	TTA Leu	GTC Val	2355

		AAT Asn														2403
		GAA Glu														2451
		TGG Trp														2499
		GTC Val 750														2547
		GGT Gly														2595
		CAT His														2643
		ATC Ile														2691
		GGT Gly														2739
		TTG Leu 830														2787
		TCT Ser														2835
		CCC Pro														2883
		TAT Tyr														2931
GGC Gly	AGT Ser	CAC His	TAC Tyr 895	GCC Ala	TTC Phe	TCT Ser	CCT Pro	ATG Met 900	TTT Phe	GAA Glu	GTG Val	CTC Leu	GGC Gly 905	CAG Gln	TTT Phe	2979
_		GAA Glu 910														3000

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 914 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

1				5					10	Ser				15	
			20					25		Thr			30		
		35					40			Thr		45			
	50					55				Leu	60				
65					70					Thr 75					80
				85					90	Lys				95	
			100					105		Ala			110		
		115					120			Ser		125			
	130					135				Ser	140				
145					150					Asn 155					160
				165					170	Ala				175	
			180					185		Ser			190		
		195					200			Ile		205			
	210					215				Leu	220				
225					230					Thr 235					240
				245					250	Asn				255	
			260					265		Ala			270		
		275					280			Gln		285			
	290					295				Ala	300				
305					310					Gly 315					320
				325					330	Glu				335	
Glu	Ala	Gly	Asp 340	Ile	Thr	Phe	Asn	Gly 345	Asn	Ala	Ile	Val	Ala 350	Thr	Thr

P	ro	Gln	Thr	Thr	Lys	Arg	Asn	Ser 360	Ile	Asp	Ile	Gly	Ser 365	Thr	Ala	Lys
I	le	Thr 370		Leu	Arg	Ala	Ile 3 7 5		Gly	His	Ser	Ile 380		Phe	Tyr	Asp
	ro 85		Thr	Ala	Asn	Thr 390		Ala	Asp	Ser	Thr		Thr	Leu	Asn	
_	-	T	77.	7	77 -		*	0	m\	3		_		_		400
A	ŞII	ьуѕ	ALA	Asp		Gly	ASI	Ser	Inr		Tyr	Ser	GLY	Ser		Val
		_			405	_	_			410	_				415	
				420		Leu			425					430		
L	eu	Thr	Ser 435	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gln	Pro 440	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala 445	Gly	Asn	Leu
V	al	Leu 450	Lys	Arg	Gly	Val	Thr 455	Leu	Asp	Thr	Lys	Gly 460	Phe	Thr	Gln	Thr
	la 65	Gly	Ser	Ser	Val	Ile 470	Met	Asp	Ala	Gly	Thr 475		Leu	Lys	Ala	Ser 480
		Glu	Glu	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Glar	Lau	 Car		Dro	17-3	7 ~~	C ~ ~	
					4.8.5					4.9.0					4-9-5	
G.	ΙY	GIU	GIA		rys	Val	Val	Ile		Ala	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser	Lys	Asn
	_		_	500					505					510		
			515			Pro		520					525	_		
T	yr	Glu 530	Asn	His	Asp	Leu	Gly 535	Lys	Thr	Gln	Asp	Phe 540	Ser	Phe	Val	Gln
L	eu	Ser	Ala	Leu	Gly	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Asp	Val	Pro	Ala	Val	Pro
	45				•	550					555					560
		Val	Ala	Thr	Pro	Thr	His	Tyr	Gly	Tyr		Gly	Thr	Trp	Glv	
					565	Thr				570					575	
				580					585				_	590		
			595			Thr		600					605	_		-
P	ro	Leu 610	Val	Pro	Asn	Ser	Leu 615	Trp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Ser 620	Asp	Ile	Gln	Ala
		Gln	Gly	Val	Ile	Glu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Leu	Thr	Leu	Cys	Ser	Asp	Arg
	25					630					635					640
G.	ly	Phe	Trp	Ala	Ala 645	Gly	Val	Ala	Asn	Phe 650	Leu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Lys 655	Lys
G.	ly	Glu	Lys	Arg 660	Lys	Tyr	Arg	His	Lys 665	Ser	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Ala 670	Ile	Gly
G	lv	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Cys	Ser	Glu		T.em	Tle	Ser	Dhe		Dhe	Cve
			675			-1-		680	- 1011			JCI	685	A.a	FILE	Cys
G	ln	Leu		Glv	Ser	Asp	Lvs		Phe	T.eu	Va 1	λla		λον	uic	Thr
		690		,		110p	695	нор		шси	var		цуѕ	ASII	urs	TIII
Δ.	en		Tree	ת [ת	C111	ת ו ת		T1 ~~	T10	C1-	114 -	700	m)	G3	a	a
	05	TILL	TAT	Ата	GIY	Ala	PHE	TAL	TTE	GIN		iie	Thr	GIU	Cys	
		Db -	- 1 -	a 1	~	710	_	_	_	_	715		_			720
					725	Leu				730					735	
L	ys	Pro	Leu	Val 740	Leu	Glu	Gly	Gln	Leu 745	Ala	Tyr	Ser	His	Val 750	Ser	Asn
A	sp	Leu	Lys 755	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Ala 760		Pro	Glu	Val	Lys 765		Ser	Trp
G	lv	Asn		Δla	Dhe	Asn	Met	_	Lev	G1	77-	C ~ ~		117.	0	m
_	1	770	~-				775		LC U	OTÀ	urq	780	ser	птБ	ser	TÀI
p.	ro		Tvr	Len	Hic	Cys		Δen	Th ~	Ф. 12.2 -	A 1 -		Ф	т 3 -	T	T 031
	85		-1-			790		-13p	* ***	+ Y -		F10	TAT	116	пÄр	
		T.Au	Thr	ጥኒም	TIA		Gl n	λα∽	S-~	Db a	795	01	t	a 3	m1:	800
n.	-11	u	* 11T	TAT	11E	Arg	GTII	Asp	ser	rne	ser	GIU	гÀг	GTA	Thr	GIU

				805					810					815	
			820					825					830	Pro	
		835					840					845		Tyr	_
Leu	Thr 850	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Val	Pro 855	Asp	Leu	Ile	Arg	Asn 860	Asp	Pro	Lys	Cys
Thr 865	Thr	Ala	Leu	Val	Ile 870	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ser	Trp 875	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Asn 880
Asn	Leu	Ala	Arg	Gln 885	Ala	Leu	Gln	Val	Arg 890	Ala	Gly	Ser	His	Tyr 895	Ala
Phe	Ser	Pro	Met 900	Phe	Glu	Val	Leu	Gly 905	Gln	Phe	Val	Phe	Glu 910	Val	Arg
Gly	Ser														

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
- (B) LOCATION: 1...1200
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

GAT Asp 1	CCT Pro	AAA Lys	AAT Asn	AAA Lys 5	GAG Glu	TAC Tyr	ACA Thr	GGG Gly	ACC Thr 10	ATA Ile	CTC Leu	TTT Phe	TCT Ser	GGA Gly 15	GAA Glu	48
AAG Lys	AGT Ser	CTA Leu	GCA Ala 20	AAC Asn	GAT Asp	CCT Pro	AGG Arg	GAT Asp 25	TTT Phe	AAA Lys	TCT Ser	ACA Thr	ATC Ile 30	CCT Pro	CAG Gln	96
AAC Asn	GTC Val	AAC Asn 35	CTG Leu	TCT Ser	GCA Ala	GGA Gly	TAC Tyr 40	TTA Leu	GTT Val	ATT Ile	AAA Lys	GAG Glu 45	GGG Gly	GCC Ala	GAA Glu	144
GTC Val	ACA Thr 50	GTT Val	TCA Ser	AAA Lys	TTC Phe	ACG Thr 55	CAG Gln	TCT Ser	CCA Pro	GGA Gly	TCG Ser 60	CAT His	TTA Leu	GTT Val	TTA Leu	192
GAT Asp 65	TTA Leu	GGA Gly	ACC Thr	AAA Lys	CTG Leu 70	ATA Ile	GCC Ala	TCT Ser	AAG Lys	GAA Glu 75	GAC Asp	ATT Ile	GCC Ala	ATC Ile	ACA Thr 80	240
GGC Gly	CTC Leu	GCG Ala	ATA Ile	GAT Asp 85	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	AGC Ser	TTA Leu	AGC Ser 90	TCA Ser	TCC Ser	TCA Ser	ACA Thr	GCA Ala 95	GCT Ala	288

										<u> </u>						
	ATT															336
	GAA Glu															384
	AAT Asn 130															432
GGT Gly 145	AGT Ser	GTG Val	ACT Thr	GTA Val	ACT Thr 150	GCT Ala	GGA Gly	GAT Asp	TTC Phe	CTA Leu 155	CCG Pro	GTA Val	AGT Ser	CCC Pro	CAT His 160	480
ТАТ -Тут	GGT Gly	TTT -Phe	CAA Gln	GGC Gly 165	AAT Asn-	TGG Tr p	AAA Lys	TTA Leu	GCT Ala 170	TGG Trp	ACA Thr	GGA -Gly	ACT Thr	GGA Gly 175	AAC -Asn	528
AAA Lys	GTT Val	GGA Gly	GAA Glu 180	TTC Phe	TTC Phe	TGG Trp	GAT Asp	AAA Lys 185	ATA Ile	AAT Asn	TAT Tyr	AAG Lys	CCT Pro 190	AGA Arg	CCT Pro	576
	AAA Lys															624
	GTC Val 210															672
	ACA Thr															720
GTA Val	TCT Ser	GCC Ala	TCC Ser	GAA Glu 245	GAC Asp	AAT Asn	ATA Ile	AGG Arg	Tyr	CGT Arg	His	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	GGT Gly 255	GGA Gly	768
TAT Tyr	GTT Val	CTA Leu	TCT Ser 260	GTA Val	AAT Asn	AAT Asn	GAG Glu	ATC Ile 265	ACA Thr	CCT Pro	AAG Lys	CAC His	TAT Tyr 270	ACT Thr	TCG Ser	816
ATG Met	GCA Ala	TTT Phe 275	TCC Ser	CAA Gln	CTC Leu	TTT Phe	AGT Ser 280	AGA Arg	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	TAT Tyr 285	GCG Ala	GTT Val	TCC Ser	864
	AAC Asn 290															912
ACC Thr 305	TCC Ser	CTA Leu	GGG Gly	AAT Asn	ATT Ile 310	TTC Phe	CGT Arg	TAT Tyr	GCT Ala	TCG Ser 315	CGT Arg	AAC Asn	CCT Pro	AAT Asn	GTA Val 320	960
AAC	GTC	GGG	ATT	CTC	TCA	AGA	AGG	TTT	CTT	CAA	AAT	CCT	CTT	ATG	ATT	1008

Asn	Val	Gly	Ile	Leu 325	Ser	Arg	Arg	Phe	Leu 330	Gln	Asn	Pro	Leu	Met 335	Ile	
TTT Phe	CAT His	TTT Phe	TTG Leu 340	TGT Cys	GCT Ala	TAT Tyr	GGT Gly	CAT His 345	GCC Ala	ACC Thr	AAT Asn	GAT Asp	ATG Met 350	AAA Lys	ACA Thr	1056
GAC Asp	TAC Tyr	GCA Ala 355	AAT Asn	TTC Phe	CCT Pro	ATG Met	GTG Val 360	AAA Lys	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	TGG Trp	AGA Arg 365	AAC Asn	AAT Asn	TGT Cys	1104
TGG Trp	GCT Ala 370	ATA Ile	AAA Lys	TGC Cys	GGA Gly	GGG Gly 375	AGC Ser	ATG Met	CCT Pro	CTA Leu	TTG Leu 380	GTA Val	TTT Phe	GAA Glu	AAC Asn	1152
GGA Gly 385	AAA Lys	CTT Leu	TTC Phe	CAA Gln	GGT Gly 390	GCC Ala	ATC Ile	CCA Pro	TTT Phe	ATG Met 395	AAA Lys	CTA Leu	CAA Gln	TTA Leu	GTT Val 400	1200

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 400 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

1		-		5					10					Gly 15	
			20					25					30	Pro	
		35					40					45		Ala	
	50					55					60			Val	
65					70					75				Ile	80
Gly	Leu	Ala	Ile	Asp 85	Ile	Asp	Ser	Leu	Ser 90	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala 95	Ala
			100					105					110	Asp	
Ile	Glu	Leu 115	Ile	Ser	Pro	Thr	Gly 120	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Asp 125	Leu	Arg	Met
	130					135					140			Ala	_
Gly 145	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Thr 150	Ala	Gly	Asp	Phe	Leu 155	Pro	Val	Ser	Pro	His 160
Tyr	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly 165	Asn	Trp	Lys	Leu	Ala 170	Trp	Thr	Gly	Thr	Gly 175	Asn
Lys	Val	Gly	Glu 180	Phe	Phe	Trp	Asp	Lys 185		Asn	Tyr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Pro

Glu Lys Glu Gly Asn Leu Val Pro Asn Ile Leu Trp Gly Asn Ala Val 200 Asn Val Arg Ser Leu Met Gln Val Gln Glu Thr His Ala Ser Ser Leu 215 220 Gln Thr Asp Arg Gly Leu Trp Ile Asp Gly Ile Gly Asn Phe Phe His 230 235 Val Ser Ala Ser Glu Asp Asn Ile Arg Tyr Arg His Asn Ser Gly Gly 245 250 Tyr Val Leu Ser Val Asn Asn Glu Ile Thr Pro Lys His Tyr Thr Ser 265 Met Ala Phe Ser Gln Leu Phe Ser Arg Asp Lys Asp Tyr Ala Val Ser 280 Asn Asn Glu Tyr Arg Met Tyr Leu Gly Ser Tyr Leu Tyr Gln Tyr Thr 295 Thr Ser Leu Gly Asn Ile Phe Arg Tyr Ala Ser Arg Asn Pro Asn Val ⁻⁻ 315 310 Asn Val Gly Ile Leu Ser Arg Arg Phe Leu Gln Asn Pro Leu Met Ile
325 330 335 330 Phe His Phe Leu Cys Ala Tyr Gly His Ala Thr Asn Asp Met Lys Thr 345 Asp Tyr Ala Asn Phe Pro Met Val Lys Asn Ser Trp Arg Asn Asn Cys 360 Trp Ala Ile Lys Cys Gly Gly Ser Met Pro Leu Leu Val Phe Glu Asn 375 380 Gly Lys Leu Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Pro Phe Met Lys Leu Gln Leu Val 385 390

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1830 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
 - (B) LOCATION: 1...1830
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

			GAC Asp					48
			GCA Ala					96
			TCG Ser 40					144

AGC Ser	TTA Leu 50	ACC Thr	ACA Thr	AGT Ser	TGT Cys	TTT Phe 55	TCT Ser	AAC Asn	ACT Thr	GCA Ala	GGA Gly 60	AAT Asn	CTT Leu	ACC Thr	TTC Phe	192
TTA Leu 65	GGG Gly	AAC Asn	GGA Gly	TTT Phe	TCT Ser 70	CTT Leu	CAT His	TTT Phe	GAC Asp	AAT Asn 75	ATT Ile	ATT Ile	TCG Ser	TCT Ser	ACT Thr 80	240
GTT Val	GCA Ala	GGT Gly	GTT Val	GTT Val 85	GTT Val	AGC Ser	AAT Asn	ACA Thr	GCA Ala 90	GCT Ala	TCT Ser	GGG Gly	ATT Ile	ACG Thr 95	AAA Lys	288
TTC Phe	TCA Ser	GGA Gly	TTT Phe 100	TCA Ser	ACT Thr	CTT Leu	CGG Arg	ATG Met 105	CTT Leu	GCA Ala	GCT Ala	CCT Pro	AGG Arg 110	ACC Thr	ACA Thr	336
GGT Gly	AAA Lys	GGA Gly 115	GCC Ala	ATT Ile	AAA Lys	ATT Ile	ACC Thr 120	GAT Asp	GGT Gly	CTG Leu	GTG Val	TTT Phe 125	GAG Glu	AGT Ser	ATA Ile	384
GGG Gly	AAT Asn 130	CTT Leu	GAT Asp	CCG Pro	ATT Ile	ACT Thr 135	GTA Val	ACA Thr	GGA Gly	TCG Ser	ACA Thr 140	TCT Ser	GTT Val	GCT Ala	GAT Asp	432
GCT Ala 145	CTC Leu	AAT Asn	ATT Ile	AAT Asn	AGC Ser 150	CCT Pro	GAT Asp	ACT Thr	GGA Gly	GAT Asp 155	AAC Asn	AAA Lys	GAG Glu	TAT Tyr	ACG Thr 160	480
GGA Gly	ACC Thr	ATA Ile	GTC Val	TTT Phe 165	TCT Ser	GGA Gly	GAG Glu	AAG Lys	CTC Leu 170	ACG Thr	GAG Glu	GCA Ala	GAA Glu	GCT Ala 175	AAA Lys	528
GAT Asp	GAG Glu	AAG Lys	AAC Asn 180	CGC Arg	ACT Thr	TCT Ser	AAA Lys	TTA Leu 185	CTT Leu	CAA Gln	AAT Asn	GTT Val	GCT Ala 190	TTT Phe	AAA Lys	576
AAT Asn	GGG Gly	ACT Thr 195	GTA Val	GTT Val	TTA Leu	AAA Lys	GGT Gly 200	GAT Asp	GTC Val	GTT Val	TTA Leu	AGT Ser 205	GCG Ala	AAC Asn	GGT Gly	624
TTC Phe	TCT Ser 210	CAG Gln	GAT Asp	GCA Ala	AAC Asn	TCT Ser 215	AAG Lys	TTG Leu	ATT Ile	ATG Met	GAT Asp 220	TTA Leu	GGG Gly	ACG Thr	TCG Ser	672
TTG Leu 225	GTT Val	GCA Ala	AAC Asn	ACC Thr	GAA Glu 230	AGT Ser	ATC Ile	GAG Glu	TTA Leu	ACG Thr 235	AAT Asn	TTG Leu	GAA Glu	ATT Ile	AAT Asn 240	720
ATA Ile	GAC Asp	TCT Ser	CTC Leu	AGG Arg 245	AAC Asn	GGG Gly	AAA Lys	AAG Lys	ATA Ile 250	AAA Lys	CTC Leu	AGT Ser	GCT Ala	GCC Ala 255	ACA Thr	768
GCT Ala	CAG Gln	AAA Lys	GAT Asp 260	ATT Ile	CGT Arg	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	CGT Arg 265	CCT Pro	GTT Val	GTA Val	CTG Leu	GCA Ala 270	ATT Ile	AGC Ser	816
GAT	GAG	AGT	TTT	TAT	CAA	AAT	GGC	TTT	TTG	AAT	GAG	GAC	CAT	TCC	TAT	864

Asp	Glu	Ser 275	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Gly 280	Phe	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asp 285	His	Ser	Tyr	
GAT Asp	GGG Gly 290	ATT Ile	CTT Leu	GAG Glu	Leu	GAT Asp 295	GCT Ala	GGG Gly	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	ATC Ile 300	GTG Val	ATT Ile	TCT Ser	GCA Ala	912
GAT Asp 305	TCT Ser	CGC Arg	AGT Ser	ATA Ile	GAT Asp 310	GCT Ala	GTA Val	CAA Gln	TCT Ser	CCG Pro 315	TAT Tyr	GGC Gly	TAT Tyr	CAG Gln	GGA Gly 320	960
AAG Lys	TGG Trp	ACG Thr	ATC Ile	AAT Asn 325	TGG Trp	TCT Ser	ACT Thr	GAT Asp	GAT Asp 330	AAG Lys	AAA Lys	GCT Ala	ACG Thr	GTT Val 335	TCT Ser	1008
TGG Trp	GCG Ala	AAG Lys	CAG Gln 340	AGT Ser	TTT Phe	AAT Asn	CCC Pro	ACT Thr 345	GCT Ala	GAG Glu	CAG Gln	GAG Glu	GCT Ala 350	CCG Pro	TTA Leu	1056
GTT Val	CCT Pro	AAT Asn 355	CTT Leu	CTT Leu	TGG Trp	GGT Gly	TCT Ser 360	TTT Phe	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	GTT Val	CGT Arg 365	TCC Ser	TTC Phe	CAG Gln	1104
AAT Asn	TTT Phe 370	ATA Ile	GAG Glu	CTA Leu	GGT Gly	ACT Thr 375	GAA Glu	GGT Gly	GCT Ala	CCT Pro	TAC Tyr 380	GAA Glu	AAG Lys	AGA Arg	TTT Phe	1152
TGG Trp 385	GTT Val	GCA Ala	GGC Gly	ATT Ile	TCC Ser 390	AAT Asn	GTT Val	TTG Leu	CAT His	AGG Arg 395	AGC Ser	GGT Gly	CGT Arg	GAA Glu	AAT Asn 400	1200
CAA Gln	AGG Arg	AAA Lys	TTC Phe	CGT Arg 405	CAT His	GTG Val	AGT Ser	GGA Gly	GGT Gly 410	GCT Ala	GTA Val	GTA Val	GGT Gly	GCT Ala 415	AGC Ser	1248
		ATG Met														1296
TTT Phe	GCG Ala	CGT Arg 435	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	TAC Tyr	TTT Phe 440	ATG Met	AAT Asn	ACC Thr	AAT Asn	TTC Phe 445	GCA Ala	AAG Lys	ACC Thr	1344
TAC Tyr	GCA Ala 450	GGA Gly	TCT Ser	TTA Leu	CGT Arg	TTG Leu 455	CAG Gln	CAC His	GAT Asp	GCT Ala	TCC Ser 460	CTA Leu	TAC Tyr	TCT Ser	GTG Val	1392
GTG Val 465	AGT Ser	ATC Ile	CTT Leu	TTA Leu	GGA Gly 470	GAG Glu	GGA Gly	GGA Gly	CTC Leu	CGC Arg 475	GAG Glu	ATC Ile	CTG Leu	TTG Leu	CCT Pro 480	1440
TAT Tyr	GTT Val	TCC Ser	AAT Asn	ACT Thr 485	CTG Leu	CCG Pro	TGC Cys	TCT Ser	TTC Phe 490	TAT Tyr	GGG Gly	CAG Gln	CTT Leu	AGC Ser 495	TAC Tyr	1488
GGC Gly	CAT His	ACG Thr	GAT Asp	CAT His	CGC Arg	ATG Met	AAG Lys	ACC Thr	GAG Glu	TCT Ser	CTA Leu	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	1536

86

			500					505					510			
CCG Pro	ACG Thr	CTC Leu 515	TCG Ser	ACG Thr	GAT Asp	CAT His	ACT Thr 520	TCT Ser	TGG Trp	GGA Gly	GGA Gly	TAT Tyr 525	GTC Val	TGG Trp	GCT Ala	1584
GGA Gly	GAG Glu 530	CTG Leu	GGA Gly	ACT Thr	CGA Arg	GTT Val 535	GCT Ala	GTT Val	GAA Glu	AAT Asn	ACC Thr 540	AGC Ser	GGC Gly	AGA Arg	GGA Gly	1632
TTT Phe 545	TTC Phe	CGA Arg	GAG Glu	TAC Tyr	ACT Thr 550	CCA Pro	TTT Phe	GTA Val	AAA Lys	GTC Val 555	CAA Gln	GCT Ala	GTT Val	TAC Tyr	TCG Ser 560	1680
CGC Arg	CAA Gln	GAT Asp	AGC Ser	TTT Phe 565	GTT Val	GAA Glu	CTA Leu	GGA Gly	GCT Ala 570	ATC Ile	AGT Ser	CGT Arg	GAT Asp	TTT Phe 575	AGT Ser	1728
GAT Asp	TCG Ser	CAT His	CTT Leu 580	TAT Tyr	AAC Asn	CTT Leu	GCG Ala	ATT Ile 585	CCT Pro	CTT Leu	GGA Gly	ATC Ile	AAG Lys 590	TTA Leu	GAG Glu	1776
AAA Lys	CGG Arg	TTT Phe 595	GCA Ala	GAG Glu	CAA Gln	TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr 600	CAT His	GTT Val	GTT Val	GCG Ala	ATG Met 605	TAT Tyr	TCT Ser	CCA Pro	1824
GAT Asp																1830

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 610 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

 Asp
 Leu
 Thr
 Leu
 Gly
 Ser
 Arg
 Asp
 Ser
 Tyr
 Asn
 Gly
 Asp
 Thr
 Ser
 Thr

 Thr
 Glu
 Phe
 Thr
 Pro
 Lys
 Ala
 Ala
 Thr
 Ser
 Asp
 Ala
 Ser
 Ala
 Ser
 Ala
 Ser
 Ala
 A

				100					3.05							
	Gly	Lys	Gly	100 Ala	Ile	Lys	Ile	Thr	105 Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Phe	110 Glu	Ser	Ile
			115					120 Val					125			
		130					135					140				
	Ala 145	Leu	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ser 150	Pro	Asp	Thr	Gly	Asp 155	Asn	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Thr 160
	Gly	Thr	Ile	Val	Phe 165	Ser	Gly	Glu	Lys	Leu 170	Thr	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ala 175	
				180				Lys	185					190		
	Asn	Gly	Thr 195	Val	Val	Leu	Lys	Gly 200	Asp	Val	Val	Leu	Ser 205	Ala	Asn	Gly
		210					215	Lys				220				
	Leu 225	Val	Ala	Asn	Thr	Glu 230	Ser	Ile	Glu	Leu	Thr 235	Asn	Leu	Glu	Ile	Asn 240
-	Ile	Asp	Ser	Leu	Arg 245	Asn	Gly	Lys	Lys	Ile 250	Lys	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala 255	Thr
	Ala	Gln	Lys	Asp 260		Arg	Ile	Asp	Arg 265		Val	Val	Leu	Ala 270		Ser
	Asp	Glu	Ser 275	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Gly 280	Phe	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asp 285	His	Ser	Tyr
		290					295	Ala				300				
	305					310		Val			315			_		320
	Lys	Trp	Thr	Ile	Asn 325	Trp	Ser	Thr	Asp	Asp 330	Lys	Lys	Ala	Thr	Val 335	Ser
	Trp	Ala	Lys	Gln 340	Ser	Phe	Asn	Pro	Thr 345	Ala	Glu	Gln	Glu	Ala 350	Pro	Leu
			355					Ser 360					365			
		370					375	Glu				380				
	385					390		Val			395					400
					405			Ser		410					415	
	Thr	Arg	Met	Pro 420	Gly	Gly	Asp	Thr	Leu 425	Ser	Leu	Gly	Phe	Ala 430	Gln	Leu
			435				•	Phe 440					445		_	
		450					455	Gln				460				
	Val 465	Ser	Ile	Leu	Leu	Gly 470	Glu	Gly	Gly	Leu	Arg 475	Glu	Ile	Leu	Leu	Pro 480
	Tyr	Val	Ser	Asn	Thr 485	Leu	Pro	Cys	Ser	Phe 490	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Leu	Ser 495	Tyr
	Gly	His	Thr	Asp 500	His	Arg	Met	Lys	Thr 505	Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro	Pro 510	Pro	Pro
	Pro	Thr	Leu 515	Ser	Thr	Asp	His	Thr 520	Ser	Trp	Gly	Gly	Tyr 525	Val	Trp	Ala
		530					535	Ala				540				
	Phe 545	Phe	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Thr 550	Pro	Phe	Val	Lys	Val 555	Gln	Ala	Val	Tyr	Ser 560

Arg Gln Asp Ser Phe Val Glu Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Arg Asp Phe Ser 575

Asp Ser His Leu Tyr Asn Leu Ala Ile Pro Leu Gly Ile Lys Leu Glu 580

Lys Arg Phe Ala Glu Gln Tyr Tyr His Val Val Ala Met Tyr Ser Pro 595

Asp Val 610

Claims

- 1. Species specific diagnostic test for identifying infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said test comprising detecting in a patient or in a patient sample the presence of antibodies against one or more proteins from the outer membrane of Clamydia pneumoniae, said proteins being of a molecular weight of 100.3-89.6 kDa or of 56.1 kDa, or detecting the presence of nucleic acid fragments encoding said outer membrane proteins.
- 2. Diagnostic test according to claim 1, wherein the outer membrane protein has the sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or in SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
 - 3. Diagnostic test according to claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid fragment has the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO:
- 20 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or in SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
 - 4. Diagnostic test according to claim 3 wherein detection of nucleic acid fragments is obtained by using nucleic acid amplification.
- 5. Diagnostic test according to claim 4, wherein detection of nucleic acid fragments is obtained by using polymerase chain reaction.
 - 6. A nucleic acid fragment derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae comprising the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO:
- 30 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence

of said nucleotide sequence which has a sequence homology of at least 50% with any of the sequences mentioned.

- 7. A protein derived from Chlamydia pneumoniae having the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof having a sequence similarity of at least 50% and a similar biological function.
- 10 8. Polyclonal monospecific antibody against the protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 9. A diagnostic kit for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae, said kit comprising a protein with the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18,
 20 SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
 - 10. A diagnostic kit for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said kit comprising antibodies against a protein with the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 11. A diagnostic kit for the diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said kit comprising a nucleic acid fragment with the sequence SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO:

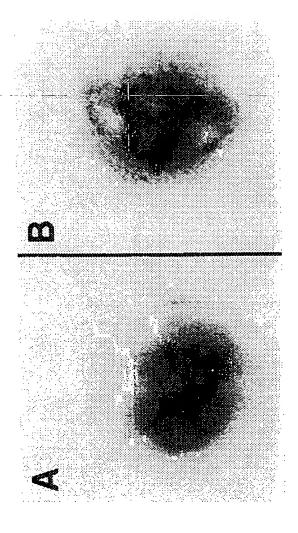
25

- 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 12. A composition for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, said composition comprising a protein with the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof.
- 10 13. Use of a protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.
 - Use of the protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24 or a
- variant or subsequence thereof in an undenatured form, in diagnosis of infection of a mammal, such as a human, with Chlamydia pneumoniae.
- 15. Use of a protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 25 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof, for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.
- 16. Use of the protein with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 24, or a variant or subsequence thereof in an undenatured form, for

immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.

17. Use of a nucleic acid fragment with the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 5,

5 SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEQ ID NO: 23, or a variant or subsequence of said nucleotide sequence which has a sequence homology of at least 50% with any of the sequences mentioned for immunizing a mammal, such as a human, against Chlamydia pneumoniae.



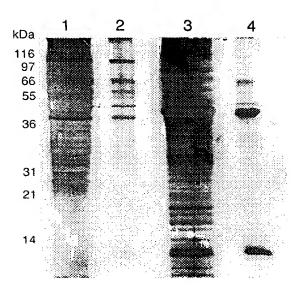


Fig. 2

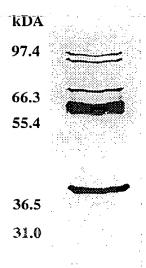


Fig. 3

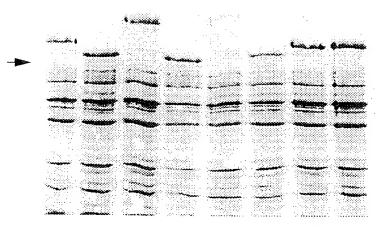


Fig. 4

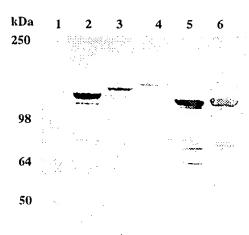


Fig. 5

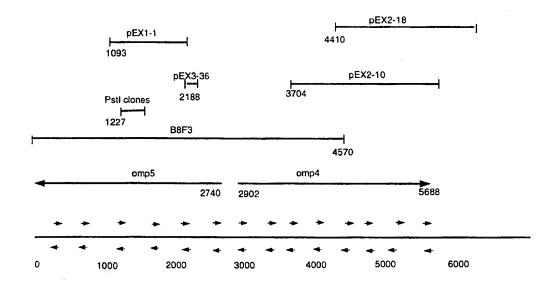


Fig. 6

C. pneumoniae omp4-15 gene clusters

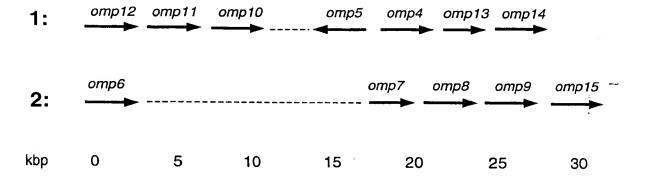


Fig. 7

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ig. 8A

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Fig. 8C

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Fig. 8D

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Fig. 8E

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Fig. 8F

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Fig. 8G

15/21

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Fig. 8H

16/21

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Fig. 81

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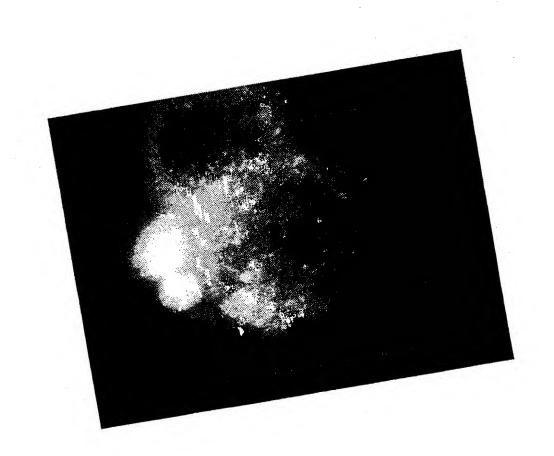
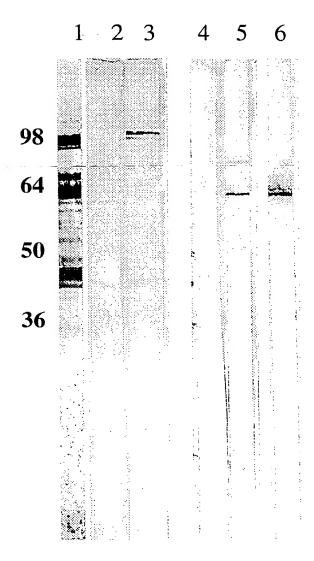


Fig. 9



Immunoblotting of *C. pneumoniae* EB, lane 1-3 heated to 100°C in SDS-sample buffer, lane 4-6 unheated. Lane 1 reacted with rabbit anti *C. pneumoniae* OMC; lane 2 and 4 pre-serum; lane 3 and 5 polyclonal rabbit anti pEX1-1 fusion protein; lane 6 MAb 26.1.

Fig. 10

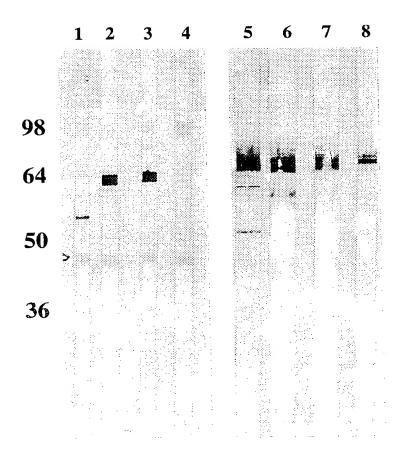


Fig. 11

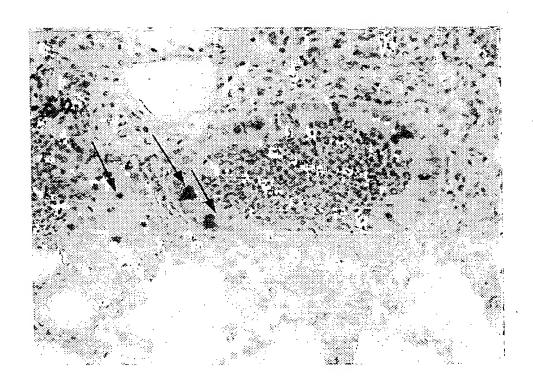


Fig. 12

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(74) Agent: PLOUGMANN, VINGTOFT & PARTNERS A/S; Sankt Annæ Plads 11, P.O. Box 3007, DK-1021 Copenhagen K (DK). (81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AT (Utility model), AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, CZ (Utility model), DE, DE (Utility model), DK, DK (Utility model), EE, EE (Utility model), ES, FI, FI (Utility model), GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK (Utility model), SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

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(54) Title: SURFACE EXPOSED PROTEINS FROM CHLAMYDIA PNEUMONIAE

(57) Abstract

The invention relates to the identification of members of a gene family from the human respiratory pathogen Chlamydia pneumoniae, encoding surface exposed membrane proteins of a size of approximately 89–101 kDa and of 56–57 kDa, preferably about 89.6–100.3 kDa and about 56.1 kDa. The invention relates to the novel DNA sequences, the deduced amino acid sequences of the corresponding proteins and the use of the DNA sequences and the proteins in diagnosis of infections caused by C. pneumoniae, in pathology, in epidemiology, and as vaccine components.

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C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
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In Irnational application No.

PCT/DK 98/00266

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Although claims 1-3 and 13 and 14 (all partially, as far as an in vivo method is concerned) are directed to a diagnostic method practised on the human/animal body, and although claims 15-17 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.

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